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SEQUENCE-DETERMINED DNA FRAGMENTS AND CORRESPONDING POLYPEPTIDES ENCODED THEREBY

This application claims priority under 35 USC §119(e), §119(a-d) and §120 of the following applications, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference:

Country	Filing Date	Attorney No.	Client No.	Application No.
United States	10/25/1999	2750-595P	80152.001	60/161,406

This application contains a CDR, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference. The CDR contains the following files:

File Name	Date of Creation	File Size
001018 Protein Domain Table	October 19, 2000	2.05 MB

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to isolated polynucleotides that represent a complete gene, or a fragment thereof, that is expressed. In addition, the present invention relates to the polypeptide or protein corresponding to the coding sequence of these polynucleotides. The present invention also relates to isolated polynucleotides that represent regulatory regions of genes. The present invention also relates to isolated polynucleotides that represent untranslated regions of genes. The present invention further relates to the use of these isolated polynucleotides and polypeptides and proteins.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

Efforts to map and sequence the genome of a number of organisms are in progress; a few complete genome sequences, for example those of E. coli and Saccharomyces cerevisiae are known (Blattner et al., Science 277:1453 (1997); Goffeau et al., Science 274:546 (1996)). The complete genome of a multicellular organism, C. elegans, has also been sequenced (See, the C. elegans Sequencing Consortium, Science 282:2012 (1998)). To date, no complete genome of a plant has been sequenced, nor has a complete cDNA complement of any plant been sequenced.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention comprises polynucleotides, such as complete cDNA sequences and/or sequences of genomic DNA encompassing complete genes, fragments of genes, and/or regulatory elements of genes and/or regions with other functions and/or intergenic regions, hereinafter collectively referred to as Sequence-Determined DNA Fragments (SDFs), from

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different plant species, particularly corn, wheat, soybean, rice and Arabidopsis thaliana, and other plants and or mutants, variants, fragments or fusions of said SDFs and polypeptides or proteins derived therefrom. In some instances, the SDFs span the entirety of a protein-coding segment. In some instances, the entirety of an mRNA is represented. Other objects of the invention that are also represented by SDFs of the invention are control sequences, such as, but not limited to, promoters. Complements of any sequence of the invention are also considered part of the invention.

Other objects of the invention are polynucleotides comprising exon sequences, polynucleotides comprising intron sequences, polynucleotides comprising introns together with exons, intron/exon junction sequences, 5' untranslated sequences, and 3' untranslated sequences of the SDFs of the present invention. Polynucleotides representing the joinder of any exons described herein, in any arrangement, for example, to produce a sequence encoding any desirable amino acid sequence are within the scope of the invention.

The present invention also resides in probes useful for isolating and identifying nucleic acids that hybridize to an SDF of the invention. The probes can be of any length, but more typically are 12-2000 nucleotides in length; more typically, 15 to 200 nucleotides long; even more typically, 18 to 100 nucleotides long.

Yet another object of the invention is a method of isolating and/or identifying nucleic acids using the following steps:

- contacting a probe of the instant invention with a polynucleotide sample under (a) conditions that permit hybridization and formation of a polynucleotide duplex; and
 - detecting and/or isolating the duplex of step (a). (b)

The conditions for hybridization can be from low to moderate to high stringency conditions. The sample can include a polynucleotide having a sequence unique in a plant genome. Probes and methods of the invention are useful, for example, without limitation, for mapping of genetic traits and/or for positional cloning of a desired fragment of genomic DNA.

Probes and methods of the invention can also be used for detecting alternatively spliced messages within a species. Probes and methods of the invention can further be used to detect or isolate related genes in other plant species using genomic DNA (gDNA) and/or cDNA libraries. In some instances, especially when longer probes and low to moderate stringency hybridization conditions are used; the probe will hybridize to a plurality of cDNA and/or gDNA sequences of a plant. This approach is useful for isolating representatives of gene families which are identifiable by possession of a common functional domain in the gene product or which have

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common cis-acting regulatory sequences. This approach is also useful for identifying orthologous genes from other organisms.

The present invention also resides in constructs for modulating the expression of the genes comprised of all or a fragment of an SDF. The constructs comprise all or a fragment of the expressed SDF, or of a complementary sequence. Examples of constructs include ribozymes comprising RNA encoded by an SDF or by a sequence complementary thereto, antisense constructs, constructs comprising coding regions or parts thereof, constructs comprising promoters, introns, untranslated regions, scaffold attachment regions, methylating regions, enhancing or reducing regions, DNA and chromatin conformation modifying sequences, etc. Such constructs can be constructed using viral, plasmid, bacterial artificial chromosomes (BACs), plasmid artificial chromosomes (PACs), autonomous plant plasmids, plant artificial chromosomes or other types of vectors and exist in the plant as autonomous replicating sequences or as DNA integrated into the genome. When inserted into a host cell the construct is, preferably, functionally integrated with, or operatively linked to, a heterologous polynucleotide. For instance, a coding region from an SDF might be operably linked to a promoter that is functional in a plant.

The present invention also resides in host cells, including bacterial or yeast cells or plant cells, and plants that harbor constructs such as described above. Another aspect of the invention relates to methods for modulating expression of specific genes in plants by expression of the coding sequence of the constructs, by regulation of expression of one or more endogenous genes in a plant or by suppression of expression of the polynucleotides of the invention in a plant. Methods of modulation of gene expression include without limitation (1) inserting into a host cell additional copies of a polynucleotide comprising a coding sequence; (2) modulating an endogenous promoter in a host cell; (3) inserting antisense or ribozyme constructs into a host cell and (4) inserting into a host cell a polynucleotide comprising a sequence encoding a variant, fragment, or fusion of the native polypeptides of the instant invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE TABLES

In TABLE 1, the format of the data is as follows:

In Table 1, sequence data are presented in the form of annotation of a reference sequence. The format is shown below. The reference sequence is shown at the top of the annotation file as a 7 digit sequence number preceded by >" (e.g. >5019261). The sequence identifier is a gi" number that identifies a specific DNA sequence in the publically accessible BLAST Databases on the NCBI FTP web site (accessible at ncbi.nlm.gov/blast).

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In particular, the nt.Z" nucleotide sequence data base at the NCBI FTP site utilizes the gi" identifiers to assign by NCBI a unique identifier for each sequence in the databases, thereby providing a non-redundant database for sequences from various data bases, including GenBank, EMBL, DDBJ (DNA Database of Japan) and PDB (Brookhaven Protein Data Bank). Thus, the line in TABLE 1 beginning with sequence number identifies the unique gi" identifier followed by the corresponding GenBank (gb) accession number and locus. The gi identifier number is followed by a /" and if present a number cataloging a corresponding clone identifier number, which denotes a cDNA sequence that aligns with the genomic DNA

length of the sequence (len") and the number of exons found in the sequence by the analysis program (nex").

sequence. The reference sequence number is followed on the next line by data regarding the

The annotation data are presented in columns; the leftmost column identifies the position of the putative exon in the gene as initial (init"), internal (intr") or terminal (term"). Genes considered composed of a single exon are denoted sngl". The next column describes the position in the nucleotide sequence beginning the exon (start") and the next column describes the position in the nucleotide sequence ending the exon (stop"). The direction of the gene is indicated in the next column, +" indicating 5' - 3' in the direction presented in the database, - indicating the opposite orientation. The gene number" is given in the final column. Exons having the same gene number are grouped in the order shown to create the relevant coding sequence.

 $>5019261 \leftarrow This$ is the gi number of the public sequence

len = 97208 nex = 121

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Length

Number exons

5 of public sequence

	Exon	Start	Stop	Direction	Gene
	Туре				Number
10	\downarrow	↓	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow
	Sngl	602	778	+	0
	Sngl	990	1316	+	1
	Sngl	2356°	2691	+	2
	Sngl	4634	4735	+	3
15	Sngl	4973	5092	+	4
	Sngl	5746	5874	+	5
	Init	8119	8798	+	6
	Term	9284	9518	+	6
	Init	10827	11150	+	7
20	Term	11294	11335	+	7
	Sngl	12655	12825	+	8
	Sngl	13303	13596	+	9
	Sngl	18654	18782	+	10
	Sngl	19880	20086	+	11
25	Init	21476	21539	+	12
	Intr	21647	21802	+	12
	Term	23488	23567	+	12
	Init	25035	25133	+	13
	Intr	25466	25589	+	13
30	Intr	25677	25786	+	13
	Intr	25899	25962	+	13
	Intr	26045	26109	+	13
	Intr	26188	26253	+	13
	Term	26350	26448	+	13
35	Sngl	27671	27793	+	14
	Sngl	29126	29299	+	15
	Sngl	30266	30364	+	16
	Sngl	31717	31929	+	17
	Sngl	32102	32209	+	18
40	Sngl	32450	32548	+	19

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	Sngl	32634	32726	+	20
	Init	35603	35743	+	21
	Term	35829	36185	+	21
	Init	36954	37098	+	22
5	Term	38100	38158	+	22
	Init	39635	39944	+	23
	Intr	40242	40372	+	23
	Intr	40462	40695	+	23
	Intr	40815	41070	+	23
10	Intr	41176	41255	+	23
	Intr	42212	42419	+	23
	Intr	42940	43070	+	23
	Intr	43177	43410	+ .	23
	Intr	43580	43835	+	23
15	Intr	46672	46715	+	23
	Intr	48334	48532	+	23

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to (I) polynucleotides and methods of use thereof, such as

- IA. Probes, Primers and Substrates;
- IB. Methods of Detection and Isolation;
 - B.1. Hybridization;
 - B.2. Methods of Mapping;
 - B.3. Southern Blotting;
 - B.4. Isolating cDNA from Related Organisms;
 - B.5. Isolating and/or Identifying Orthologous Genes
- IC. Methods of Inhibiting Gene Expression
 - C.1. Antisense
 - C.2. Ribozyme Constructs;
 - C.3. Chimeraplasts;
 - C.4 Co-Suppression;
 - C.5. Transcriptional Silencing
 - C.6. Other Methods to Inhibit Gene Expression
- ID. Methods of Functional Analysis;
- IE. Promoter Sequences and Their Use;
- 35 IF. UTRs and/or Intron Sequences and Their Use; and

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IG. Coding Sequences and Their Use.

The invention also relates to (II) polypeptides and proteins and methods of use thereof, such as IIA. Native Polypeptides and Proteins

A.1 Antibodies

A.2 In Vitro Applications

IIB. Polypeptide Variants, Fragments and Fusions

B.1 Variants

B.2 Fragments

10 B.3 Fusions

The invention also includes (III) methods of modulating polypeptide production, such as

IIIA. Suppression

A.1 Antisense

A.2 Ribozymes

A.3 Co-suppression

A.4 Insertion of Sequences into the Gene to be Modulated

A.5 Promoter Modulation

A.6 Expression of Genes containing Dominant-Negative Mutations

20 IIIB. Enhanced Expression

B.1 Insertion of an Exogenous Gene

B.2 Promoter Modulation

The invention further concerns (IV) gene constructs and vector construction, such as

25 IVA. Coding Sequences

IVB. Promoters

IVC. Signal Peptides

The invention still further relates to

30 V Transformation Techniques

Definitions

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Allelic variant — An allelic variant" is an alternative form of the same SDF, which resides at the same chromosomal locus in the organism. Allelic variations can occur in any portion of the gene sequence, including regulatory regions. Allelic variants can arise by normal genetic variation in a population. Allelic variants can also be produced by genetic engineering methods. An allelic variant can be one that is found in a naturally occurring plant, including a cultivar or ecotype. An allelic variant may or may not give rise to a phenotypic change, and may or may not be expressed. An allele can result in a detectable change in the phenotype of the trait represented by the locus. A phenotypically silent allele can give rise to a product.

Alternatively spliced messages Within the context of the current invention, alternatively spliced messages" refers to mature mRNAs originating from a single gene with variations in the number and/or identity of exons, introns and/or intron-exon junctions.

Chimeric The term chimeric" is used to describe genes, as defined supra, or contructs wherein at least two of the elements of the gene or construct, such as the promoter and the coding sequence and/or other regulatory sequences and/or filler sequences and/or complements thereof, are heterologous to each other.

Constitutive Promoter: Promoters referred to herein as "constitutive promoters" actively promote transcription under most, but not necessarily all, environmental conditions and states of development or cell differentiation. Examples of constitutive promoters include the cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S transcript initiation region and the 1' or 2' promoter derived from T-DNA of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*, and other transcription initiation regions from various plant genes, such as the maize ubiquitin-1 promoter, known to those of skill.

Coordinately Expressed: The term coordinately expressed," as used in the current invention, refers to genes that are expressed at the same or a similar time and/or stage and/or under the same or similar environmental conditions.

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Domains are fingerprints or signatures that can be used to characterize protein families and/or parts of proteins. Such fingerprints or signatures can comprise conserved (1) primary sequence, (2) secondary structure, and/or (3) three-dimensional conformation. Generally, each domain has been associated with either a family of proteins or motifs. Typically, these families and/or motifs have been correlated with specific *in-vitro* and/or *in-vivo* activities. A domain can be any length, including the entirety of the sequence of a protein. Detailed descriptions of the domains, associated families and motifs, and correlated activities of the polypeptides of the instant invention are described below. Usually, the polypeptides with designated domain(s) can exhibit at least one activity that is exhibited by any polypeptide that comprises the same domain(s).

Endogenous The term endogenous," within the context of the current invention refers to any polynucleotide, polypeptide or protein sequence which is a natural part of a cell or organisms regenerated from said cell.

Exogenous," as referred to within, is any polynucleotide, polypeptide or protein sequence, whether chimeric or not, that is initially or subsequently introduced into the genome of an individual host cell or the organism regenerated from said host cell by any means other than by a sexual cross. Examples of means by which this can be accomplished are described below, and include *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation (of dicots - *e.g.* Salomon et al. *EMBO J.* 3:141 (1984); Herrera-Estrella et al. *EMBO J.* 2:987 (1983); of monocots, representative papers are those by Escudero et al., *Plant J.* 10:355 (1996), Ishida et al., *Nature Biotechnology* 14:745 (1996), May et al., *Bio/Technology* 13:486 (1995)), biolistic methods (Armaleo et al., *Current Genetics* 17:97 1990)), electroporation, *in planta* techniques, and the like. Such a plant containing the exogenous nucleic acid is referred to here as a T₀ for the primary transgenic plant and T₁ for the first generation. The term exogenous" as used herein is also intended to encompass inserting a naturally found element into a non-naturally found location.

Filler sequence: As used herein, filler sequence" refers to any nucleotide sequence that is inserted into DNA construct to evoke a particular spacing between particular components such as a promoter and a coding region and may provide an additional attribute such as a restriction enzyme site.

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Gene: The term gene," as used in the context of the current invention, encompasses all regulatory and coding sequence contiguously associated with a single hereditary unit with a genetic function (see SCHEMATIC 1). Genes can include non-coding sequences that modulate the genetic function that include, but are not limited to, those that specify polyadenylation, transcriptional regulation, DNA conformation, chromatin conformation, extent and position of base methylation and binding sites of proteins that control all of these. Genes comprised of exons" (coding sequences), which may be interrupted by introns" (non-coding sequences), encode proteins. A gene's genetic function may require only RNA expression or protein production, or may only require binding of proteins and/or nucleic acids without associated expression. In certain cases, genes adjacent to one another may share sequence in such a way that one gene will overlap the other. A gene can be found within the genome of an organism, artificial chromosome, plasmid, vector, etc., or as a separate isolated entity.

Gene Family: Gene family" is used in the current invention to describe a group of functionally related genes, each of which encodes a separate protein.

Heterologous sequences" are those that are not operatively Heterologous sequences: linked or are not contiguous to each other in nature. For example, a promoter from corn is considered heterologous to an Arabidopsis coding region sequence. Also, a promoter from a gene encoding a growth factor from corn is considered heterologous to a sequence encoding the corn receptor for the growth factor. Regulatory element sequences, such as UTRs or 3' end termination sequences that do not originate in nature from the same gene as the coding sequence originates from, are considered heterologous to said coding sequence. Elements operatively linked in nature and contiguous to each other are not heterologous to each other. On the other hand, these same elements remain operatively linked but become heterologous if other filler sequence is placed between them. Thus, the promoter and coding sequences of a corn gene expressing an amino acid transporter are not heterologous to each other, but the promoter and coding sequence of a corn gene operatively linked in a novel manner are heterologous.

In the current invention, homologous gene" refers to a gene that shares Homologous gene sequence similarity with the gene of interest. This similarity may be in only a fragment of the sequence and often represents a functional domain such as, examples including without

temperature, or the presence of light.

limitation a DNA binding domain, a domain with tyrosine kinase activity, or the like. The

functional activities of homologous genes are not necessarily the same.

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Inducible Promoter An inducible promoter" in the context of the current invention refers to a promoter which is regulated under certain conditions, such as light, chemical concentration, protein concentration, conditions in an organism, cell, or organelle, etc. A typical example of an inducible promoter, which can be utilized with the polynucleotides of the present invention, is PARSK1, the promoter from the *Arabidopsis* gene encoding a serine-threonine kinase enzyme, and which promoter is induced by dehydration, abscissic acid and sodium chloride (Wang and Goodman, *Plant J.* 8:37 (1995)) Examples of environmental conditions that may affect transcription by inducible promoters include anaerobic conditions, elevated

Intergenic region Intergenic region," as used in the current invention, refers to nucleotide sequence occurring in the genome that separates adjacent genes.

Mutant gene In the current invention, mutant" refers to a heritable change in DNA sequence at a specific location. Mutants of the current invention may or may not have an associated identifiable function when the mutant gene is transcribed.

Orthologous Gene In the current invention orthologous gene" refers to a second gene that encodes a gene product that performs a similar function as the product of a first gene. The orthologous gene may also have a degree of sequence similarity to the first gene. The orthologous gene may encode a polypeptide that exhibits a degree of sequence similarity to a polypeptide corresponding to a first gene. The sequence similarity can be found within a functional domain or along the entire length of the coding sequence of the genes and/or their corresponding polypeptides.

Percentage of sequence identity "Percentage of sequence identity," as used herein, is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a comparison window, where the fragment of the polynucleotide or amino acid sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (e.g., gaps or overhangs) as compared to the reference sequence (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences.

reference sequence using the programs.

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The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid base or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the window of comparison and multiplying the result by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity. Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted by the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman Add. APL. Math. 2:482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch J. Mol. Biol. 48:443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson and Lipman Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 85: 2444 (1988), by computerized implementations of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, BLAST, PASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), 575 Science Dr., Madison, WI), or by inspection. Given that two sequences have been identified for comparison, GAP and BESTFIT are preferably employed to determine their optimal alignment. Typically, the default values of 5.00 for gap weight and 0.30 for gap weight length are used. The term "substantial sequence identity" between polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences refers to polynucleotide or polypeptide comprising a sequence that has at least 80% sequence identity, preferably at least 85%, more preferably at least 90% and most preferably at least 95%, even more preferably, at least 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% sequence identity compared to a

- 20 Plant Promoter A plant promoter" is a promoter capable of initiating transcription in plant cells and can drive or facilitate transcription of a fragment of the SDF of the instant invention or a coding sequence of the SDF of the instant invention. Such promoters need not be of plant origin. For example, promoters derived from plant viruses, such as the CaMV35S promoter or from *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* such as the T-DNA promoters, can be plant promoters. A typical example of a plant promoter of plant origin is the maize ubiquitin-1 (ubi-1)promoter known to those of skill.
- 30 Promoter: The term "promoter," as used herein, refers to a region of sequence determinants located upstream from the start of transcription of a gene and which are involved in recognition and binding of RNA polymerase and other proteins to initiate and modulate transcription. A basal promoter is the minimal sequence necessary for assembly of a transcription complex required for transcription initiation. Basal promoters frequently include a

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TATA box" element usually located between 15 and 35 nucleotides upstream from the site of initiation of transcription. Basal promoters also sometimes include a CCAAT box" element (typically a sequence CCAAT) and/or a GGGCG sequence, usually located between 40 and 200 nucleotides, preferably 60 to 120 nucleotides, upstream from the start site of transcription.

Public sequence: The term public sequence," as used in the context of the instant application, refers to any sequence that has been deposited in a publicly accessible database. This term encompasses both amino acid and nucleotide sequences. Such sequences are publicly accessible, for example, on the BLAST databases on the NCBI FTP web site (accessible at ncbi.nlm.gov/blast). The database at the NCBI GTP site utilizes gi" numbers assigned by NCBI as a unique identifier for each sequence in the databases, thereby providing a non-redundant database for sequence from various databases, including GenBank, EMBL, DBBJ, (DNA Database of Japan) and PDB (Brookhaven Protein Data Bank).

The term regulatory sequence," as used in the current Regulatory Sequence invention, refers to any nucleotide sequence that influences transcription or translation initiation and rate, and stability and/or mobility of the transcript or polypeptide product. Regulatory sequences include, but are not limited to, promoters, promoter control elements, protein binding sequences, 5' and 3' UTRs, transcriptional start site, termination sequence, polyadenylation sequence, introns, certain sequences within a coding sequence, etc.

Related Sequences: Related sequences" refer to either a polypeptide or a nucleotide sequence that exhibits some degree of sequence similarity with a sequence described in Table 1.

Scaffold Attachment Region (SAR) As used herein, scaffold attachment region" is a DNA sequence that anchors chromatin to the nuclear matrix or scaffold to generate loop domains that can have either a transcriptionally active or inactive structure (Spiker and Thompson (1996) Plant Physiol. 110: 15-21).

Sequence-determined DNA fragments (SDFs) Sequence-determined DNA fragments" as used in the current invention are isolated sequences of genes, fragments of genes,

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intergenic regions or contiguous DNA from plant genomic DNA or cDNA or RNA the sequence of which has been determined.

Signal Peptide A signal peptide" as used in the current invention is an amino acid sequence that targets the protein for secretion, for transport to an intracellular compartment or organelle or for incorporation into a membrane. Signal peptides are indicated in the tables and a more detailed description located below.

In the context of the current invention, specific promoters" refers to a Specific Promoter subset of inducible promoters that have a high preference for being induced in a specific tissue or cell and/or at a specific time during development of an organism. By high preference" is meant at least 3-fold, preferably 5-fold, more preferably at least 10-fold still more preferably at least 20-fold, 50-fold or 100-fold increase in transcription in the desired tissue over the transcription in any other tissue. Typical examples of temporal and/or tissue specific promoters of plant origin that can be used with the polynucleotides of the present invention, are: PTA29, a promoter which is capable of driving gene transcription specifically in tapetum and only during anther development (Koltonow et al., Plant Cell 2:1201 (1990); RCc2 and RCc3, promoters that direct root-specific gene transcription in rice (Xu et al., Plant Mol. Biol. 27:237 (1995); TobRB27, a root-specific promoter from tobacco (Yamamoto et al., Plant Cell 3:371 (1991)). Examples of tissue-specific promoters under developmental control include promoters that initiate transcription only in certain tissues or organs, such as root, ovule, fruit, seeds, or flowers. Other suitable promoters include those from genes encoding storage proteins or the lipid body membrane protein, oleosin. A few root-specific promoters are noted above.

Stringency "Stringency" as used herein is a function of probe length, probe composition (G + C content), and salt concentration, organic solvent concentration, and temperature of hybridization or wash conditions. Stringency is typically compared by the parameter T_m, which is the temperature at which 50% of the complementary molecules in the hybridization are hybridized, in terms of a temperature differential from T_m. High stringency conditions are those providing a condition of T_m - 5°C to T_m - 10°C. Medium or moderate stringency conditions are those providing T_m - 20°C to T_m - 29°C. Low stringency conditions are those providing a condition of T_m - 40°C to T_m - 48°C. The relationship of hybridization conditions to T_m (in °C) is expressed in the mathematical equation

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where N is the length of the probe. This equation works well for probes 14 to 70 nucleotides in length that are identical to the target sequence. The equation below for T_m of DNA-DNA hybrids is useful for probes in the range of 50 to greater than 500 nucleotides, and for conditions that include an organic solvent (formamide).

$$T_m = 81.5 + 16.6 \log \{ [Na^+]/(1 + 0.7[Na^+]) \} + 0.41(\%G + C) - 500/L 0.63(\%formamide) (2)$$

where L is the length of the probe in the hybrid. (P. Tijessen, Hybridization with Nucleic Acid Probes" in Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, P.C. vand der Vliet, ed., c. 1993 by Elsevier, Amsterdam.) The T_m of equation (2) is affected by the nature of the hybrid; for DNA-RNA hybrids T_m is 10-15°C higher than calculated, for RNA-RNA hybrids T_m is 20-25°C higher. Because the T_m decreases about 1 °C for each 1% decrease in homology when a long probe is used (Bonner et al., J. Mol. Biol. 81:123 (1973)), stringency conditions can be adjusted to favor detection of identical genes or related family members.

Equation (2) is derived assuming equilibrium and therefore, hybridizations according to the present invention are most preferably performed under conditions of probe excess and for sufficient time to achieve equilibrium. The time required to reach equilibrium can be shortened by inclusion of a hybridization accelerator such as dextran sulfate or another high volume polymer in the hybridization buffer.

Stringency can be controlled during the hybridization reaction or after hybridization has occurred by altering the salt and temperature conditions of the wash solutions used. The formulas shown above are equally valid when used to compute the stringency of a wash solution. Preferred wash solution stringencies lie within the ranges stated above; high stringency is 5-8°C below T_m, medium or moderate stringency is 26-29°C below T_m and low stringency is 45-48°C below T_m.

Substantially free of A composition containing A is substantially free of B when at least 85% by weight of the total A+B in the composition is A. Preferably, A comprises at least about 90% by weight of the total of A+B in the composition, more preferably at least about 95% or even 99% by weight. For example, a plant gene or DNA sequence can be considered substantially free of other plant genes or DNA sequences.

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Translational start site In the context of the current invention, a translational start site" is usually an ATG in the cDNA transcript, more usually the first ATG. A single cDNA, however, may have multiple translational start sites.

Transcription start site Transcription start site" is used in the current invention to describe the point at which transcription is initiated. This point is typically located about 25 nucleotides downstream from a TFIID binding site, such as a TATA box. Transcription can initiate at one or more sites within the gene, and a single gene may have multiple transcriptional start sites, some of which may be specific for transcription in a particular cell-type or tissue.

Untranslated region (UTR) A UTR" is any contiguous series of nucleotide bases that is transcribed, but is not translated. These untranslated regions may be associated with particular functions such as increasing mRNA message stability. Examples of UTRs include, but are not limited to polyadenylation signals, terminations sequences, sequences located between the transcriptional start site and the first exon (5° UTR) and sequences located between the last exon and the end of the mRNA (3° UTR).

Variant: The term variant" is used herein to denote a polypeptide or protein or polynucleotide molecule that differs from others of its kind in some way. For example, polypeptide and protein variants can consist of changes in amino acid sequence and/or charge and/or post-translational modifications (such as glycosylation, etc).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

I. Polynucleotides

Exemplified SDFs of the invention represent fragments of the genome of corn, wheat, rice, soybean or *Arabidopsis* and/or represent mRNA expressed from that genome. The isolated nucleic acid of the invention also encompasses corresponding fragments of the genome and/or cDNA complement of other organisms as described in detail below.

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Alternatively, the polynucleotides of the invention can be produced by chemical synthesis. Such synthesis methods are described below.

It is contemplated that the nucleotide sequences presented herein may contain some small percentage of errors. These errors may arise in the normal course of determination of nucleotide sequences. Sequence errors can be corrected by obtaining seeds deposited under the accession numbers cited herein, propagating them, isolating genomic DNA or appropriate mRNA from the resulting plants or seeds thereof, amplifying the relevant fragment of the genomic DNA or mRNA using primers having a sequence that flanks the erroneous sequence, and sequencing the amplification product.

I.A. Probes, Primers and Substrates

SDFs of the invention can be applied to substrates for use in array applications such as, but not limited to, assays of global gene expression, for example under varying conditions of development, growth conditions. The arrays can also be used in diagnostic or forensic methods (WO95/35505, US 5,445,943 and US 5,410,270).

Probes and primers of the instant invention will hybridize to a polynucleotide comprising a sequence in Table 1. Though many different nucleotide sequences can encode an amino acid sequence, the sequences of Table 1 are generally preferred for encoding polypeptides of the invention. However, the sequence of the probes and/or primers of the instant invention need not be identical to those in Table 1 or the complements thereof. For example, some variation in probe or primer sequence and/or length can allow additional family members to be detected, as well as orthologous genes and more taxonomically distant related sequences. Similarly, probes and/or primers of the invention can include additional nucleotides that serve as a label for detecting the formed duplex or for subsequent cloning purposes.

Probe length will vary depending on the application. For use as primers, probes are 12-40 nucleotides, preferably 18-30 nucleotides long. For use in mapping, probes are preferably 50 to 500 nucleotides, preferably 100-250 nucleotides long. For Southern hybridizations, probes as long as several kilobases can be used as explained below.

The probes and/or primers can be produced by synthetic procedures such as the triester method of Matteucci et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 103:3185(1981); or according to Urdea

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et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad.* <u>80</u>:7461 (1981) or using commercially available automated oligonucleotide synthesizers.

I.B. Methods of Detection and Isolation

The polynucleotides of the invention can be utilized in a number of methods known to those skilled in the art as probes and/or primers to isolate and detect polynucleotides, including, without limitation: Southerns, Northerns, Branched DNA hybridization assays, polymerase chain reaction, and microarray assays, and variations thereof. Specific methods given by way of examples, and discussed below include:

Hybridization

Methods of Mapping

Southern Blotting

Isolating cDNA from Related Organisms

Isolating and/or Identifying Orthologous Genes.

Also, the nucleic acid molecules of the invention can used in other methods, such as high density oligonucleotide hybridizing assays, described, for example, in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,004,753; 5,945,306; 5,945,287; 5,945,308; 5,919,686; 5,919,661; 5,919,627; 5,874,248; 5,871,973; 5,871,971; and 5,871,930; and PCT Pub. Nos. WO 9946380; WO 9933981; WO 9933870; WO 9931252; WO 9915658; WO 9906572; WO 9858052; WO 9958672; and WO 9810858.

B.1. Hybridization

25 primers for detection and/or isolation of related polynucleotide sequences through hybridization. Hybridization of one nucleic acid to another constitutes a physical property that defines the subject SDF of the invention and the identified related sequences. Also, such hybridization imposes structural limitations on the pair. A good general discussion of the factors for determining hybridization conditions is provided by Sambrook et al. ("Molecular Cloning, a Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed., c. 1989 by Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY; *see esp.*, chapters 11 and 12). Additional considerations and details of the physical chemistry of hybridization are provided by G.H. Keller and M.M. Manak DNA Probes", 2nd Ed. pp. 1-25, c. 1993 by Stockton Press, New York, NY.

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Depending on the stringency of the conditions under which these probes and/or primers are used, polynucleotides exhibiting a wide range of similarity to those in Table 1 can be detected or isolated. When the practitioner wishes to examine the result of membrane hybridizations under a variety of stringencies, an efficient way to do so is to perform the hybridization under a low stringency condition, then to wash the hybridization membrane under increasingly stringent conditions.

When using SDFs to identify orthologous genes in other species, the practitioner will preferably adjust the amount of target DNA of each species so that, as nearly as is practical, the same number of genome equivalents are present for each species examined. This prevents faint signals from species having large genomes, and thus small numbers of genome equivalents per mass of DNA, from erroneously being interpreted as absence of the corresponding gene in the genome.

The probes and/or primers of the instant invention can also be used to detect or isolate nucleotides that are identical" to the probes or primers. Two nucleic acid sequences or polypeptides are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acid residues, respectively, in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below.

Isolated polynucleotides within the scope of the invention also include allelic variants of the specific sequences presented in Table 1. The probes and/or primers of the invention can also be used to detect and/or isolate polynucleotides exhibiting at least 80% sequence identity with the sequences of Table 1 or fragments thereof.

With respect to nucleotide sequences, degeneracy of the genetic code provides the possibility to substitute at least one base of the base sequence of a gene with a different base without causing the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide produced from the gene to be changed. Hence, the DNA of the present invention may also have any base sequence that has been changed from a sequence in Table 1 by substitution in accordance with degeneracy of genetic code. References describing codon usage include: Carels *et al.*, *J. Mol. Evol.* 46: 45 (1998) and Fennoy *et al.*, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 21(23): 5294 (1993).

B.2. Mapping

The isolated SDF DNA of the invention can be used to create various types of genetic and physical maps of the genome of corn, Arabidopsis, soybean, rice, wheat, or other plants.

Some SDFs may be absolutely associated with particular phenotypic traits, allowing

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construction of gross genetic maps. While not all SDFs will immediately be associated with a phenotype, all SDFs can be used as probes for identifying polymorphisms associated with phenotypes of interest. Briefly, one method of mapping involves total DNA isolation from individuals. It is subsequently cleaved with one or more restriction enzymes, separated according to mass, transferred to a solid support, hybridized with SDF DNA and the pattern of fragments compared. Polymorphisms associated with a particular SDF are visualized as differences in the size of fragments produced between individual DNA samples after digestion with a particular restriction enzyme and hybridization with the SDF. After identification of polymorphic SDF sequences, linkage studies can be conducted. By using the individuals showing polymorphisms as parents in crossing programs, F2 progeny recombinants or recombinant inbreds, for example, are then analyzed. The order of DNA polymorphisms along the chromosomes can be determined based on the frequency with which they are inherited together versus independently. The closer two polymorphisms are together in a chromosome the higher the probability that they are inherited together. Integration of the relative positions of all the polymorphisms and associated marker SDFs can produce a genetic map of the species, where the distances between markers reflect the recombination frequencies in that chromosome segment.

The use of recombinant inbred lines for such genetic mapping is described for *Arabidopsis* by Alonso-Blanco et al. (*Methods in Molecular Biology*, vol.82, *Arabidopsis Protocols*", pp. 137-146, J.M. Martinez-Zapater and J. Salinas, eds., c. 1998 by Humana Press, Totowa, NJ) and for corn by Burr (Mapping Genes with Recombinant Inbreds", pp. 249-254. *In* Freeling, M. and V. Walbot (Ed.), *The Maize Handbook*, c. 1994 by Springer-Verlag New York, Inc.: New York, NY, USA; Berlin Germany; Burr et al. *Genetics* (1998) 118: 519; Gardiner, J. et al., (1993) *Genetics* 134: 917). This procedure, however, is not limited to plants and can be used for other organisms (such as yeast) or for individual cells.

The SDFs of the present invention can also be used for simple sequence repeat (SSR) mapping. Rice SSR mapping is described by Morgante et al. (*The Plant Journal* (1993) 3: 165), Panaud et al. (*Genome* (1995) 38: 1170); Senior et al. (*Crop Science* (1996) 36: 1676), Taramino et al. (*Genome* (1996) 39: 277) and Ahn et al. (*Molecular and General Genetics* (1993) 241: 483-90). SSR mapping can be achieved using various methods. In one instance, polymorphisms are identified when sequence specific probes contained within an SDF flanking an SSR are made and used in polymerase chain reaction (PCR) assays with template DNA from two or more individuals of interest. Here, a change in the number of tandem

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repeats between the SSR-flanking sequences produces differently sized fragments (U.S. Patent 5,766,847). Alternatively, polymorphisms can be identified by using the PCR fragment produced from the SSR-flanking sequence specific primer reaction as a probe against Southern blots representing different individuals (U.H. Refseth et al., (1997) Electrophoresis 18: 1519).

Genetic and physical maps of crop species have many uses. For example, these maps can be used to devise positional cloning strategies for isolating novel genes from the mapped crop species. In addition, because the genomes of closely related species are largely syntenic (that is, they display the same ordering of genes within the genome), these maps can be used to isolate novel alleles from relatives of crop species by positional cloning strategies.

The various types of maps discussed above can be used with the SDFs of the invention to identify Quantitative Trait Loci (QTLs). Many important crop traits, such as the solids content of tomatoes, are quantitative traits and result from the combined interactions of several genes. These genes reside at different loci in the genome, oftentimes on different chromosomes, and generally exhibit multiple alleles at each locus. The SDFs of the invention can be used to identify QTLs and isolate specific alleles as described by de Vicente and Tanksley (Genetics 134:585 (1993)). In addition to isolating QTL alleles in present crop species, the SDFs of the invention can also be used to isolate alleles from the corresponding QTL of wild relatives. Transgenic plants having various combinations of QTL alleles can then be created and the effects of the combinations measured. Once a desired allele combination has been identified, crop improvement can be accomplished either through biotechnological means or by directed conventional breeding programs (for review see Tanksley and McCouch, Science 277:1063 (1997)).

In another embodiment, the SDFs can be used to help create physical maps of the genome of corn, Arabidopsis and related species. Where SDFs have been ordered on a genetic map, as described above, they can be used as probes to discover which clones in large libraries of plant DNA fragments in YACs, BACs, etc. contain the same SDF or similar sequences, thereby facilitating the assignment of the large DNA fragments to chromosomal positions. Subsequently, the large BACs, YACs, etc. can be ordered unambiguously by more detailed studies of their sequence composition (e.g. Marra et al. (1997) Genomic Research 7:1072-1084) and by using their end or other sequences to find the identical sequences in other cloned DNA fragments. The overlapping of DNA sequences in this way allows large contigs of plant sequences to be built that, when sufficiently extended, provide a complete

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joining cloned sequences into a contig. The patent publication WO95/35505 and U.S. Patents 5,445,943 and 5,410,270 describe scanning multiple alleles of a plurality of loci using hybridization to arrays of

oligonucleotides. These techniques are useful for each of the types of mapping discussed above.

Following the procedures described above and using a plurality of the SDFs of the present invention, any individual can be genotyped. These individual genotypes can be used for the identification of particular cultivars, varieties, lines, ecotypes and genetically modified plants or can serve as tools for subsequent genetic studies involving multiple phenotypic traits.

B.3 Southern Blot Hybridization

The sequences from Table 1 can be used as probes for various hybridization techniques. These techniques are useful for detecting target polynucleotides in a sample or for determining whether transgenic plants, seeds or host cells harbor a gene or sequence of interest and thus might be expected to exhibit a particular trait or phenotype.

In addition, the SDFs from the invention can be used to isolate additional members of gene families from the same or different species and/or orthologous genes from the same or different species. This is accomplished by hybridizing an SDF to, for example, a Southern blot containing the appropriate genomic DNA or cDNA. Given the resulting hybridization data, one of ordinary skill in the art could distinguish and isolate the correct DNA fragments by size, restriction sites, sequence and stated hybridization conditions from a gel or from a library.

Identification and isolation of orthologous genes from closely related species and alleles within a species is particularly desirable because of their potential for crop improvement. Many important crop traits, such as the solid content of tomatoes, result from the combined interactions of the products of several genes residing at different loci in the genome. Generally, alleles at each of these loci can make quantitative differences to the trait. By identifying and isolating numerous alleles for each locus from within or different species, transgenic plants with various combinations of alleles can be created and the effects of the combinations measured. Once a more favorable allele combination has been identified, crop improvement can be accomplished either through biotechnological means or by directed conventional breeding programs (Tanksley et al. Science 277:1063(1997)).

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The results from hybridizations of the SDFs of the invention to, for example, Southern blots containing DNA from another species can also be used to generate restriction fragment maps for the corresponding genomic regions. These maps provide additional information about the relative positions of restriction sites within fragments, further distinguishing mapped DNA from the remainder of the genome.

Physical maps can be made by digesting genomic DNA with different combinations of restriction enzymes.

Probes for Southern blotting to distinguish individual restriction fragments can range in size from 15 to 20 nucleotides to several thousand nucleotides. More preferably, the probe is 100 to 1,000 nucleotides long for identifying members of a gene family when it is found that repetitive sequences would complicate the hybridization. For identifying an entire corresponding gene in another species, the probe is more preferably the length of the gene, typically 2,000 to 10,000 nucleotides, but probes 50-1,000 nucleotides long might be used. Some genes, however, might require probes up to 1,500 nucleotides long or overlapping probes constituting the full-length sequence to span their lengths.

Also, while it is preferred that the probe be homogeneous with respect to its sequence, it is not necessary. For example, as described below, a probe representing members of a gene family having diverse sequences can be generated using PCR to amplify genomic DNA or RNA templates using primers derived from SDFs that include sequences that define the gene family.

For identifying corresponding genes in another species, the next most preferable probe is a cDNA spanning the entire coding sequence, which allows all of the mRNA-coding fragment of the gene to be identified. Probes for Southern blotting can easily be generated from SDFs by making primers having the sequence at the ends of the SDF and using corn or *Arabidopsis* genomic DNA as a template. In instances where the SDF includes sequence conserved among species, primers including the conserved sequence can be used for PCR with genomic DNA from a species of interest to obtain a probe.

Similarly, if the SDF includes a domain of interest, that fragment of the SDF can be used to make primers and, with appropriate template DNA, used to make a probe to identify genes containing the domain. Alternatively, the PCR products can be resolved, for example by gel electrophoresis, and cloned and/or sequenced. Using Southern hybridization, the variants of the domain among members of a gene family, both within and across species, can be examined.

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B.4.1 Isolating DNA from Related Organisms

The SDFs of the invention can be used to isolate the corresponding DNA from other organisms. Either cDNA or genomic DNA can be isolated. For isolating genomic DNA, a lambda, cosmid, BAC or YAC, or other large insert genomic library from the plant of interest can be constructed using standard molecular biology techniques as described in detail by Sambrook et al. 1989 (Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York) and by Ausubel et al. 1992 (Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Greene Publishing, New York).

To screen a phage library, for example, recombinant lambda clones are plated out on appropriate bacterial medium using an appropriate E. coli host strain. The resulting plaques are lifted from the plates using nylon or nitrocellulose filters. The plaque lifts are processed through denaturation, neutralization, and washing treatments following the standard protocols outlined by Ausubel et al. (1992). The plaque lifts are hybridized to either radioactively labeled or non-radioactively labeled SDF DNA at room temperature for about 16 hours, usually in the presence of 50% formamide and 5X SSC (sodium chloride and sodium citrate) buffer and blocking reagents. The plaque lifts are then washed at 42°C with 1% Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate (SDS) and at a particular concentration of SSC. The SSC concentration used is dependent upon the stringency at which hybridization occurred in the initial Southern blot analysis performed. For example, if a fragment hybridized under medium stringency (e.g., Tm - 20°C), then this condition is maintained or preferably adjusted to a less stringent condition (e.g., Tm-30°C) to wash the plaque lifts. Positive clones show detectable hybridization e.g., by exposure to X-ray films or chromogen formation. The positive clones are then subsequently isolated for purification using the same general protocol outlined above. Once the clone is purified, restriction analysis can be conducted to narrow the region corresponding to the gene of interest. The restriction analysis and succeeding subcloning steps can be done using procedures described by, for example Sambrook et al. (1989) cited above.

The procedures outlined for the lambda library are essentially similar to those used for YAC library screening, except that the YAC clones are harbored in bacterial colonies. The YAC clones are plated out at reasonable density on nitrocellulose or nylon filters supported by appropriate bacterial medium in petri plates. Following the growth of the bacterial clones, the filters are processed through the denaturation, neutralization, and washing steps following

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the procedures of Ausubel et al. 1992. The same hybridization procedures for lambda library screening are followed.

To isolate cDNA, similar procedures using appropriately modified vectors are employed. For instance, the library can be constructed in a lambda vector appropriate for cloning cDNA such as $\lambda gt11$. Alternatively, the cDNA library can be made in a plasmid vector. cDNA for cloning can be prepared by any of the methods known in the art, but is preferably prepared as described above. Preferably, a cDNA library will include a high proportion of full-length clones.

B. 5. Isolating and/or Identifying Orthologous Genes

Probes and primers of the invention can be used to identify and/or isolate polynucleotides related to those in Table 1. Related polynucleotides are those that are native to other plant organisms and exhibit either similar sequence or encode polypeptides with similar biological activity. One specific example is an orthologous gene. Orthologous genes have the same functional activity. As such, orthologous genes may be distinguished from homologous genes. The percentage of identity is a function of evolutionary separation and, in closely related species, the percentage of identity can be 98 to 100%. The amino acid sequence of a protein encoded by an orthologous gene can be less than 75% identical, but tends to be at least75% or at least 80% identical, more preferably at least 90%, most preferably at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence of the reference protein.

To find orthologous genes, the probes are hybridized to nucleic acids from a species of interest under low stringency conditions, preferably one where sequences containing as much as 40-45% mismatches will be able to hybridize. This condition is established by T_m - 40° C to Tm - 48° C (*see* below). Blots are then washed under conditions of increasing stringency. It is preferable that the wash stringency be such that sequences that are 85 to 100% identical will hybridize. More preferably, sequences 90 to 100% identical will hybridize and most preferably only sequences greater than 95% identical will hybridize. One of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that, due to degeneracy in the genetic code, amino acid sequences that are identical can be encoded by DNA sequences as little as 67% identical or less. Thus, it is preferable, for example, to make an overlapping series of shorter probes, on the order of 24 to 45 nucleotides, and individually hybridize them to the same arrayed library to avoid the problem of degeneracy introducing large numbers of mismatches.

As evolutionary divergence increases, genome sequences also tend to diverge. Thus, one of skill will recognize that searches for orthologous genes between more divergent species will require the use of lower stringency conditions compared to searches between closely related species. Also, degeneracy of the genetic code is more of a problem for searches in the genome of a species more distant evolutionarily from the species that is the source of the SDF probe sequences.

Therefore the method described in Bouckaert et al., U.S. Ser. No. 60/121,700 Atty. Dkt. No. 2750-117P, Client Dkt. No. 00010.001, filed February 25, 1999, hereby incorporated in its entirety by reference, can be applied to the SDFs of the present invention to isolate related genes from plant species which do not hybridize to the corn Arabidopsis, soybean, rice, wheat, and other plant sequences of Table 1.

Identification of the relationship of nucleotide or amino acid sequences among plant species can be done by comparing the nucleotide or amino acid sequences of SDFs of the present application with nucleotide or amino acid sequences of other SDFs such as those present in applications listed in the table below:

Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed Application No.
United States	2750-0301P	80002.001	9/4/98 60/099,672
United States	2750-0300P	80001.001	9/4/98 60/099,671
United States	2750-0302P	80003.001	9/11/98 60/099,933
United States	2750-0304P	80004.001	9/17/98 60/100,864
United States	2750-0305P	80005.001	9/18/98 60/101,042
United States	2750-0306P	80006.001	9/21/98 60/101,255
United States	2750-0307P	80007.001	9/24/98 60/101,682
United States	2750-0308P	80008.001	9/30/98 60/102,533
United States	2750-0309P	80009.001	9/30/98 60/102,460
United States	2750-0311P	80011.001	10/5/98 60/103,141
United States	2750-0310P	80010.001	10/5/98 60/103,116
United States	2750-0312P	80012.001	10/6/98 60/103,215
United States	2750-0313P	80013.001	10/8/98 60/103,554
United States	2750-0314P	80014.001	10/9/98 60/103,574
United States	2750-0315P	80015.001	10/13/98 60/103,907
United States	2750-0316P	80016.001	10/14/98 60/104,268
United States	2750-0317P	80017.001	10/16/98 60/104,680
United States	2750-0318P	80018.001	10/19/98 60/104,828
United States	2750-0319P	80019.001	10/20/98 60/105,008
United States	2750-0320P	80020.001	10/21/98 60/105,142
United States	2750-0321P	80021.001	10/22/98 60/105,533
United States	2750-0322P	80022.001	10/26/98 60/105,571
United States	2750-0323P	80023.001	10/27/98 60/105,815
United States	2750-0324P	80024.001	10/29/98 60/106,105
United States	2750-0325P	80025.001	10/30/98 60/106,218
United States	2750-0326P	80026.001	11/2/98 60/106,685
United States	2750-0327P	80027.001	11/6/98 60/107,282

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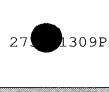
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-0329P	80029.001	11/9/98	60/107,719
United States	2750-0328P	80028.001	11/9/98	60/107,720
United States	2750-0330P	80030.001	11/10/98	60/107,836
United States	2750-0331P	80031.001	11/12/98	60/108,190
United States	2750-0332P	80032.001	11/16/98	60/108,526
United States	2750-0333P	80033.001	11/17/98	60/108,901
United States	2750-0334P	80034.001	11/19/98	60/109,124
United States	2750-0335P	80035.001	11/19/98	60/109,127
United States	2750-0336P	80036.001	11/20/98	60/109,267
United States	2750-0337P	80037.001	11/23/98	60/109,594
United States	2750-0339P	80039.001	11/25/98	60/110,050
United States	2750-0338P	80038.001	11/25/98	60/110,053
United States	2750-0340P	80040.001	11/27/98	60/110,158
United States	2750-0341P	80041.001	11/30/98	60/110,263
United States	2750-0342P	80042.001	12/1/98	60/110,495
United States	2750-0343P	80043.001	12/2/98	60/110,626
United States	2750-0344P	80044.001	12/3/98	60/110,701
United States	2750-0345P	80045.001	12/7/98	60/111,339
United States	2750-0346P	80046.001	12/9/98	60/111,589
United States	2750-0347P	80047.001	12/10/98	60/111,782
United States	2750-0348P	80048.001	12/11/98	60/111,812
United States	2750-0349P	80049.001	12/14/98	60/112,096
United States	2750-0350P	80050.001	12/15/98	60/112,224
United States	2750-0351P	80051.001	12/16/98	60/112,624
United States	2750-0352P	80052.001	12/17/98	60/112,862
United States	2750-0353P	80053.001	12/18/98	60/112,912
United States	2750-0354P	80054.001	12/21/98	60/113,248
United States	2750-0355P	80055.001	12/22/98	60/113,522
United States	2750-0356P	80056.001	12/23/98	60/113,826
United States	2750-0357P	80057.001	12/28/98	60/113,998
United States	2750-0358P	80058.001	12/29/98	60/114,384
United States	2750-0359P	80059.001		60/114,455
United States	2750-0360P	80060.001	1/4/99	60/114,740
United States	2750-0361P	80061.001	1/6/99	60/114,866
United States	2750-0367P	80067.001	1/7/99	60/115,154
United States	2750-0364P	80064.001		60/115,151
United States	2750-0363P	80063.001		60/115,152
United States	2750-0362P	80062.001		60/115,153
United States	2750-0366P	80066.001		60/115,156
United States	2750-0365P	80065.001		60/115,155
United States	2750-0370P	80070.001		60/115,293
United States	2750-0369P	80069.001		60/115,365
United States	2750-0368P	80068.001	,	60/115,364
United States	2750-0371P	80071.001		60/115,339
United States	2750-0372P	80072.001		60/115,518
United States	2750-0373P	80073.001	5	60/115,847
United States	2750-0374P	80074.001		60/115,905
United States	2750-0376P	80076.001		60/116,384
United States	2750-0375P	80075.001	ç	60/116,383
United States	2750-0377P	80077.001	1/19/99	60/116,329

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United States	Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States 2750-0380P 80080.001 1/21/99 60/116,672 United States 2750-0381P 80081.001 1/22/99 60/116,962 United States 2750-0381P 80081.001 1/22/99 60/116,960 United States 2750-0383P 80083.001 1/28/99 60/117,756 United States 2750-0384P 80084.001 2/3/99 60/118,672 United States 2750-0386P 80085.001 2/4/99 60/118,672 United States 2750-0386P 80085.001 2/4/99 60/118,778 United States 2750-0386P 80085.001 2/5/99 60/118,778 United States 2750-0388P 80086.001 2/9/99 60/119,029 United States 2750-0388P 80088.001 2/9/99 60/119,029 United States 2750-0389P 80088.001 2/10/99 60/119,332 United States 2750-0391P 80091.001 2/12/99 60/119,922 United States 2750-0391P 80091.001 2/16/99 60/120,198 United States 2750-0392P 80092.001 2/16/99 60/120,198 United States 2750-0392P 80092.001 2/16/99 60/120,198 United States 2750-0394P 80094.001 2/18/99 60/120,583 United States 2750-0395P 80095.001 2/22/99 60/121,072 United States 2750-0396P 80095.001 2/23/99 60/121,072 United States 2750-0396P 80095.001 2/23/99 60/121,334 United States 2750-0390P 80090.001 2/25/99 60/121,334 United States 2750-0390P 80090.001 2/25/99 60/121,704 United States 2750-0399P 80099.001 2/25/99 60/121,704 United States 2750-0399P 80099.001 2/25/99 60/121,704 United States 2750-0390P 80099.001 2/25/99 60/122,107 United States 2750-0400P 80100.001 3/1/99 60/122,266 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/1/99 60/122,266 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/3/99 60/123,180 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/3/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/3/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/1/99 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80110.001 3/299 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80110.001 3/299 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80110.001 3/299 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80110.	United States	2750-0378P	80078.001	1/19/99	60/116,340
United States 2750-0382P 80082.001 1/22/99 60/116,962 United States 2750-0383P 80083.001 1/28/99 60/116,960 United States 2750-0384P 80083.001 1/28/99 60/117,756 United States 2750-0384P 80084.001 2/3/99 60/118,672 United States 2750-0386P 80085.001 2/4/99 60/118,808 United States 2750-0386P 80086.001 2/5/99 60/118,778 United States 2750-0386P 80086.001 2/5/99 60/118,778 United States 2750-0388P 80087.001 2/8/99 60/119,029 United States 2750-0388P 80088.001 2/9/99 60/119,332 United States 2750-0389P 80089.001 2/10/99 60/119,332 United States 2750-0389P 80089.001 2/10/99 60/119,322 United States 2750-0392P 80093.001 2/16/99 60/120,198 United States 2750-0392P 80093.001 2/16/99 60/120,198 United States 2750-0392P 80092.001 2/16/99 60/120,196 United States 2750-0394P 80094.001 2/18/99 60/120,196 United States 2750-0396P 80095.001 2/22/99 60/121,072 United States 2750-0396P 80096.001 2/23/99 60/121,072 United States 2750-0396P 80096.001 2/23/99 60/121,334 United States 2750-0397P 80097.001 2/24/99 60/121,470 United States 2750-0399P 80099.001 2/25/99 60/121,704 United States 2750-0399P 80099.001 2/25/99 60/121,704 United States 2750-0399P 80099.001 2/25/99 60/121,704 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/1/99 60/122,568 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/3/99 60/122,568 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/3/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-040P 80105.001 3/3/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-040P 80105.001 3/3/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/199 60/123,534 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/199 60/123,548 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/199 60/123,548 United States 2750-040P 80100.001 3/199 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80110.001 3/199 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80110.001 3/199 60/123,548 United States 2750-041P 80111.	United States	2750-0379P	80079.001	1/21/99	60/116,674
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United States 2750-0401P 80101.001 3/2/99 60/122,568 United States 2750-0402P 80102.001 3/3/99 60/122,611 United States 2750-0403P 80103.001 3/4/99 60/121,775 United States 2750-0405P 80105.001 3/5/99 60/123,180 United States 2750-0404P 80104.001 3/5/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-0406P 80106.001 3/9/99 60/123,534 United States 2750-0407P 80107.001 3/9/99 60/123,548 United States 2750-0408P 80109.001 3/10/99 60/123,726 United States 2750-0408P 80108.001 3/10/99 60/123,715 United States 2750-0410P 80110.001 3/11/99 60/124,263 United States 2750-0411P 80111.001 3/12/99 60/123,941 United States 2750-0413P 80113.001 3/25/99 60/126,264 United States 2750-0414P 80114.001 3/29/99 60/126,785 <td>United States</td> <td>2750-0399P</td> <td>80099.001</td> <td>2/26/99</td> <td>60/122,107</td>	United States	2750-0399P	80099.001	2/26/99	60/122,107
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United States 2750-0406P 80106.001 3/9/99 60/123,680 United States 2750-0407P 80107.001 3/9/99 60/123,548 United States 2750-0409P 80109.001 3/10/99 60/123,726 United States 2750-0408P 80108.001 3/10/99 60/123,715 United States 2750-0410P 80110.001 3/11/99 60/124,263 United States 2750-0411P 80111.001 3/12/99 60/123,941 United States 2750-0412P 80112.001 3/23/99 60/125,788 United States 2750-0413P 80113.001 3/25/99 60/126,264 United States 2750-0414P 80114.001 3/29/99 60/126,785 United States 2750-0415P 80115.001 4/1/99 60/127,462 United States 2750-0416P 91001.001 4/8/99 60/128,714 United States 2750-0418P 80118.001 4/16/99 60/129,845	United States	2750-0405P	80105.001	3/5/99	60/123,180
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United States 2750-0413P 80113.001 3/25/99 60/126,264 United States 2750-0414P 80114.001 3/29/99 60/126,785 United States 2750-0415P 80115.001 4/1/99 60/127,462 United States 2750-0416P 91000.001 4/6/99 60/128,234 United States 2750-0417P 91001.001 4/8/99 60/128,714 United States 2750-0418P 80118.001 4/16/99 60/129,845	United States	2750-0411P	80111.001	3/12/99	60/123,941
United States 2750-0414P 80114.001 3/29/99 60/126,785 United States 2750-0415P 80115.001 4/1/99 60/127,462 United States 2750-0416P 91000.001 4/6/99 60/128,234 United States 2750-0417P 91001.001 4/8/99 60/128,714 United States 2750-0418P 80118.001 4/16/99 60/129,845	United States	2750-0412P	80112.001	3/23/99	60/125,788
United States 2750-0415P 80115.001 4/1/99 60/127,462 United States 2750-0416P 91000.001 4/6/99 60/128,234 United States 2750-0417P 91001.001 4/8/99 60/128,714 United States 2750-0418P 80118.001 4/16/99 60/129,845	United States	2750-0413P	80113.001	3/25/99	60/126,264
United States 2750-0416P 91000.001 4/6/99 60/128,234 United States 2750-0417P 91001.001 4/8/99 60/128,714 United States 2750-0418P 80118.001 4/16/99 60/129,845	United States	2750-0414P	80114.001	3/29/99	60/126,785
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	United States	2750-0417P	91001.001	4/8/99	60/128,714
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Onica diales 2700-04201 00120.001 4/19/39:00/100,077	United States	2750-0420P	80120.001	4/19/99	60/130,077
United States 2750-0421P 80121.001 4/21/99 60/130,449	United States	2750-0421P	80121.001	4/21/99	60/130,449
United States 2750-0303P 80115.002 4/23/99 60/130,510	United States	2750-0303P	80115.002	4/23/99	60/130,510
United States 2750-0422P 80122.001 4/23/99 60/130,891	United States	2750-0422P	80122.001	4/23/99	60/130,891
United States 2750-0423P 80123.001 4/28/99 60/131,449	United States	2750-0423P	80123.001	4/28/99	60/131,449
United States 2750-0424P 80124.001 4/30/99 60/132,407	United States	2750-0424P	80124.001	4/30/99	60/132,407
United States 2750-0425P 80125.001 4/30/99 60/132,048	United States	2750-0425P	80125.001	4/30/99	60/132,048
United States 2750-0426P 80126.001 5/4/99 60/132,484	United States	2750-0426P	80126.001	5/4/99	60/132,484
United States 2750-0427P 80127.001 5/5/99 60/132,485	United States	2750-0427P	80127.001	5/5/99	60/132,485

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United States	2750-0429P	80129.001	5/6/99	60/132,486
United States	2750-0430P	80130.001	5/7/99	60/132,863
United States	2750-0431P	80131.001	5/11/99	60/134,256
United States	2750-0433P	00025.001	5/14/99	60/134,221
United States	2750-0432P	91006.001	5/14/99	60/134,370
United States	2750-0434P	80116.001	5/14/99	60/134,219
United States	2750-0435P	80117.001	5/14/99	60/134,218
United States	2750-0436P	91007.001	5/18/99	60/134,768
United States	2750-0437P	91008.001	5/19/99	60/134,941
United States	2750-0438P	91009.001	5/20/99	60/135,124
United States	2750-0439P	91010.001	5/21/99	60/135,353
United States	2750-0440P	91011.001	5/24/99	60/135,629
United States	2750-0441P	91012.001	5/25/99	60/136,021
United States	2750-0442P	91013.001	\$1111111111111111111111111111111111111	60/136,392
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United States	2750-0446P	91016.001	\$1111111111111111111111111111111111111	60/137,528
United States	2750-0447P	91017.001		60/137,502
United States	2750-0449P	91018.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/137,724
United States	2750-0450P	91019.001	·	60/138,094
United States	2750-0458P	00033.002		60/138,847
United States	2750-0457P	00033.001	Ş	60/138,540
United States	2750-0463P	00034.001		60/139,119
United States	2750-0462P	80132.012		60/139,452
United States	2750-0461P	80132.011	Ś	60/139,453
United States	2750-0464P	00037.001		60/139,492
United States	2750-0454P	80132.006		60/139,457
United States	2750-0460P	80132.010		60/139,455
United States	2750-0466P	00039.001		60/139,750
United States	2750-0465P	00038.001	Carrier action of a season or a season of consequences	60/139,763
United States	2750-0459P	80132.009		60/139,463
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United States	2750-0453P	80132.005		60/139,462
United States	2750-0452P	80132.004	·i······	60/139,461
United States	2750-0451P	80132.003		60/139,459
United States	2750-0448P	80132.002		60/139,454
United States	2750-0443P	80132.001	• ; • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	60/139,458
United States	2750-0456P	80132.008		60/139,456
United States	2750-0467P	00042.001		60/139,817
United States	2750-0468P	00043.001		60/139,899
United States	2750-0469P	00044.001		60/140,354
United States	2750-0470P	00042.002		60/140,353
United States	2750-0471P	00045.001		60/140,695
United States	2750-0472P	00046.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/140,823
United States	2750-0473P	00048.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/140,991
United States	2750-04751 2750-0474P	00049.001		60/141,287
United States	2750-04741 2750-0475P	00050.001	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/141,842
United States	2750-04751 2750-0476P	00050.001		60/142,154
United States	2750-0476P	00051.001		60/142,055
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-0478P	00053.001	7/6/99	60/142,390
United States	2750-0479P	00054.001	7/8/99	60/142,803
United States	2750-0480P	00058.001	7/9/99	60/142,920
United States	2750-0481P	00059.001	7/12/99	60/142,977
United States	2750-0482P	00060.001	7/13/99	60/143,542
United States	2750-0489P	00061.001	7/14/99	60/143,624
United States	2750-0490P	00062.001		60/144,005
United States	2750-0486P	80134.004	7/16/99	60/144,085
United States	2750-0485P	80134.003		60/144,086
United States	2750-0494P	80134.010	7/19/99	60/144,333
United States	2750-0497P	00064.001	7/19/99	60/144,325
United States	2750-0488P	80134.006		60/144,332
United States	2750-0495P	80134.013		60/144,335
United States	2750-0492P	80134.008	. 4	60/144,331
United States	2750-0496P	80134.014	7/19/99	60/144,334
United States	2750-0499P	80134.012	7/20/99	60/144,352
United States	2750-0500P	00065.001	7/20/99	60/144,632
United States	2750-0502P	80135.002	7/20/99	60/144,884
United States	2750-0483P	80134.001	7/21/99	60/145,088
United States	2750-0484P	80134.002	7/21/99	60/145,086
United States	2750-0503P	00066.001	7/21/99	60/144,814
United States	2750-0491P	80134.007	7/22/99	60/145,085
United States	2750-0493P	80134.009	7/22/99	60/145,087
United States	2750-0487P	80134.005	7/22/99	60/145,089
United States	2750-0504P	00067.001	7/22/99	60/145,192
United States	2750-0505P	00069.001	7/23/99	60/145,218
United States	2750-0498P	80134.011	7/23/99	60/145,145
United States	2750-0501P	80135.001	7/23/99	60/145,224
United States	2750-0506P	00070.001		60/145,276
United States	2750-0508P	80136.002	7/27/99	60/145,919
United States	2750-0509P	00071.001	7/27/99	60/145,913
United States	2750-0507P	80136.001	······	60/145,918
United States	2750-0510P	00072.001	7/28/99	60/145,951
United States	2750-0511P	80137.001	8/2/99	60/146,388
United States	2750-0512P	80137.002	8/2/99	60/146,389
United States	2750-0513P	00073.001		60/146,386
United States	2750-0514P	00074.001		60/147,038
United States	2750-0517P	80138.002		60/147,302
United States	2750-0515P	00076.001		60/147,204
United States	2750-0518P	00077.001		60/147,260
United States	2750-0519P	80136.003		60/147,192
United States	2750-0516P	80138.001		60/147,303
United States	2750-0520P	00079.001		60/147,416
United States	2750-0523P	80139.002		60/147,935
United States	2750-0521P	00080.001		60/147,493
United States	2750-0522P	80139.001	-0	60/148,171
United States	2750-0524P	00081.001		60/148,319
United States	2750-0526P	80141.002		60/148,342
United States	2750-0527P	80141.003		60/148,340
United States	2750-0528P	80141.004	8/12/99	60/148,337

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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.	
United States	2750-0530P	00082.001	8/12/99	60/148,341	
United States	2750-0525P	80141.001	8/12/99	60/148,347	
United States	2750-0529P	00083.001	8/13/99	60/148,565	
United States	2750-0532P	80142.002	8/13/99	60/148,684	
United States	2750-0531P	80142.001	8/16/99	60/149,368	
United States	2750-0534P	80001.003	8/17/99	60/149,928	
United States	2750-0537P	00084.001	8/17/99	60/149,175	
United States	2750-0536P	80001.005	8/17/99	60/149,925	
United States	2750-0535P	80001.004	8/17/99	60/149,926	
United States	2750-0533P	80001.002	8/17/99	60/149,927	
United States	2750-0538P	00085.001	8/18/99	60/149,426	
United States	2750-0539P	00086.001	8/20/99	60/149,722	
United States	2750-0541P	80143.002	8/20/99	60/149,929	
United States	2750-0542P	00087.001	8/20/99	60/149,723	
United States	2750-0540P	80143.001	8/23/99	60/149,930	
United States	2750-0543P	00088.001	8/23/99	60/149,902	
United States	2750-0544P	00089.001	8/25/99	60/150,566	
United States	2750-0547P	00090.001		60/150,884	
United States	2750-0548P	00091.001	8/27/99	60/151,080	
United States	2750-0546P	80144.002	8/27/99	60/151,066	
United States	2750-0545P	80144.001	8/27/99	60/151,065	
United States	2750-0549P	00092.001	8/30/99	60/151,303	
United States	2750-0552P	00093.001	8/31/99	60/151,438	
United States	2750-0553P	00094.001	9/1/99	60/151,930	
United States	2750-0550P	80001.006	9/3/99	09/391,631	
International	2750-0551F(PC)	80001.100	9/3/99	99/204,38	
United States	2750-0554P	00095.001	9/7/99	60/152,363	
United States	2750-0555P	00096.001	9/10/99	60/153,070	
United States	2750-0556P	00098.001	9/13/99	60/153,758	
United States	2750-0557P	00099.001	9/15/99	60/154,018	
United States	2750-0558P	00101.001	9/16/99	60/154,039	
United States	2750-0559P	00102.001	9/20/99	60/154,779	
United States	2750-0560P	00103.001	9/22/99	60/155,139	
United States	2750-0561P	00104.001	9/23/99	60/155,486	
United States	2750-0562P	00105.001	9/24/99	60/155,659	
United States	2750-0563P	00106.001	9/28/99	60/156,458	
United States	2750-0564P	00107.001	9/29/99	60/156,596	
United States	2750-0570P	00108.001	10/4/99	60/157,117	
United States	2750-0571P	00109.001	10/5/99	60/157,753	
International	2750-0568F(PC)	80010.101	10/5/99	99/228,54	
International	2750-0569F(PC)	80010.102	10/5/99	99/228,53	
United States	2750-0565P	80010.002	10/5/99	09/413,198	
United States	2750-0566P	80010.003	10/5/99	09/412,922	
International	2750-0567F(PC)	80010.100		99/228,55	
United States	2750-0572P	00110.001	10/6/99	60/157,865	
United States	2750-0575P	00111.001	10/7/99	60/158,029	
United States	2750-0576P	00112.001	•••	60/158,232	
United States	2750-0577P	00113.001		60/158,369	
United States	2750-0583P	80148.002		60/159,294	
United States	2750-0579P	80146.002	10/13/99	60/159,293	

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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed Application No.
United States	2750-0574P	80145.002	10/13/99 60/159,295
United States	2750-0573P	80145.001	10/14/99 60/159,330
United States	2750-0580P	80147.001	10/14/99 60/159,638
United States	2750-0581P	80147.002	10/14/99 60/159,637
United States	2750-0582P	80148.001	10/14/99 60/159,329
United States	2750-0578P	80146.001	10/14/99 60/159,331
United States	2750-0584P	00116.001	10/18/99 60/159,584
United States	2750-0590P	80150.002	10/21/99 60/160,767
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United States	2750-0588P	00119.001	10/21/99 60/160,741
United States	2750-0587P	80149.002	10/21/99 60/160,770
United States	2750-0586P	80149.001	10/21/99 60/160,814
United States	2750-0585P	00118.001	10/21/99 60/160,815
United States	2750-0591P	00120.001	10/22/99 60/160,980
United States	2750-0592P	80151.001	10/22/99 60/160,989
United States	2750-0593P	80151.002	10/22/99 60/160,981
United States	2750-0594P	00121.001	10/25/99 60/161,405
United States	2750-0595P	80152.001	10/25/99 60/161,406
United States	2750-0596P	80152.002	10/25/99 60/161,404
United States	2750-0599P	80153.002	10/26/99 60/161,359
United States	2750-0597P	00122.001	10/26/99 60/161,361
United States	2750-0598P	80153.001	10/26/99 60/161,360
United States	2750-0603P	80154.002	10/28/99 60/161,993
United States	2750-0602P	80154.001	10/28/99 60/161,992
United States	2750-0601P	00123.001	10/28/99 60/161,920
United States	2750-0600P	80026.002	10/28/99 09/428,944
United States	2750-0605P	80155.001	10/29/99 60/162,142
United States	2750-0606P	80155.002	10/29/99 60/162,228
United States	2750-0604P	00124.001	10/29/99 60/162,143
United States	2750-0607P	00125.001	11/1/99 60/162,894
United States	2750-0608P	80156.001	11/1/99 60/162,891
United States	2750-0609P	80156.002	11/1/99 60/162,895
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United States	2750-0612P	80157.002	11/2/99 60/163,091
United States	2750-0615P	80158.002	11/3/99 60/163,281
United States	2750-0613P	00127.001	11/3/99 60/163,249
United States	2750-0614P	80158.001	11/3/99 60/163,248
United States	2750-0616P	00128.001	11/4/99 60/163,379
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United States	2750-0618P	80159.002	11/4/99 60/163,380
United States	2750-0620P	80160.001	11/8/99 60/164,151
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United States	2750-0621P	80160.002	11/8/99 60/164,150
United States	2750-0625P	80162.002	11/9/99 60/164,259
United States	2750-0623P	80161.002	11/9/99 60/164,260
United States	2750-0628P	00131.001	11/10/99 60/164,544
United States	2750-0629P	80164.001	11/10/99 60/164,545
United States	2750-0627P	80163.002	11/10/99 60/164,318
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-0622P	80161.001	11/10/99	60/164,319
United States	2750-0630P	80164.002	11/10/99	60/164,548
United States	2750-0624P	80162.001	11/10/99	60/164,317
United States	2750-0631P	00132.001	11/12/99	60/164,961
United States	2750-0636P	80166.002	11/12/99	60/164,962
United States	2750-0635P	80166.001	11/12/99	60/164,959
United States	2750-0634P	00133.001	11/12/99	60/164,870
United States	2750-0632P	80165.001	11/12/99	60/164,871
United States	2750-0633P	80165.002	11/12/99	60/164,960
United States	2750-0637P	00134.001	11/15/99	60/164,927
United States	2750-0638P	80167.001	11/15/99	60/164,929
United States	2750-0639P	80167.002	11/15/99	60/164,926
United States	2750-0642P	80168.002	11/16/99	60/165,661
United States	2750-0640P	00135.001	11/16/99	60/165,669
United States	2750-0641P	80168.001	11/16/99	60/165,671
United States	2750-0643P	00136.001	11/17/99	60/165,919
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United States	2750-0645P	80169.002	11/17/99	60/165,911
United States	2750-0646P	00137.001	11/18/99	60/166,157
United States	2750-0647P	80170.001	11/18/99	60/166,173
United States	2750-0648P	80170.002	11/18/99	60/166,158
United States	2750-0650P	80171.001	11/19/99	60/166,411
United States	2750-0651P	80171.002	11/19/99	60/166,412
United States	2750-0649P	00139.001	11/19/99	60/166,419
United States	2750-0653P	80172.001	11/22/99	60/166,750
United States	2750-0652P	00140.001	11/22/99	60/166,733
United States	2750-0655P	80173.002	11/23/99	60/167,362
United States	2750-0658P	80174.002	11/24/99	60/167,235
United States	2750-0654P	80173.001	11/24/99	60/167,382
United States	2750-0656P	00141.001	11/24/99	60/167,233
United States	2750-0657P	80174.001	11/24/99	60/167,234
United States	2750-0659P	00142.001		60/167,904
United States	2750-0660P	80175.001		60/167,908
United States	2750-0661P	80175.002	11/30/99	60/167,902
United States	2750-0665P	80176.002		60/168,231
United States	2750-0662P	80042.002	·	09/451,320
United States	2750-0664P	80176.001	12/1/99	60/168,233
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United States	2750-0667P	80177.001	12/2/99	60/168,549
United States	2750-0666P	00144.001		60/168,546
United States	2750-0669P	00145.001		60/168,675
United States	2750-0670P	80178.001	12/3/99	60/168,673
United States	2750-0671P	80178.002	12/3/99	60/168,674
United States	2750-0672P	00147.001		60/169,298
United States	2750-0673P	80179.001	÷	60/169,278
United States	2750-0674P	80179.002	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/169,302
United States	2750-0676P	80180.002	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/169,691
United States	2750-0675P	80180.001	Ö	60/169,692
United States	2750-0678P	80181.001	12/16/99	60/171,114

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United States	2750-0679P	80181.002		60/171,098
United States	2750-0677P	00149.001		60/171,107
United States	2750-0683P	80060.002		09/478,081
United States	2750-0684P	80070.002		09/479,221
International	2750-0686F(PC)	80070.100		00/004,66
United States	2750-0688P	80184.002		60/176,910
United States	2750-0681P	80182.002		60/176,866
United States	2750-0685P	80183.002		60/176,867
United States	2750-0689P	00152.001		60/178,166
United States	2750-0691P	80185.001	····	60/177,666
United States	2750-0687P	80184.001		60/178,545
United States	2750-0682P	80183.001		60/178,546
United States	2750-0680P	80182.001		60/178,544
United States	2750-0690P	00153.001		60/178,547
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United States	2750-0693P	80186.001		60/178,755
United States	2750-0695P	00157.001		60/179,395
United States	2750-0696P	80187.001		60/179,388
United States	2750-0697P	00158.001	a-6-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a-1 a	60/180,039
United States	2750-0698P	80188.001		60/180,139
United States	2750-0694P	80084.002		09/497,191
United States	2750-0700P	80189.001		60/180,207
United States	2750-0699P	00159.001		60/180,206
United States	2750-0701P	00160.001	~~	60/180,695
United States	2750-0702P	80190.001		60/180,696
United States	2750-0703P	00161.001		60/181,228
United States	2750-0704P	80191.001		60/181,214
United States	2750-0705P	00162.001		60/181,476
United States	2750-0706P	80192.001		60/181,551
United States	2750-0707P	00163.001	2/15/00	60/182,477
United States	2750-0713P	80194.001	2/15/00	60/182,478
United States	2750-0708P	80193.001		60/182,516
United States	2750-0712P	00164.001	2/15/00	60/182,512
United States	2750-0714P	00165.001	2/17/00	60/183,166
United States	2750-0715P	80195.001		60/183,165
United States	2750-0717P	80196.001	2/24/00	60/184,658
United States	2750-0716P	00167.001	2/24/00	60/184,667
Europe	2750-0709F(EP)	80090.103	2/25/00	00/301,439
Mexico	2750-0709F(MX)	80090.101	2/25/00	00/001,973
Canada	2750-0709F(CA)	80090.102	2/25/00	23/006,92
United States	2750-0719P	00168.001	2/25/00	60/185,118
United States	2750-0718P	91022.001	2/25/00	60/185,140
United States	2750-0709P	80090.002	2/25/00	09/513,996
United States	2750-0720P	80197.001	2/25/00	60/185,119
United States	2750-0721P	91023.001	2/28/00	60/185,398
United States	2750-0722P	00169.001		60/185,396
United States	2750-0723P	80198.001		60/185,397
United States	2750-0724P	91024.001	*	60/185,750
United States	2750-0710P	80100.002	3/1/00	09/517,537
United States	2750-0725P	00170.001	3/1/00	



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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.	
United States	2750-0726P	80199.001	3/1/00	60/186,296	
United States	2750-0727P	91025.001	3/1/00	60/186,277	
United States	2750-0711P	00171.001	3/2/00	60/186,390	
United States	2750-0728P	80200.001	3/2/00	60/187,178	
United States	2750-0729P	00172.001		60/186,386	
United States	2750-0730P	80201.001		60/186,387	
United States	2750-0731P	91026.001		60/186,670	
United States	2750-0732P	00173.001	3/3/00	60/186,748	
United States	2750-0733P	80202.001		60/186,669	
United States	2750-0735P	91027.001		60/187,379	
United States	2750-0734P	00174.001	••••••	60/187,378	
United States	2750-0736P	00175.001		60/187,896	
United States	2750-0737P	80203.001		60/187,888	
United States	2750-0738P	91028.001		60/187,985	
United States	2750-0739P	00177.001	e de como en	60/188,187	
United States	2750-0743P	80205.001		60/188,175	
United States	2750-0742P	00178.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/188,185	
United States	2750-0740P	80204.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/188,186	
United States	2750-0741P	91030.001	***************************************	60/188,174	
United States	2750-0744P	91031.001		60/188,687	
United States	2750-0745P	00179.001		60/189,080	
United States	2750-0746P	80206.001		60/189,052	
United States	2750-0747P	91032.001	A	60/189,460	
United States	2750-0748P	00180.001		60/189,461	
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United States	2750-0753P	80211.001	Ÿ*************************************	60/190,121	
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United States	2750-0755P	00181.001	3/16/00	60/189,953	
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United States	2750-0766P	00185.001	3/23/00	60/191,543	
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United States	2750-0769P	00186.001	3/24/00	60/191,823	
United States	2750-0770P	80217.001	3/24/00	60/191,825	
United States	2750-0768P	91037.001	3/24/00	60/191,826	
United States	2750-0772P	00187.001	3/27/00	60/192,421	
United States	2750-0773P	80218.001		60/192,308	
United States	2750-0771P	91038.001		60/192,420	
United States	2750-0774P	91039.001	3/29/00	60/192,855	

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United States	2750-0775P	00188.001	3/29/00	60/192,940
United States	2750-0776P	80219.001	3/29/00	60/192,941
United States	2750-0777P	91040.001	3/30/00	60/193,243
United States	2750-0778P	00189.001		60/193,244
United States	2750-0779P	80220.001	3/30/00	60/193,245
United States	2750-0782P	80221.001	3/31/00	60/193,455
United States	2750-0780P	91041.001	3/31/00	60/193,469
United States	2750-0781P	00190.001	3/31/00	60/193,453
United States	2750-0785P	91042.001	4/4/00	60/194,385
United States	2750-0787P	80222.001	4/4/00	60/194,398
United States	2750-0786P	00191.001	4/4/00	60/194,404
United States	2750-0792P	91044.001	4/5/00	60/194,698
United States	2750-0791P	80223.001	4/5/00	60/194,697
United States	2750-0789P	91043.001	4/5/00	60/194,682
United States	2750-0790P	00192.001	4/5/00	60/194,683
United States	2750-0793P	00193.001	4/6/00	60/194,874
Canada	2750-0783F(CA)	91000.102	4/6/00	02/302,828
Europe	2750-0783F(EP)	91000.101	4/6/00	00/302,919
United States	2750-0796P	80225.001	4/6/00	60/195,045
United States	2750-0783P	91000.002	4/6/00	09/543,680
Mexico	2750-0783F(MX)	91000.100	4/6/00	00/003,391
United States	2750-0784P	91045.001	4/6/00	60/194,884
United States	2750-0795P	00194.001	4/6/00	60/194,885
United States	2750-0794P	80224.001	4/6/00	60/194,872
United States	2750-0799P	80226.001	4/7/00	60/195,257
United States	2750-0797P	91046.001	4/7/00	60/195,258
United States	2750-0798P	00195.001	4/7/00	60/195,283
United States	2750-0804P	80228.001	4/11/00	60/196,089
United States	2750-0801P	80227.002	4/11/00	60/196,211
United States	2750-0802P	91047.001	4/11/00	60/196,168
United States	2750-0803P	00196.001	4/11/00	60/196,169
United States	2750-0800P	80227.001		60/196,212
United States	2750-0805P	91048.001		60/196,483
United States	2750-0806P	00197.001		60/196,487
United States	2750-0807P	80229.001		60/196,289
United States	2750-0809P	80230.001		60/196,486
United States	2750-0808P	00200.001		60/196,485
United States	2750-0811P	80231.002		60/196,213
United States	2750-0810P	80231.001	4/14/00	4
United States	2750-0814P	91049.001		60/197,397
United States	2750-0816P	80233.001		60/197,678
United States	2750-0819P	80234.001		60/197,671
United States	2750-0812P	80232.001	, inc	60/197,870
United States	2750-0813P	80232.002	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/197,871
United States	2750-0817P	91050.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/198,268
United States	2750-0815P	00201.001	-5	60/197,687
United States	2750-0818P	00202.001	. 400	60/198,133
United States	2750-0822P	80235.001		60/198,373
United States	2750-0821P	00203.001	.5	60/198,386
United States	2750-0820P	91051.001	4/19/00	60/198,400

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Country	Attorney No.	Client No	. Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-0825P	80236.001	4/20/00	60/198,623
United States	2750-0824P	00204.001	4/20/00	60/198,619
United States	2750-0823P	91052.001	4/20/00	60/198,629
United States	2750-0826P	91053.001	4/21/00	60/198,765
United States	2750-0828P	80237.001	4/21/00	60/198,763
United States	2750-0827P	00206.001	4/21/00	60/198,767
United States	2750-0829P	91054.001	4/24/00	60/199,123
United States	2750-0830P	00207.001	4/24/00	60/199,124
United States	2750-0831P	80238.001	4/24/00	60/199,122
United States	2750-0832P	92001.001	4/26/00	60/200,034
United States	2750-0834P	00208.001	4/26/00	60/199,828
United States	2750-0835P	80239.001	4/26/00	60/199,818
United States	2750-0833P	92002.001	4/26/00	60/200,031
United States	2750-0836P	00210.001	4/27/00	60/200,103
United States	2750-0837P	80240.001	4/27/00	60/200,102
United States	2750-0788P	80123.002	4/28/00	09/559,232
United States	2750-0846P	80243.002	4/28/00	60/200,773
United States	2750-0844P	80242.002	4/28/00	60/200,373
United States	2750-0841P	92001.002	5/1/00	60/201,017
United States	2750-0842P	92002.002	5/1/00	60/201,018
United States	2750-0843P	80242.001	5/1/00	60/200,763
United States	2750-0847P	80244.001	5/1/00	60/200,762
United States	2750-0845P	80243.001	5/1/00	60/201,016
United States	2750-0839P	80241.001	5/1/00	60/200,879
United States	2750-0840P	91055.001	5/1/00	60/200,885
United States	2750-0848P	80244.002	5/1/00	60/200,761
United States	2750-0849P	91056.001	5/2/00	60/201,279
United States	2750-0850P	80245.001	5/2/00	60/201,305
United States	2750-0838P	00211.001	5/2/00	60/201,275
Mexico	2750-0851F(MX)	91002.102	5/4/00	00/004,406
United States	2750-0857P	00212.001	5/4/00	60/201,740
United States	2750-0858P	80246.001	5/4/00	60/201,750
United States	2750-0856P	91057.001	5/4/00	60/201,751
United States	2750-0852P	80126.002	5/4/00	09/566,262
United States	2750-0859P	91058.001	5/5/00	60/202,178
Europe	2750-0851F(EP)	91002.101		00/303,770
Canada	2750-0851F(CA)	91002.100		02/305,695
United States	2750-0860P	00213.001		60/202,112
United States	2750-0851P	91002.002	5/5/00	09/565,308
United States	2750-0861P	80247.001		60/202,180
United States	2750-0855P	80130.002		09/565,310
United States	2750-0854P	80129.002		09/565,307
United States	2750-0853P	80127.002		09/565,309
United States	2750-0865P	00215.001		60/202,919
United States	2750-0863P	80248.001		60/202,636
United States	2750-0864P	91059.001		60/202,915
United States	2750-0866P	80249.001	010110111111111111111111111111111111111	60/202,634
United States	2750-0862P	00214.001		60/202,914
United States	2750-0877P	91060.001		60/202,969
United States	2750-0879P	80252.001	5/10/00	60/202,963

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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.		Application No.
United States	2750-0878P	00216.001		60/202,968
United States	2750-0870P	80251.002	e e e glacia e e e la eleveró el el la eller el el en el el en el el eller grapa de la eleveró de la eleveró d	60/203,622
United States	2750-0869P	80251.001		60/203,669
United States	2750-0871P	80131.002		09/572,408
United States	2750-0881P	00217.001	······································	60/203,457
United States	2750-0880P	91061.001	5/11/00	60/203,458
United States	2750-0868P	80250.002	5/11/00	60/203,672
United States	2750-0867P	80250.001	5/11/00	60/203,671
United States	2750-0882P	80253.001	5/11/00	60/203,279
Mexico	2750-0875F(MX)	91006.102	5/12/00	00/004,628
United States	2750-0873P	00025.002	5/12/00	09/570,582
Europe	2750-0875F(EP)	91006.101	5/12/00	00/304,017
United States	2750-0874P	80116.002	5/12/00	09/570,738
United States	2750-0875P	91006.002	5/12/00	09/570,581
United States	2750-0883P	91062.001	5/12/00	60/203,911
United States	2750-0884P	00219.001	5/12/00	60/203,916
United States	2750-0885P	80254.001	5/12/00	60/203,915
Canada	2750-0875F(CA)	91006.100	5/12/00	02/306,232
United States	2750-0872P	80117.002	5/12/00	09/570,768
United States	2750-0886P	91063.001		60/204,395
United States	2750-0888P	80255.001		60/204,122
United States	2750-0887P	00220.001		60/204,388
United States	2750-0891P	00221.001		60/204,568
United States	2750-0892P	80256.001		60/204,569
United States	2750-0894P	80257.001		60/204,829
United States	2750-0893P	00222.001		60/204,830
United States	2750-0890P	92002.003		60/205,325
United States	2750-0889P	92001.003		60/205,233
Canada	2750-0876F(CA)	91007.100		02/306,202
United States	2750-0896P	80258.001		60/205,058
Europe	2750-0876F(EP)	91007.101		00/304,161
United States	2750-0876P	91007.002		09/573,655
Mexico	2750-0876F(MX)	91007.102		00/004,850
United States	2750-0895P	00223.001	,	60/205,201
United States	2750-0898P	80259.001		60/205,243
United States	2750-0897P	00224.001		60/205,242
United States	2750-0900P	00225.001		60/205,572
United States	2750-0899P	91064.001	······································	60/205,574
United States	2750-0901P	80260.001	- G	60/205,576
United States	2750-0903P	80261.001	7	60/206,319
United States	2750-0902P	00226.001		60/206,316
United States	2750-0905P	80262.001		60/206,545
United States	2750-0904P	00202.001		60/206,553
United States	2750-0906P	91065.001		60/206,988
United States	2750-0908P	80263.001		60/207,243
United States	2750-0910P	00203.001	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	60/207,239
United States	2750-0910F 2750-0911P	80264.001	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	60/207,354
United States	2750-0911P 2750-0907P	00228.001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60/207,354
United States	2750-0907P 2750-0909P	91066.001		60/207,367
United States	2750-0909F 2750-0913P	00230.001		60/207,242 60/207,452
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-0912P	91067.001		60/207,291
United States	2750-0914P	80265.001		60/207,329
United States	2750-0916P	80266.002		60/208,421
United States	2750-0918P	80267.002		60/208,648
United States	2750-0919P	91068.001		60/208,324
United States	2750-0920P	00231.001		60/208,329
United States	2750-0921P	80268.001	edicare exercise exercises to the second of the second	60/208,312
United States	2750-0915P	80266.001		60/209,338
United States	2750-0917P	80267.001		60/208,649
United States	2750-0926P	00233.001	6/5/00	60/208,921
United States	2750-0924P	80269.001	6/5/00	60/208,918
United States	2750-0925P	91070.001		60/208,917
United States	2750-0922P	91069.001	?	60/208,919
United States	2750-0927P	80270.001		60/208,920
United States	2750-0923P	00232.001	6/5/00	60/208,910
United States	2750-0930P	00234.001	6/8/00	60/210,012
United States	2750-0929P	91071.001	·····	60/210,008
United States	2750-0931P	80271.001	6/8/00	60/210,006
United States	2750-0933P	80272.001	6/9/00	60/210,564
United States	2750-0932P	00235.001	6/9/00	60/210,670
Mexico	2750-1037F(MX)	91000.103(MX)	6/9/00	00/005,741
Mexico	2750-0928F(MX)	00033.102	6/9/00	00/005,740
Canada	2750-0928F(CA)	00033.100	6/9/00	
United States	2750-0928P	00033.003	6/9/00	09/592,459
Europe	2750-0928F(EP)	00033.101	6/12/00	00/304,943
United States	2750-0937P	91072.001	6/13/00	60/211,210
United States	2750-0935P	00237.001	6/13/00	60/211,213
United States	2750-0936P	80273.001	6/13/00	60/211,214
Canada	2750-0934F(CA)	00034.100	6/14/00	
Mexico	2750-0934F(MX)	00034.102	6/14/00	00/005,842
United States	2750-0934P	00034.002		09/593,710
Europe	2750-0934F(EP)	00034.101	6/14/00	00/305,026
United States	2750-0938P	00238.001	6/15/00	60/211,539
United States	2750-0940P	91074.001	6/15/00	60/211,538
United States	2750-0939P	80274.001	6/15/00	60/211,540
Europe	2750-0943F(EP)	00039.101	6/16/00	
Mexico	2750-0941F(MX)	00037.102		00/005,950
Europe	2750-0941F(EP)	00037.101	·	00/305,144
Canada	2750-0941F(CA)	00037.100	6/16/00	
Mexico	2750-0943F(MX)	00039.102	6/16/00	
United States	2750-0950P	80132.019		09/594,598
Mexico	2750-0942F(MX)	00038.102	6/16/00	
Europe	2750-0942F(EP)	00038.101	6/16/00	
United States	2750-0945P	80132.014	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	09/595,333
United States	2750-0944P	80132.013		09/595,330
United States		00039.002	der er e	09/596,577
		80132.016		09/595,335
United States	2750-0954P	80132.023		09/594,599
United States	2750-0955P	80132.024	ç	09/595,331
United States	2750-0952P	80132.021	6/16/00	09/594,597



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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed Application No.
United States	2750-0948P	80132.017	6/16/00 09/595,329
United States	2750-0942P	00038.002	6/16/00 09/595,326
Canada	2750-0942F(CA)	00038.100	6/16/00
United States	2750-0946P	80132.015	6/16/00 09/595,328
United States	2750-0941P	00037.002	6/16/00 09/595,334
United States	2750-0949P	80132.018	6/16/00 09/595,332
Canada	2750-0943F(CA)	00039.100	6/16/00
United States	2750-0953P	80132.022	6/16/00 09/595,298
United States	2750-0951P	80132.020	6/16/00 09/594,595
United States	2750-0958P	91075.001	6/19/00 60/212,623
United States	2750-0956P	00239.001	6/19/00 60/212,414
United States	2750-0957P	80275.001	6/19/00 60/212,649
United States	2750-0960P	80276.001	6/20/00 60/212,713
United States	2750-0961P	91076.001	6/20/00 60/212,727
United States	2750-0959P	00240.001	6/20/00 60/212,677
Europe	2750-0971F(EP)	00042.101	6/21/00 00/305,249
Mexico	2750-0971F(MX)	00042.102	6/21/00 00/006,142
Canada	2750-0971F(CA)	00042.100	6/21/00 02/309,874
United States	2750-0971P	00042.003	6/21/00 09/602,660
United States	2750-0962P	00242.001	6/22/00 60/213,271
United States	2750-0963P	80277.001	6/22/00 60/213,249
Europe	2750-0972F(EP)	00043.101	6/22/00 00/305,270
Mexico	2750-0972F(MX)	00043.102	6/22/00 00/006,625
United States	2750-0967P	91079.001	6/22/00 60/213,270
United States	2750-0964P	91077.001	6/22/00 60/213,195
United States	2750-0965P	00246.001	6/22/00 60/213,221
Canada	2750-0972F(CA)	00043.100	6/22/00 02/309,793
United States	2750-0972P	00043.002	6/22/00 09/602,152
United States	2750-0966P	80278.001	6/22/00 60/213,220
United States	2750-0973P	00044.002	6/23/00 09/602,205
Canada	2750-0973F(CA)	00044.100	6/23/00 02/309,889
Canada	2750-0974F(CA)	00042.100	6/23/00
Europe	2750-0974F(EP)	00042.101	6/23/00
Mexico	2750-0974F(MX)	00042.102	6/23/00
Europe	2750-0973F(EP)	00044.101	6/23/00 00/305,305
Mexico	2750-0975F(MX)	00045.102	6/23/00
Mexico	2750-0973F(MX)	00043.102	6/23/00 00/006,267
United States	2750-0975P	00045.002	6/23/00 09/602,016
Canada	2750-0975F(CA)	00045.100	6/23/00
Europe	2750-0975F(EP)	00045.101	6/23/00
United States	2750-09731 (LF)	00043.101	6/27/00
United States	2750-0966P 2750-1036P	80280.001	6/27/00 60/214,535
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United States	2750-1035P	***************************************	6/27/00 60/214,534
United States	2750-0969P	80279.001	6/27/00 60/214,762
United States	2750-0970P	91080.001	6/27/00 60/214,524
United States	2750-0976P	00046.002	6/28/00 09/605,843
United States	2750-1039P	80281.001	6/28/00 60/214,799
Mexico	2750-0976F(MX)	00046.102	6/28/00
Europe	2750-0976F(EP)	00046.101	6/28/00
Canada	2750-0976F(CA)	00046.100	6/28/00

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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed Application No.
United States	2750-1038P	00249.001	6/28/00 60/214,800
Canada	2750-0977F(CA)	00048.100	6/29/00
United States	2750-0977P	00048.002	6/29/00 09/606,181
Europe	2750-0977F(EP)	00048.101	6/29/00
Mexico	2750-0977F(MX)	00048.102	6/29/00
Mexico	2750-0981F(MX)	00052.102	6/30/00
Canada	2750-0980F(CA)	00051.100	6/30/00
United States	2750-0979P	00050.002	6/30/00 09/607,081
Mexico	2750-0978F(MX)	00049.102	6/30/00
Europe	2750-0978F(EP)	00049.101	6/30/00
Canada	2750-0978F(CA)	00049.100	6/30/00
United States	2750-1041P	80282.001	6/30/00 60/215,127
Mexico	2750-0979F(MX)	00050.102	6/30/00
Europe	2750-0979F(EP)	00050.101	6/30/00
United States	2750-0978P	00049.002	6/30/00 09/608,960
Europe	2750-0980F(EP)	00051.101	6/30/00
Mexico	2750-0980F(MX)	00051.102	6/30/00
Europe	2750-0981F(EP)	00052.101	6/30/00
Canada	2750-0981F(CA)	00052.100	6/30/00
United States	2750-0981P	00052.002	6/30/00 09/609,198
United States	2750-0980P	00051.002	6/30/00 09/610,157
United States	2750-1040P	00250.001	6/30/00 60/215,775
Canada	2750-0979F(CA)	00050.100	6/30/00
United States	2750-1043P	80283.001	7/5/00 60/216,362
United States	2750-1042P	00252.001	7/5/00
Canada	2750-0982F(CA)	00053.100	7/6/00
Mexico	2750-0982F(MX)	00053.102	7/6/00
United States	2750-0982P	00053.002	7/6/00 09/611,409
Europe	2750-0982F(EP)	00053.101	7/6/00
United States	2750-0984P	00058.002	7/7/00 09/613,547
Canada	2750-0984F(CA)	00058.100	7/7/00
Mexico	2750-0984F(MX)	00058.102	7/7/00
Europe	2750-0984F(EP)	00058.101	7/7/00
Mexico	2750-0983F(MX)	00054.102	7/7/00
Europe	2750-0983F(EP)	00054.101	7/7/00
Canada .	2750-0983F(CA)	00054.100	7/7/00
United States	2750-0983P	00054.002	7/7/00 09/612,645
United States	2750-1044P	91081.001	7/11/00 60/217,385
United States	2750-1046P	80284.001	7/11/00 60/217,384
United States	2750-1045P	00253.001	7/11/00 60/217,476
United States	2750-1052P	80287.002	7/12/00
Europe	2750-0985F(EP)	00059.101	7/12/00
Canada	2750-0985F(CA)	00059.100	7/12/00
United States	2750-0985P	00059.002	7/12/00 09/615,007
United States	2750-1050P	80286.002	7/12/00
Mexico	2750-0985F(MX)	00059.102	7/12/00
Canada	2750-0986F(CA)	00060.100	7/13/00
United States	2750-1054P	80288.002	7/13/00
Mexico	2750-0986F(MX)	00060.102	7/13/00
Europe	2750-0986F(EP)	00060.101	7/13/00
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-0986P	00060.002	7/13/00	09/615,748
United States	2750-1061P	80134.018	7/14/00	09/614,450
United States	2750-1060P	80134.017	7/14/00	09/614,388
United States	2750-0987P	00061.002	7/14/00	09/617,525
Mexico	2750-0988F(MX)	00062.102	7/14/00	
Canada	2750-0987F(CA)	00061.100	7/14/00	
Europe	2750-0987F(EP)	00061.101	7/14/00	
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Europe	2750-0988F(EP)	00062.101	7/14/00	
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United States	2750-1056P	00254.001	7/18/00	
United States	2750-1055P	91082.001	7/18/00	60/219,021
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United States	2750-1064P	80134.024	7/19/00	09/617,681
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United States	2750-1066P	80135.004	7/20/00	09/620,978
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United States	2750-1070P	80134.019		09/620,111
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United States	2750-1059P	00255.001	7/25/00	

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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-1080P	00256.001	7/25/00	
United States	2750-1079P	80292.001	7/25/00	
Canada	2750-0994F(CA)	00070.100	7/26/00	
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United States	2750-1256P	80299.002	8/1/00	y
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United States	2750-1076P	80137.003		09/628,985
Mexico	2750-0997F(MX)	00073.102	8/2/00	·
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United States	2750-1031F 2750-0998P	00074.002		09/632,349
United States	2750-0996F 2750-1255P	80299.001	8/3/00	09/002,049
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United States	2750-1094P	80139.004		09/635,642
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Country Attorney No. Client No. Filed Applicate Europe 2750-1002F(EP) 00080.101 8/9/00 United States 2750-1115P 92002.004 8/9/00 United States 2750-1114P 92001.004 8/9/00 60/224,39 United States 2750-1002P 00080.002 8/9/00 09/635,27 Canada 2750-1002F(CA) 00080.100 8/9/00 United States 2750-1093P 80139.003 8/10/00 09/635,64 Europe 2750-1005F(EP) 00083.101 8/11/00	90 77
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United States 2750-1102P 80141.006 8/11/00 09/637,56	35
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United States 2750-1084P 80300.001 8/15/00	
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United States 2750-1108P 80295.002 8/16/00	
United States 2750-1112P 80297.002 8/16/00	
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United States 2750-1107P 80295.001 8/18/00	
mexico 2750-1009F(MX) 00087.102 8/18/00	
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
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Mexico	2750-1008F(MX)	00086.102	8/18/00	
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United States	2750-1122P	80289.007	8/23/00	
United States	2750-1131P	80289.016	8/23/00	
United States	2750-1123P	80289.008	8/23/00	
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United States	2750-1145P	80289.030	8/25/00	60/227,728
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Europe	2750-1011F(EP)	00089.101	8/25/00	
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Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
United States	2750-1119P	80289.004	·	60/228,029
United States	2750-1013P	00091.002	8/25/00	
United States	2750-1011P	00089.002	8/25/00	
United States	2750-1139P	80289.024	8/25/00	60/228,167
United States	2750-1128P	80289.013	8/25/00	60/227,726
United States	2750-1138P	80289.023	8/25/00	60/227,729
United States	2750-1142P	80289.027	8/25/00	60/227,733
United States	2750-1141P	80289.026	8/25/00	
United States	2750-1152P	80289.037	8/25/00	
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United States	2750-1225P	80308.001	8/30/00	
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Canada	2750-1015F(CA)	00093.100	8/31/00	
Mexico	2750-1015F(MX)	00093.102	8/31/00	
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	2750-1090P	80303.001	8/31/00	
	2750-1113P	80304.001	8/31/00	
	2750-1091P	80303.002	8/31/00	
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United States	2750-1228P	91089.001	9/6/00	\$
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United States	2750-1227P	80309.001	9/6/00	
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Canada	2750-1017F(CA)	00095.100	9/7/00	
Mexico	2750-1018F(MX)	00096.102	9/8/00	
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United States	2750-1230P	91090.001	9/13/00	***************************************
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Europe	2750-1019F(EP)	00098.101	9/13/00	
Canada	2750-1019F(CA)	00098.100	9/13/00	
United States	···;·····	00098.002		09/660,883
United States	2750-1229P	80310.001	9/13/00	



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Canada 2750-1021F(CA) 00101.100 9/15/00 United States 2750-1231P 80311.001 9/15/00 United States 2750-1021F(MX) 00101.102 9/15/00 United States 2750-1020F(CA) 00099.002 9/15/00 Canada 2750-1020F(CA) 00099.100 9/15/00 Europe 2750-1020F(CA) 00099.101 9/15/00 United States 2750-1020F(MX) 00099.101 9/15/00 United States 2750-1020F(MX) 00099.101 9/15/00 United States 2750-1020F(MX) 00099.101 9/15/00 United States 2750-1232P 91091.001 9/15/00 United States 2750-1233P 80312.001 9/18/00 United States 2750-1234P 91092.001 9/18/00 United States 2750-1234P 91093.001 9/20/00 United States 2750-1253P 80313.001 9/20/00 United States 2750-1254P 91093.001 9/20/00 United States 2750-1254P 91093.001 9/20/00 United States 2750-1022F(CA) 00102.100 9/20/00 Europe 2750-1022F(CA) 00102.100 9/20/00 United States 2750-1022F(CA) 00102.100 9/20/00 United States 2750-1022F(CA) 00102.100 9/20/00 United States 2750-1023F(PP) 00102.101 9/20/00 United States 2750-1023F(PP) 00102.102 9/20/00 United States 2750-1254P 91095.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1259P 80314.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1250P 00103.002 9/22/00 United States 2750-1259P 80314.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1259P 80314.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1025F(CA) 00105.100 9/22/00 United States 2750-1023F(CA) 00105.100 9/22/00 United States 2750-1024F(CA) 00104.100 9/22/00 United States 2750-1024F(CA) 00104.100 9/22/00 United States 2750-1025F(CA) 00105.101 9/22/00 United States 2750-1025F(CA) 00105.101 9/22/00 United States 2750-1266P 80316.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1266P 80316.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1266P 91097.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1266P 91098.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-127P 9108.001 10/2/00 United States 2750-127P 9100.001	Country	Attorney No.	Client No.	Filed	Application No.
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United States 2750-1022P 00102.002 9/20/00 Canada 2750-1022F(CA) 00102.100 9/20/00 Europe 2750-1022F(EP) 00102.101 9/20/00 Mexico 2750-1022F(MX) 00102.102 9/20/00 United States 2750-1261P 91095.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1260P 91094.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1259P 80314.001 9/21/00 United States 2750-1023P 00103.002 9/22/00 Canada 2750-1025F(CA) 00105.100 9/22/00 Europe 2750-1023F(EP) 00105.100 9/22/00 United States 2750-1023F 00103.002 9/22/00 United States 2750-1023F(CA) 00105.100 9/22/00 Europe 2750-1023F(CA) 00105.002 9/22/00 Canada 2750-1024F(MX) 00104.102 9/22/00 Mexico 2750-1024F(MX) 00104.102 9/22/00 Europe 2750-1024F(EP) 00104.101 9/22/00 United States 2750-1024P 00104.001 9/22/00 United States 2750-1025F(MX) 00105.102 9/22/00 Durited States 2750-1025F(MX) 00105.102 9/22/00 Mexico 2750-1025F(MX) 00105.102 9/22/00 Mexico 2750-1025F(MX) 00105.102 9/22/00 Mexico 2750-1025F(MX) 00105.102 9/22/00 Mexico 2750-1025F(MX) 00105.102 9/22/00 United States 2750-1264P 80316.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1264P 80316.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1263P 91096.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1266P 80317.001 9/26/00 United States 2750-1266P 80317.001 9/26/00 United States 2750-1268P 91098.001 9/25/00 United States 2750-1268P 91098.001 9/26/00 United States 2750-1269P 91098.001 10/2/00 United States 2750-1269P 91098.001 10/2/00 United States 2750-1271P 91100.001 10/2/00 United States 2750-1271P 91100.001 10/4/00 United States 2750-1274P 80320.001 10/5/00	United States	2750-1253P	80313.001	9/20/00	
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United States	2750-1031P	00111.002	10/6/00	
United States	2750-1032P	00112.002	10/6/00	
United States	2750-1277P	80322.001	10/10/00	
United States	2750-1276P	91102.001	10/10/00	
United States	2750-1275P	80321.001	10/10/00	
United States	2750-1278P	91103.001	10/10/00	
United States	2750-1280P	91104.001	10/11/00	
United States	2750-1279P	80323.001	10/11/00	
United States	2750-1033P	00113.002	10/12/00	
United States	2750-1281P	80324.001	10/17/00	
United States	2750-1282P	91105.001	10/17/00	

All applications listed in the table above are expressly incorporated herein by reference in their entirety and for all purposes.

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The SDFs of the invention can also be used as probes to search for genes that are related to the SDF within a species. Such related genes are typically considered to be members of a gene family. In such a case, the sequence similarity will often be concentrated into one or a few fragments of the sequence. The fragments of similar sequence that define the gene family typically encode a fragment of a protein or RNA that has an enzymatic or structural function. The percentage of identity in the amino acid sequence of the domain that defines the gene family is preferably at least 70%, more preferably 80 to 95%, most preferably 85 to 99%. To search for members of a gene family within a species, a low stringency hybridization is usually performed, but this will depend upon the size, distribution and degree of sequence divergence of domains that define the gene family. SDFs encompassing regulatory regions can be used to identify coordinately expressed genes by using the regulatory region sequence of the SDF as a probe.

In the instances where the SDFs are identified as being expressed from genes that confer a particular phenotype, then the SDFs can also be used as probes to assay plants of different species for those phenotypes.

I.C. Methods to Inhibit Gene Expression

The nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used to inhibit gene transcription and/or translation. Example of such methods include, without limitation:

Antisense Constructs;

Ribozyme Constructs;

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Co-Suppression;

Transcriptional Silencing; and

Chimeraplast Constructs;

Other Methods of Gene Expression.

C.1 Antisense

In some instances it is desirable to suppress expression of an endogenous or exogenous gene. A well-known instance is the FLAVOR-SAVORTM tomato, in which the gene encoding ACC synthase is inactivated by an antisense approach, thus delaying softening of the fruit after ripening. See for example, U.S. Patent No. 5,859,330; U.S. Patent No. 5,723,766; Oeller, et al, Science, 254:437-439(1991); and Hamilton et al, Nature, 346:284-287 (1990). Also, timing of flowering can be controlled by suppression of the FLOWERING LOCUS C (FLC); high levels of this transcript are associated with late flowering, while absence of FLC is associated with early flowering (S.D. Michaels et al., Plant Cell 11:949 (1999). Also, the transition of apical meristem from production of leaves with associated shoots to flowering is regulated by TERMINAL FLOWER1, APETALA1 and LEAFY. Thus, when it is desired to induce a transition from shoot production to flowering, it is desirable to suppress TFL1 expression (S.J. Liljegren, Plant Cell 11:1007 (1999)). As another instance, arrested ovule development and female sterility result from suppression of the ethylene forming enzyme but can be reversed by application of ethylene (D. De Martinis et al., Plant Cell 11:1061 (1999)). The ability to manipulate female fertility of plants is useful in increasing fruit production and creating hybrids.

In the case of polynucleotides used to inhibit expression of an endogenous gene, the introduced sequence need not be perfectly identical to a sequence of the target endogenous gene. The introduced polynucleotide sequence will typically be at least substantially identical to the target endogenous sequence.

Some polynucleotide SDFs in Table 1 represent sequences that are expressed in corn, wheat, rice, soybean *Arabidopsis* and/or other plants. Thus the invention includes using these sequences to generate antisense constructs to inhibit translation and/or degradation of transcripts of said SDFs, typically in a plant cell.

To accomplish this, a polynucleotide segment from the desired gene that can hybridize to the mRNA expressed from the desired gene (the antisense segment") is operably linked to a promoter such that the antisense strand of RNA will be transcribed when the construct is present

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in a host cell. A regulated promoter can be used in the construct to control transcription of the antisense segment so that transcription occurs only under desired circumstances.

The antisense segment to be introduced generally will be substantially identical to at least a fragment of the endogenous gene or genes to be repressed. The sequence, however, need not be perfectly identical to inhibit expression. Further, the antisense product may hybridize to the untranslated region instead of or in addition to the coding sequence of the gene. The vectors of the present invention can be designed such that the inhibitory effect applies to other proteins within a family of genes exhibiting homology or substantial homology to the target gene.

For antisense suppression, the introduced antisense segment sequence also need not be full length relative to either the primary transcription product or the fully processed mRNA. Generally, a higher percentage of sequence identity can be used to compensate for the use of a shorter sequence. Furthermore, the introduced sequence need not have the same intron or exon pattern, and homology of non-coding segments may be equally effective. Normally, a sequence of between about 30 or 40 nucleotides and the full length of the transcript canbe used, though a sequence of at least about 100 nucleotides is preferred, a sequence of at least about 200 nucleotides is more preferred, and a sequence of at least about 500 nucleotides is especially preferred.

C.2. Ribozymes

It is also contemplated that gene constructs representing ribozymes and based on the SDFs in TABLE 1 are an object of the invention. Ribozymes can also be used to inhibit expression of genes by suppressing the translation of the mRNA into a polypeptide. It is possible to design ribozymes that specifically pair with virtually any target RNA and cleave the phosphodiester backbone at a specific location, thereby functionally inactivating the target RNA. In carrying out this cleavage, the ribozyme is not itself altered, and is thus capable of recycling and cleaving other molecules, making it a true enzyme. The inclusion of ribozyme sequences within antisense RNAs confers RNA-cleaving activity upon them, thereby increasing the activity of the constructs.

A number of classes of ribozymes have been identified. One class of ribozymes is derived from a number of small circular RNAs, which are capable of self-cleavage and replication in plants. The RNAs replicate either alone (viroid RNAs) or with a helper virus (satellite RNAs). Examples include RNAs from avocado sunblotch viroid and the satellite RNAs from tobacco ringspot virus, lucerne transient streak virus, velvet tobacco mottle virus,

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solanum nodiflorum mottle virus and subterranean clover mottle virus. The design and use of target RNA-specific ribozymes is described in Haseloff et al. *Nature*, 334:585 (1988).

Like the antisense constructs above, the ribozyme sequence fragment necessary for pairing need not be identical to the target nucleotides to be cleaved, nor identical to the sequences in TABLE 1. Ribozymes may be constructed by combining the ribozyme sequence and some fragment of the target gene which would allow recognition of the target gene mRNA by the resulting ribozyme molecule. Generally, the sequence in the ribozyme capable of binding to the target sequence exhibits a percentage of sequence identity with at least 80%, preferably with at least 85%, more preferably with at least 90% and most preferably with at least 95%, even more preferably, with at least 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% sequence identity to some fragment of a sequence in TABLE 1 or the complement thereof. The ribozyme can be equally effective in inhibiting mRNA translation by cleaving either in the untranslated or coding regions. Generally, a higher percentage of sequence identity can be used to compensate for the use of a shorter sequence. Furthermore, the introduced sequence need not have the same intron or exon pattern, and homology of non-coding segments may be equally effective.

C.3. Chimeraplasts

The SDFs of the invention, such as those described by Table 1, can also be used to construct chimeraplasts that can be introduced into a cell to produce at least one specific nucleotide change in a sequence corresponding to the SDF of the invention. A chimeraplast is an oligonucleotide comprising DNA and/or RNA that specifically hybridizes to a target region in a manner which creates a mismatched base-pair. This mismatched base-pair signals the cell's repair enzyme machinery which acts on the mismatched region resulting in the replacement, insertion or deletion of designated nucleotide(s). The altered sequence is then expressed by the cell's normal cellular mechanisms. Chimeraplasts can be designed to repair mutant genes, modify genes, introduce site-specific mutations, and/or act to interrupt or alter normal gene function (US Pat. Nos. 6,010,907 and 6,004,804; and PCT Pub. No. WO99/58723 and WO99/07865).

C.4. Sense Suppression

The SDFs of Table 1 of the present invention are also useful to modulate gene expression by sense suppression. Sense suppression represents another method of gene

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suppression by introducing at least one exogenous copy or fragment of the endogenous sequence to be suppressed.

Introduction of expression cassettes in which a nucleic acid is configured in the sense orientation with respect to the promoter into the chromosome of a plant or by a self-replicating virus has been shown to be an effective means by which to induce degradation of mRNAs of target genes. For an example of the use of this method to modulate expression of endogenous genes *see*, Napoli et al., *The Plant Cell* 2:279 (1990), and U.S. Patents Nos. 5,034,323, 5,231,020, and 5,283,184. Inhibition of expression may require some transcription of the introduced sequence.

For sense suppression, the introduced sequence generally will be substantially identical to the endogenous sequence intended to be inactivated. The minimal percentage of sequence identity will typically be greater than about 65%, but a higher percentage of sequence identity might exert a more effective reduction in the level of normal gene products. Sequence identity of more than about 80% is preferred, though about 95% to absolute identity would be most preferred. As with antisense regulation, the effect would likely apply to any other proteins within a similar family of genes exhibiting homology or substantial homology to the suppressing sequence.

C.5. Transcriptional Silencing

The nucleic acid sequences of the invention, including the SDFs of Table 1, and fragments thereof, contain sequences that can be inserted into the genome of an organism resulting in transcriptional silencing. Such regulatory sequences need not be operatively linked to coding sequences to modulate transcription of a gene. Specifically, a promoter sequence without any other element of a gene can be introduced into a genome to transcriptionally silence an endogenous gene (see, for example, Vaucheret, H et al. (1998) The Plant Journal 16: 651-659). As another example, triple helices can be formed using oligonucleotides based on sequences from TABLE 1, fragments thereof, and substantially similar sequence thereto. The oligonucleotide can be delivered to the host cell and can bind to the promoter in the genome to form a triple helix and prevent transcription. An oligonucleotide of interest is one that can bind to the promoter and block binding of a transcription factor to the promoter. In such a case, the oligonucleotide can be complementary to the sequences of the promoter that interact with transcription binding factors.

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C.6. Other Methods to Inhibit Gene Expression

Yet another means of suppressing gene expression is to insert a polynucleotide into the gene of interest to disrupt transcription or translation of the gene.

Low frequency homologous recombination can be used to target a polynucleotide insert to a gene by flanking the polynucleotide insert with sequences that are substantially similar to the gene to be disrupted. Sequences from TABLE 1, fragments thereof, and substantially similar sequence thereto can be used for homologous recombination.

In addition, random insertion of polynucleotides into a host cell genome can also be used to disrupt the gene of interest. Azpiroz-Leehan et al., *Trends in Genetics* 13:152 (1997). In this method, screening for clones from a library containing random insertions is preferred to identifying those that have polynucleotides inserted into the gene of interest. Such screening can be performed using probes and/or primers described above based on sequences from TABLE 1, fragments thereof, and substantially similar sequence thereto. The screening can also be performed by selecting clones or R₁ plants having a desired phenotype.

I.D. <u>Methods of Functional Analysis</u>

The constructs described in the methods under I.C. above can be used to determine the function of the polypeptide encoded by the gene that is targeted by the constructs.

Down-regulating the transcription and translation of the targeted gene in the host cell or organisms, such as a plant, may produce phenotypic changes as compared to a wild-type cell or organism. In addition, *in vitro* assays can be used to determine if any biological activity, such as calcium flux, DNA transcription, nucleotide incorporation, etc., are being modulated by the down-regulation of the targeted gene.

Coordinated regulation of sets of genes, e.g., those contributing to a desired polygenic trait, is sometimes necessary to obtain a desired phenotype. SDFs of the invention representing transcription activation and DNA binding domains can be assembled into hybrid transcriptional activators. These hybrid transcriptional activators can be used with their corresponding DNA elements (i.e., those bound by the DNA-binding SDFs) to effect coordinated expression of desired genes (J.J. Schwarz et al., *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 12:266 (1992), A. Martinez et al., *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 261:546 (1999)).

The SDFs of the invention can also be used in the two-hybrid genetic systems to identify networks of protein-protein interactions (L. McAlister-Henn et al., *Methods* 19:330 (1999), J.C. Hu et al., *Methods* 20:80 (2000), M. Golovkin et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 274:36428

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(1999), K. Ichimura et al., *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 253:532 (1998)). The SDFs of the invention can also be used in various expression display methods to identify important protein-DNA interactions (e.g. B. Luo et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* 266:479 (1997)).

I.E. Promoters

The SDFs of the invention are also useful as structural or regulatory sequences in a construct for modulating the expression of the corresponding gene in a plant or other organism, *e.g.* a symbiotic bacterium. For example, promoter sequences associated to SDFs of Table 1 of the present invention can be useful in directing expression of coding sequences either as constitutive promoters or to direct expression in particular cell types, tissues, or organs or in response to environmental stimuli.

With respect to the SDFs of the present invention a promoter is likely to be a relatively small portion of a genomic DNA (gDNA) sequence located in the first 2000 nucleotides upstream from an initial exon identified in a gDNA sequence or initial ATG" or methionine codon or translational start site in a corresponding cDNA sequence. Such promoters are more likely to be found in the first 1000 nucleotides upstream of an initial ATG or methionine codon or translational start site of a cDNA sequence corresponding to a gDNA sequence. In particular, the promoter is usually located upstream of the transcription start site. The fragments of a particular gDNA sequence that function as elements of a promoter in a plant cell will preferably be found to hybridize to gDNA sequences presented and described in Table 1 at medium or high stringency, relevant to the length of the probe and its base composition.

Promoters are generally modular in nature. Promoters can consist of a basal promoter that functions as a site for assembly of a transcription complex comprising an RNA polymerase, for example RNA polymerase II. A typical transcription complex will include additional factors such as TF_{II}B, TF_{II}D, and TF_{II}E. Of these, TF_{II}D appears to be the only one to bind DNA directly. The promoter might also contain one or more enhancers and/or suppressors that function as binding sites for additional transcription factors that have the function of modulating the level of transcription with respect to tissue specificity and of transcriptional responses to particular environmental or nutritional factors, and the like.

Short DNA sequences representing binding sites for proteins can be separated from each other by intervening sequences of varying length. For example, within a particular functional module, protein binding sites may be constituted by regions of 5 to 60, preferably 10 to 30, more

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preferably 10 to 20 nucleotides. Within such binding sites, there are typically 2 to 6 nucleotides that specifically contact amino acids of the nucleic acid binding protein. The protein binding sites are usually separated from each other by 10 to several hundred nucleotides, typically by 15 to 150 nucleotides, often by 20 to 50 nucleotides. DNA binding sites in promoter elements often display dyad symmetry in their sequence. Often elements binding several different proteins, and/or a plurality of sites that bind the same protein, will be combined in a region of 50 to 1,000 basepairs.

Elements that have transcription regulatory function can be isolated from their corresponding endogenous gene, or the desired sequence can be synthesized, and recombined in constructs to direct expression of a coding region of a gene in a desired tissue-specific, temporal-specific or other desired manner of inducibility or suppression. When hybridizations are performed to identify or isolate elements of a promoter by hybridization to the long sequences presented in TABLE 1, conditions are adjusted to account for the above-described nature of promoters. For example short probes, constituting the element sought, are preferably used under low temperature and/or high salt conditions. When long probes, which might include several promoter elements are used, low to medium stringency conditions are preferred when hybridizing to promoters across species.

If a nucleotide sequence of an SDF, or part of the SDF, functions as a promoter or fragment of a promoter, then nucleotide substitutions, insertions or deletions that do not substantially affect the binding of relevant DNA binding proteins would be considered equivalent to the exemplified nucleotide sequence. It is envisioned that there are instances where it is desirable to decrease the binding of relevant DNA binding proteins to silence or down-regulate a promoter, or conversely to increase the binding of relevant DNA binding proteins to enhance or up-regulate a promoter and vice versa. In such instances, polynucleotides representing changes to the nucleotide sequence of the DNA-protein contact region by insertion of additional nucleotides, changes to identity of relevant nucleotides, including use of chemically-modified bases, or deletion of one or more nucleotides are considered encompassed by the present invention. In addition, fragments of the promoter sequences described by Table 1 and variants thereof can be fused with other promoters or fragments to facilitate transcription and/or transcription in specific type of cells or under specific conditions.

Promoter function can be assayed by methods known in the art, preferably by measuring activity of a reporter gene operatively linked to the sequence being tested for

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promoter function. Examples of reporter genes include those encoding luciferase, green fluorescent protein, GUS, neo, cat and bar.

I.F. <u>UTRs and Junctions</u>

Polynucleotides comprising untranslated (UTR) sequences and intron/exon junctions are also within the scope of the invention. UTR sequences include introns and 5' or 3' untranslated regions (5' UTRs or 3' UTRs). Fragments of the sequences shown in TABLE 1 can comprise UTRs and intron/exon junctions.

These fragments of SDFs, especially UTRs, can have regulatory functions related to, for example, translation rate and mRNA stability. Thus, these fragments of SDFs can be isolated for use as elements of gene constructs for regulated production of polynucleotides encoding desired polypeptides.

Introns of genomic DNA segments might also have regulatory functions. Sometimes regulatory elements, especially transcription enhancer or suppressor elements, are found within introns. Also, elements related to stability of heteronuclear RNA and efficiency of splicing and of transport to the cytoplasm for translation can be found in intron elements. Thus, these segments can also find use as elements of expression vectors intended for use to transform plants.

Just as with promoters UTR sequences and intron/exon junctions can vary from those shown in TABLE 1. Such changes from those sequences preferably will not affect the regulatory activity of the UTRs or intron/exon junction sequences on expression, transcription, or translation unless selected to do so. However, in some instances, down-or up-regulation of such activity may be desired to modulate traits or phenotypic or *in vitro* activity.

I.G. Coding Sequences

Isolated polynucleotides of the invention can include coding sequences that encode polypeptides comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by sequences in TABLE 1 or an amino acid sequence presented in TABLE 1.

A nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide if a cell (or a cell free *in vitro* system) expressing that nucleotide sequence produces a polypeptide having the recited amino acid sequence when the nucleotide sequence is transcribed and the primary transcript is subsequently processed and translated by a host cell (or a cell free *in vitro* system) harboring the nucleic acid. Thus, an isolated nucleic acid that encodes a particular amino acid sequence

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Coding sequences can be constructed using chemical synthesis techniques or by isolating coding sequences or by modifying such synthesized or isolated coding sequences as described above.

In addition to coding sequences encoding the polypeptide sequences of TABLE 1, which are native to corn, *Arabidopsis*, soybean, rice, wheat, and other plants the isolated polynucleotides can be polynucleotides that encode variants, fragments, and fusions of those native proteins. Such polypeptides are described below in part II.

In variant polynucleotides generally, the number of substitutions, deletions or insertions is preferably less than 20%, more preferably less than 15%; even more preferably less than 10%, 5%, 3% or 1% of the number of nucleotides comprising a particularly exemplified sequence. It is generally expected that non-degenerate nucleotide sequence changes that result in 1 to 10, more preferably 1 to 5 and most preferably 1 to 3 amino acid insertions, deletions or substitutions will not greatly affect the function of an encoded polypeptide. The most preferred embodiments are those wherein 1 to 20, preferably 1 to 10, most preferably 1 to 5 nucleotides are added to, deleted from and/or substituted in the sequences specifically disclosed in TABLE 1.

Insertions or deletions in polynucleotides intended to be used for encoding a polypeptide preferably preserve the reading frame. This consideration is not so important in instances when the polynucleotide is intended to be used as a hybridization probe.

II. Polypeptides and Proteins

IIA. Native polypeptides and proteins

Polypeptides within the scope of the invention include both native proteins as well as variants, fragments, and fusions thereof. Polypeptides of the invention are those encoded by any of the six reading frames of sequences shown in TABLE 1, preferably encoded by the three frames reading in the 5' to 3' direction of the sequences as shown.

Native polypeptides include the proteins encoded by the sequences shown in TABLE 1. Such native polypeptides include those encoded by allelic variants.

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Polypeptide and protein variants will exhibit at least 75% sequence identity to those native polypeptides of TABLE 1. More preferably, the polypeptide variants will exhibit at least 85% sequence identity; even more preferably, at least 90% sequence identity; more preferably at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% sequence identity. Fragments of polypeptide or fragments of polypeptides will exhibit similar percentages of sequence identity to the relevant fragments of the native polypeptide. Fusions will exhibit a similar percentage of sequence identity in that fragment of the fusion represented by the variant of the native peptide.

Furthermore, polypeptide variants will exhibit at least one of the functional properties of the native protein. Such properties include, without limitation, protein interaction, DNA interaction, biological activity, immunological activity, receptor binding, signal transduction, transcription activity, growth factor activity, secondary structure, three-dimensional structure, etc. As to properties related to in vitro or in vivo activities, the variants preferably exhibit at least 60% of the activity of the native protein; more preferably at least 70%, even more preferably at least 80%, 85%, 90% or 95% of at least one activity of the native protein.

One type of variant of native polypeptides comprises amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or insertions. Conservative substitutions are preferred to maintain the function or activity of the polypeptide.

Within the scope of percentage of sequence identity described above, a polypeptide of the invention may have additional individual amino acids or amino acid sequences inserted into the polypeptide in the middle thereof and/or at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal ends thereof. Likewise, some of the amino acids or amino acid sequences may be deleted from the polypeptide.

A.1 Antibodies

Isolated polypeptides can be utilized to produce antibodies. Polypeptides of the invention can generally be used, for example, as antigens for raising antibodies by known techniques. The resulting antibodies are useful as reagents for determining the distribution of the antigen protein within the tissues of a plant or within a cell of a plant. The antibodies are also useful for examining the production level of proteins in various tissues, for example in a wild-type plant or following genetic manipulation of a plant, by methods such as Western blotting.

Antibodies of the present invention, both polyclonal and monoclonal, may be prepared by conventional methods. In general, the polypeptides of the invention are first used to immunize a suitable animal, such as a mouse, rat, rabbit, or goat. Rabbits and goats are preferred for the preparation of polyclonal sera due to the volume of serum obtainable, and the

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Polyclonal antisera is obtained by bleeding the immunized animal into a glass or plastic container, incubating the blood at 25°C for one hour, followed by incubating the blood at 4°C for 2-18 hours. The serum is recovered by centrifugation (e.g., 1,000xg for 10 minutes). About 20-50 ml per bleed may be obtained from rabbits.

Monoclonal antibodies are prepared using the method of Kohler and Milstein, *Nature* 256: 495 (1975), or modification thereof. Typically, a mouse or rat is immunized as described above. However, rather than bleeding the animal to extract serum, the spleen (and optionally several large lymph nodes) is removed and dissociated into single cells. If desired, the spleen cells can be screened (after removal of nonspecifically adherent cells) by applying a cell suspension to a plate, or well, coated with the protein antigen. B-cells producing membrane-bound immunoglobulin specific for the antigen bind to the plate, and are not rinsed away with the rest of the suspension. Resulting B-cells, or all dissociated spleen cells, are then induced to fuse with myeloma cells to form hybridomas, and are cultured in a selective medium (e.g., hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine medium, HAT"). The resulting hybridomas are plated by limiting dilution, and are assayed for the production of antibodies which bind specifically to the immunizing antigen (and which do not bind to unrelated antigens). The selected Mabsecreting hybridomas are then cultured either *in vitro* (*e.g.*, in tissue culture bottles or hollow fiber reactors), or *in vivo* (as ascites in mice).

Other methods for sustaining antibody-producing B-cell clones, such as by EBV transformation, are known.

If desired, the antibodies (whether polyclonal or monoclonal) may be labeled using conventional techniques. Suitable labels include fluorophores, chromophores, radioactive atoms (particularly ³²P and ¹²⁵I), electron-dense reagents, enzymes, and ligands having specific binding partners. Enzymes are typically detected by their activity. For example, horseradish peroxidase

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is usually detected by its ability to convert 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TNB) to a blue pigment, quantifiable with a spectrophotometer.

A.2 In Vitro Applications of Polypeptides

Some polypeptides of the invention will have enzymatic activities that are useful *in vitro*. For example, the soybean trypsin inhibitor (Kunitz) family is one of the numerous families of proteinase inhibitors. It comprises plant proteins which have inhibitory activity against serine proteinases from the trypsin and subtilisin families, thiol proteinases and aspartic proteinases. Thus, these peptides find *in vitro* use in protein purification protocols and perhaps in therapeutic settings requiring topical application of protease inhibitors.

Delta-aminolevulinic acid dehydratase (EC 4.2.1.24) (ALAD) catalyzes the second step in the biosynthesis of heme, the condensation of two molecules of 5-aminolevulinate to form porphobilinogen and is also involved in chlorophyll biosynthesis(Kaczor et al. (1994) Plant Physiol. 1-4: 1411-7; Smith (1988) Biochem. J. 249: 423-8; Schneider (1976) Z. naturforsch. [C] 31: 55-63). Thus, ALAD proteins can be used as catalysts in synthesis of heme derivatives. Enzymes of biosynthetic pathways generally can be used as catalysts for *in vitro* synthesis of the compounds representing products of the pathway.

Polypeptides encoded by SDFs of the invention can be engineered to provide purification reagents to identify and purify additional polypeptides that bind to them. This allows one to identify proteins that function as multimers or elucidate signal transduction or metabolic pathways. In the case of DNA binding proteins, the polypeptide can be used in a similar manner to identify the DNA determinants of specific binding (S. Pierrou et al., *Anal. Biochem.* 229:99 (1995), S. Chusacultanachai et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 274:23591 (1999), Q. Lin et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 272:27274 (1997)).

II.B. POLYPEPTIDE VARIANTS, FRAGMENTS, AND FUSIONS

Generally, variants, fragments, or fusions of the polypeptides encoded by the SDFs of the invention can exhibit at least one of the activities of the identified domains and/or related polypeptides described in Table 1 corresponding to the SDF of interest.

II.B .(1) Variants

A type of variant of the native polypeptides comprises amino acid substitutions. Conservative substitutions, described above (see II.), are preferred to maintain the function or

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activity of the polypeptide. Such substitutions include conservation of charge, polarity, hydrophobicity, size, etc. For example, one or more amino acid residues within the sequence can be substituted with another amino acid of similar polarity that acts as a functional equivalent, for example providing a hydrogen bond in an enzymatic catalysis. Substitutes for an amino acid within an exemplified sequence are preferably made among the members of the class to which the amino acid belongs. For example, the nonpolar (hydrophobic) amino acids include alanine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, proline, phenylalanine, tryptophan and methionine. The polar neutral amino acids include glycine, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, and glutamine. The positively charged (basic) amino acids include arginine, lysine and histidine. The negatively charged (acidic) amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid.

Within the scope of percentage of sequence identity described above, a polypeptide of the invention may have additional individual amino acids or amino acid sequences inserted into the polypeptide in the middle thereof and/or at the N-terminal and/or C-terminal ends thereof. Likewise, some of the amino acids or amino acid sequences may be deleted from the polypeptide. Amino acid substitutions may also be made in the sequences; conservative substitutions being preferred.

One preferred class of variants are those that comprise (1) the domain of an encoded polypeptide and/or (2) residues conserved between the encoded polypeptide and related polypeptides. For this class of variants, the encoded polypeptide sequence is changed by insertion, deletion, or substitution at positions flanking the domain and/or conserved residues.

Another class of variants includes those that comprise an encoded polypeptide sequence that is changed in the domain or conserved residues by a conservative substitution.

Yet another class of variants includes those that lack one of the *in vitro* activities, or structural features of the encoded polypeptides. One example is polypeptides or proteins produced from genes comprising dominant negative mutations. Such a variant may comprise an encoded polypeptide sequence with non-conservative changes in a particular domain or group of conserved residues.

II.A.(2) FRAGMENTS

Fragments of particular interest are those that comprise a domain identified for a polypeptide encoded by an SDF of the instant invention and variants thereof. Also, fragments that comprise at least one region of residues conserved between an SDF encoded polypeptide

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and its related polypeptides are of great interest. Fragments are sometimes useful as polypeptides corresponding to genes comprising dominant negative mutations are.

II.A.(3)FUSIONS

Of interest are chimeras comprising (1) a fragment of the SDF encoded polypeptide or variants thereof of interest and (2) a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the same domain. For example, an AP2 helix encoded by a SDF of the invention fused to second AP2 helix from ANT protein, which comprises two AP2 helices. The present invention also encompasses fusions of SDF encoded polypeptides, variants, or fragments thereof fused with related proteins or fragments thereof.

10 **DEFINITION OF DOMAINS**

The polypeptides of the invention may possess identifying domains. In addition, the domains within the SDF encoded polypeptide can be defined by the region that exhibits at least 70% sequence identity with the consensus sequences listed in the detailed description below of each of the domains.

The majority of the protein domain descriptions given in the protein domain table are obtained from Prosite, (http://www.expasy.ch/prosite/), and Pfam, (http://pfam.wustl.edu/browse.shtml).

A. Activities of Polypeptides Comprising Signal Peptides

Polypeptides comprising signal peptides are a family of proteins that are typically targeted to (1) a particular organelle or intracellular compartment, (2) interact with a particular molecule or (3) for secretion outside of a host cell. Example of polypeptides comprising signal peptides include, without limitation, secreted proteins, soluble proteins, receptors, proteins retained in the ER, etc.

These proteins comprising signal peptides are useful to modulate ligand-receptor interactions, cell-to-cell communication, signal transduction, intracellular communication, and activities and/or chemical cascades that take part in an organism outside or within of any particular cell.

One class of such proteins are soluble proteins which are transported out of the cell. These proteins can act as ligands that bind to receptor to trigger signal transduction or to permit communication between cells.

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Another class is receptor proteins which also comprise a retention domain that lodges the receptor protein in the membrane when the cell transports the receptor to the surface of the cell. Like the soluble ligands, receptors can also modulate signal transduction and communication between cells.

In addition the signal peptide itself can serve as a ligand for some receptors. An example is the interaction of the ER targeting signal peptide with the signal recognition particle (SRP). Here, the SRP binds to the signal peptide, halting translation, and the resulting SRP complex then binds to docking proteins located on the surface of the ER, prompting transfer of the protein into the ER.

A description of signal peptide residue composition is described below in Subsection IV.C.1.

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III. Methods of Modulating Polypeptide Production

It is contemplated that polynucleotides of the invention can be incorporated into a host cell or in-vitro system to modulate polypeptide production. For instance, the SDFs prepared as described herein can be used to prepare expression cassettes useful in a number of techniques for suppressing or enhancing expression.

An example are polynucleotides comprising sequences to be transcribed, such as coding sequences, of the present invention can be inserted into nucleic acid constructs to modulate polypeptide production. Typically, such sequences to be transcribed are heterologous to at least one element of the nucleic acid construct to generate a chimeric gene or construct.

Another example of useful polynucleotides are nucleic acid molecules comprising regulatory sequences of the present invention. Chimeric genes or constructs can be generated when the regulatory sequences of the invention linked to heterologous sequences in a vector construct. Within the scope of invention are such chimeric gene and/or constructs.

Also within the scope of the invention are nucleic acid molecules, whereof at least a part or fragment of these DNA molecules are presented in TABLE 1 of the present application, and wherein the coding sequence is under the control of its own promoter and/or its own regulatory elements. Such molecules are useful for transforming the genome of a host cell or an organism regenerated from said host cell for modulating polypeptide production.

Additionally, a vector capable of producing the oligonucleotide can be inserted into the host cell to deliver the oligonucleotide.

More detailed description of components to be included in vector constructs are described both above and below.

Whether the chimeric vectors or native nucleic acids are utilized, such polynucleotides can be incorporated into a host cell to modulate polypeptide production. Native genes and/or nucleic acid molecules can be effective when exogenous to the host cell.

Methods of modulating polypeptide expression includes, without limitation: Suppression methods, such as

Antisense

Ribozymes

Co-suppression

Insertion of Sequences into the Gene to be Modulated

Regulatory Sequence Modulation.

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as well as Methods for Enhancing Production, such as
Insertion of Exogenous Sequences; and
Regulatory Sequence Modulation.

III.A. Suppression

Expression cassettes of the invention can be used to suppress expression of endogenous genes which comprise the SDF sequence. Inhibiting expression can be useful, for instance, to tailor the ripening characteristics of a fruit (Oeller et al., *Science* 254:437 (1991)) or to influence seed size_(WO98/07842) or to provoke cell ablation (Mariani et al., Nature 357: 384-387 (1992).

As described above, a number of methods can be used to inhibit gene expression in plants, such as antisense, ribozyme, introduction of exogenous genes into a host cell, insertion of a polynucleotide sequence into the coding sequence and/or the promoter of the endogenous gene of interest, and the like.

III.A.1. Antisense

An expression cassette as described above can be transformed into host cell or plant to produce an antisense strand of RNA. For plant cells, antisense RNA inhibits gene expression by preventing the accumulation of mRNA which encodes the enzyme of interest, *see*, e.g., Sheehy et al., *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci.* USA, 85:8805 (1988), and Hiatt et al., U.S. Patent No. 4,801,340.

III.A.2. Ribozymes

Similarly, ribozyme constructs can be transformed into a plant to cleave mRNA and down-regulate translation.

III.A.3. Co-Suppression

Another method of suppression is by introducing an exogenous copy of the gene to be suppressed. Introduction of expression cassettes in which a nucleic acid is configured in the sense orientation with respect to the promoter has been shown to prevent the accumulation of mRNA. A detailed description of this method is described above.

III.A.4. <u>Insertion of Sequences into the Gene to be Modulated</u>

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Yet another means of suppressing gene expression is to insert a polynucleotide into the gene of interest to disrupt transcription or translation of the gene.

Homologous recombination could be used to target a polynucleotide insert to a gene using the Cre-Lox system (A.C. Vergunst et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 26:2729 (1998), A.C. Vergunst et al., *Plant Mol. Biol.* 38:393 (1998), H. Albert et al., *Plant J.* 7:649 (1995)).

In addition, random insertion of polynucleotides into a host cell genome can also be used to disrupt the gene of interest. Azpiroz-Leehan et al., *Trends in Genetics* 13:152 (1997). In this method, screening for clones from a library containing random insertions is preferred for identifying those that have polynucleotides inserted into the gene of interest. Such screening can be performed using probes and/or primers described above based on sequences from TABLE 1, fragments thereof, and substantially similar sequence thereto. The screening can also be performed by selecting clones or any transgenic plants having a desired phenotype.

III.A.5. Regulatory Sequence Modulation

The SDFs described in Table 1, and fragments thereof are examples of nucleotides of the invention that contain regulatory sequences that can be used to suppress or inactivate transcription and/or translation from a gene of interest as discussed in I.C.5.

III.A.6. Genes Comprising Dominant-Negative Mutations

When suppression of production of the endogenous, native protein is desired it is often helpful to express a gene comprising a dominant negative mutation. Production of protein variants produced from genes comprising dominant negative mutations is a useful tool for research Genes comprising dominant negative mutations can produce a variant polypeptide which is capable of competing with the native polypeptide, but which does not produce the native result. Consequently, over expression of genes comprising these mutations can titrate out an undesired activity of the native protein. For example, The product from a gene comprising a dominant negative mutation of a receptor can be used to constitutively activate or suppress a signal transduction cascade, allowing examination of the phenotype and thus the trait(s) controlled by that receptor and pathway. Alternatively, the protein arising from the gene comprising a dominant-negative mutation can be an inactive enzyme still capable of binding to the same substrate as the native protein and therefore competes with such native protein.

Products from genes comprising dominant-negative mutations can also act upon the native protein itself to prevent activity. For example, the native protein may be active only as a homo-multimer or as one subunit of a hetero-multimer. Incorporation of an inactive subunit into the multimer with native subunit(s) can inhibit activity.

Thus, gene function can be modulated in host cells of interest by insertion into these cells vector constructs comprising a gene comprising a dominant-negative mutation.

III.B. Enhanced Expression

Enhanced expression of a gene of interest in a host cell can be accomplished by either (1) insertion of an exogenous gene; or (2) promoter modulation.

III.B.1. Insertion of an Exogenous Gene

Insertion of an expression construct encoding an exogenous gene can boost the number of gene copies expressed in a host cell.

Such expression constructs can comprise genes that either encode the native protein that is of interest or that encode a variant that exhibits enhanced activity as compared to the native protein. Such genes encoding proteins of interest can be constructed from the sequences from TABLE 1, fragments thereof, and substantially similar sequence thereto.

Such an exogenous gene can include either a constitutive promoter permitting expression in any cell in a host organism or a promoter that directs transcription only in particular cells or times during a host cell life cycle or in response to environmental stimuli.

III.B.2. Regulatory Sequence Modulation

The SDFs of Table 1, and fragments thereof, contain regulatory sequences that can be used to enhance expression of a gene of interest. For example, some of these sequences contain useful enhancer elements. In some cases, duplication of enhancer elements or insertion of exogenous enhancer elements will increase expression of a desired gene from a particular promoter. As other examples, all ll promoters require binding of a regulatory protein to be activated, while some promoters may need a protein that signals a promoter binding protein to expose a polymerase binding site. In either case, over-production of such proteins can be used to enhance expression of a gene of interest by increasing the activation time of the promoter.

Such regulatory proteins are encoded by some of the sequences in TABLE 1, fragments thereof, and substantially similar sequences thereto.

Coding sequences for these proteins can be constructed as described above.

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IV. Gene Constructs and Vector Construction

To use isolated SDFs of the present invention or a combination of them or parts and/or mutants and/or fusions of said SDFs in the above techniques, recombinant DNA vectors which comprise said SDFs and are suitable for transformation of cells, such as plant cells, are usually prepared. The SDF construct can be made using standard recombinant DNA techniques (Sambrook et al. 1989) and can be introduced to the species of interest by *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation or by other means of transformation (*e.g.*, particle gun bombardment) as referenced below.

The vector backbone can be any of those typical in the art such as plasmids, viruses, artificial chromosomes, BACs, YACs and PACs and vectors of the sort described by

- (a) **BAC:** Shizuya et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 8794-8797 (1992); Hamilton et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93: 9975-9979 (1996);
 - (b) YAC: Burke et al., Science 236:806-812 (1987);.
 - (c) PAC: Sternberg N. et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. Jan;87(1):103-7 (1990);
- (d) **Bacteria-Yeast Shuttle Vectors:** Bradshaw et al., Nucl Acids Res 23: 4850-4856 (1995);
- (e) Lambda Phage Vectors: Replacement Vector, e.g.,
 Frischauf et al., J. Mol Biol 170: 827-842 (1983); or Insertion vector, e.g.,
 Huynh et al., In: Glover NM (ed) DNA Cloning: A practical Approach, Vol.1 Oxford: IRL
 Press (1985);
 - (f) T-DNA gene fusion vectors: Walden et al., Mol Cell Biol 1: 175-194 (1990); and
 - (g) Plasmid vectors: Sambrook et al., infra.

Typically, a vector will comprise the exogenous gene, which in its turn comprises an SDF of the present invention to be introduced into the genome of a host cell, and which gene may be an antisense construct, a ribozyme construct chimeraplast, or a coding sequence with any desired transcriptional and/or translational regulatory sequences, such as promoters, UTRs, and 3' end termination sequences. Vectors of the invention can also include origins of replication, scaffold attachment regions (SARs), markers, homologous sequences, introns, etc.

A DNA sequence coding for the desired polypeptide, for example a cDNA sequence encoding a full length protein, will preferably be combined with transcriptional and translational

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initiation regulatory sequences which will direct the transcription of the sequence from the gene in the intended tissues of the transformed plant.

For example, for over-expression, a plant promoter fragment may be employed that will direct transcription of the gene in all tissues of a regenerated plant. Alternatively, the plant promoter may direct transcription of an SDF of the invention in a specific tissue (tissue-specific promoters) or may be otherwise under more precise environmental control (inducible promoters).

If proper polypeptide production desired, a polyadenylation region at the 3'-end of the coding region is typically included. The polyadenylation region can be derived from the natural gene, from a variety of other plant genes, or from T-DNA.

The vector comprising the sequences from genes or SDF or the invention may comprise a marker gene that confers a selectable phenotype on plant cells. The vector can include promoter and coding sequence, for instance. For example, the marker may encode biocide resistance, particularly antibiotic resistance, such as resistance to kanamycin, G418, bleomycin, hygromycin, or herbicide resistance, such as resistance to chlorosulfuron or phosphinotricin.

IV.A. Coding Sequences

Generally, the sequence in the transformation vector and to be introduced into the genome of the host cell does not need to be absolutely identical to an SDF of the present invention. Also, it is not necessary for it to be full length, relative to either the primary transcription product or fully processed mRNA. Furthermore, the introduced sequence need not have the same intron or exon pattern as a native gene. Also, heterologous non-coding segments can be incorporated into the coding sequence without changing the desired amino acid sequence of the polypeptide to be produced.

IV.B. Promoters

As explained above, introducing an exogenous SDF from the same species or an orthologous SDF from another species can modulate the expression of a native gene corresponding to that SDF of interest. Such an SDF construct can be under the control of either a constitutive promoter or a highly regulated inducible promoter (e.g., a copper inducible promoter). The promoter of interest can initially be either endogenous or heterologous to the species in question. When re-introduced into the genome of said species, such promoter becomes exogenous to said species. Over-expression of an SDF transgene can

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lead to co-suppression of the homologous endogeneous sequence thereby creating some alterations in the phenotypes of the transformed species as demonstrated by similar analysis of the chalcone synthase gene (Napoli et al., *Plant Cell* 2:279 (1990) and van der Krol et al., *Plant Cell* 2:291 (1990)). If an SDF is found to encode a protein with desirable characteristics, its over-production can be controlled so that its accumulation can be manipulated in an organ- or tissue-specific manner utilizing a promoter having such specificity.

Likewise, if the promoter of an SDF (or an SDF that includes a promoter) is found to be tissue-specific or developmentally regulated, such a promoter can be utilized to drive or facilitate the transcription of a specific gene of interest (e.g., seed storage protein or root-specific protein). Thus, the level of accumulation of a particular protein can be manipulated or its spatial localization in an organ- or tissue-specific manner can be altered.

IV. C Signal Peptides

SDFs of the present invention containing signal peptides are indicated in Table 1. In some cases it may be desirable for the protein encoded by an introduced exogenous or orthologous SDF to be targeted (1) to a particular organelle intracellular compartment, (2) to interact with a particular molecule such as a membrane molecule or (3) for secretion outside of the cell harboring the introduced SDF. This will be accomplished using a signal peptide.

Signal peptides direct protein targeting, are involved in ligand-receptor interactions and act in cell to cell communication. Many proteins, especially soluble proteins, contain a signal peptide that targets the protein to one of several different intracellular compartments. In plants, these compartments include, but are not limited to, the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), mitochondria, plastids (such as chloroplasts), the vacuole, the Golgi apparatus, protein storage vessicles (PSV) and, in general, membranes. Some signal peptide sequences are conserved, such as the Asn-Pro-Ile-Arg amino acid motif found in the N-terminal propeptide signal that targets proteins to the vacuole (Marty (1999) *The Plant Cell* 11: 587-599). Other signal peptides do not have a consensus sequence *per se*, but are largely composed of hydrophobic amino acids, such as those signal peptides targeting proteins to the ER (Vitale and Denecke (1999) *The Plant Cell* 11: 615-628). Still others do not appear to contain either a consensus sequence or an identified common secondary sequence, for instance the chloroplast stromal targeting signal peptides (Keegstra and Cline (1999) *The Plant Cell* 11: 557-570). Furthermore, some targeting peptides are bipartite, directing proteins first to an organelle and then to a membrane within the organelle (e.g. within the thylakoid lumen of the

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chloroplast; see Keegstra and Cline (1999) *The Plant Cell* 11: 557-570). In addition to the diversity in sequence and secondary structure, placement of the signal peptide is also varied. Proteins destined for the vacuole, for example, have targeting signal peptides found at the N-terminus, at the C-terminus and at a surface location in mature, folded proteins. Signal peptides also serve as ligands for some receptors.

These characteristics of signal proteins can be used to more tightly control the phenotypic expression of introduced SDFs. In particular, associating the appropriate signal sequence with a specific SDF can allow sequestering of the protein in specific organelles (plastids, as an example), secretion outside of the cell, targeting interaction with particular receptors, etc. Hence, the inclusion of signal proteins in constructs involving the SDFs of the invention increases the range of manipulation of SDF phenotypic expression. The nucleotide sequence of the signal peptide can be isolated from characterized genes using common molecular biological techniques or can be synthesized in vitro.

In addition, the native signal peptide sequences, both amino acid and nucleotide, described in Table 1 can be used to modulate polypeptide transport. Further variants of the native signal peptides described in Table 1 are contemplated. Insertions, deletions, or substitutions can be made. Such variants will retain at least one of the functions of the native signal peptide as well as exhibiting some degree of sequence identity to the native sequence.

Also, fragments of the signal peptides of the invention are useful and can be fused with other signal peptides of interest to modulate transport of a polypeptide.

V. Transformation Techniques

A wide range of techniques for inserting exogenous polynucleotides are known for a number of host cells, including, without limitation, bacterial, yeast, mammalian, insect and plant cells.

Techniques for transforming a wide variety of higher plant species are well known and described in the technical and scientific literature. *See, e.g.* Weising et al., *Ann. Rev. Genet.* 22:421 (1988); and Christou, Euphytica, v. 85, n.1-3:13-27, (1995).

DNA constructs of the invention may be introduced into the genome of the desired plant host by a variety of conventional techniques. For example, the DNA construct may be introduced directly into the genomic DNA of the plant cell using techniques such as electroporation and microinjection of plant cell protoplasts, or the DNA constructs can be introduced directly to plant tissue using ballistic methods, such as DNA particle bombardment. Alternatively, the DNA constructs may be combined with suitable T-DNA flanking regions and

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introduced into a conventional *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* host vector. The virulence functions of the *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* host will direct the insertion of the construct and adjacent marker into the plant cell DNA when the cell is infected by the bacteria (McCormac et al., *Mol. Biotechnol.* 8:199 (1997); Hamilton, *Gene* 200:107 (1997)); Salomon et al. *EMBO J.* 3:141 (1984); Herrera-Estrella et al. *EMBO J.* 2:987 (1983).

Microinjection techniques are known in the art and well described in the scientific and patent literature. The introduction of DNA constructs using polyethylene glycol precipitation is described in Paszkowski et al. *EMBO J.* 3:2717 (1984). Electroporation techniques are described in Fromm et al. *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* 82:5824 (1985). Ballistic transformation techniques are described in Klein et al. *Nature* 327:773 (1987). *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*-mediated transformation techniques, including disarming and use of binary or cointegrate vectors, are well described in the scientific literature. See, for example Hamilton, *CM.*, *Gene* 200:107 (1997); Müller et al. *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 207:171 (1987); Komari et al. *Plant J.* 10:165 (1996); Venkateswarlu et al. *Biotechnology* 9:1103 (1991) and Gleave, *AP.*, *Plant Mol. Biol.* 20:1203 (1992); Graves and Goldman, *Plant Mol. Biol.* 7:34 (1986) and Gould et al., *Plant Physiology* 95:426 (1991).

Transformed plant cells which are derived by any of the above transformation techniques can be cultured to regenerate a whole plant that possesses the transformed genotype and thus the desired phenotype such as seedlessness. Such regeneration techniques rely on manipulation of certain phytohormones in a tissue culture growth medium, typically relying on a biocide and/or herbicide marker which has been introduced together with the desired nucleotide sequences. Plant regeneration from cultured protoplasts is described in Evans et al., *Protoplasts Isolation and Culture* in Handbook of Plant Cell Culture," pp. 124-176, MacMillan Publishing Company, New York, 1983; and Binding, *Regeneration of Plants, Plant Protoplasts*, pp. 21-73, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 1988. Regeneration can also be obtained from plant callus, explants, organs, or parts thereof. Such regeneration techniques are described generally in Klee et al. *Ann. Rev. of Plant Phys.* 38:467 (1987). Regeneration of monocots (rice) is described by Hosoyama et al. (*Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.* 58:1500 (1994)) and by Ghosh et al. (*J. Biotechnol.* 32:1 (1994)). The nucleic acids of the invention can be used to confer desired traits on essentially any plant.

Thus, the invention has use over a broad range of plants, including species from the genera Anacardium, Arachis, Asparagus, Atropa, Avena, Brassica, Citrus, Citrullus, Capsicum, Carthamus, Cocos, Coffea, Cucumis, Cucurbita, Daucus, Elaeis, Fragaria, Glycine, Gossypium, Helianthus, Heterocallis, Hordeum, Hyoscyamus, Lactuca, Linum, Lolium, Lupinus,

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One of skill will recognize that after the expression cassette is stably incorporated in transgenic plants and confirmed to be operable, it can be introduced into other plants by sexual crossing. Any of a number of standard breeding techniques can be used, depending upon the species to be crossed.

The particular sequences of SDFs identified are provided in the attached TABLE 1. One of ordinary skill in the art, having this data, can obtain cloned DNA fragments, synthetic DNA fragments or polypeptides constituting desired sequences by recombinant methodology known in the art or described herein.

EXAMPLES

The invention is illustrated by way of the following examples. The invention is not limited by these examples as the scope of the invention is defined solely by the claims following.

EXAMPLE 1: cDNA PREPARATION

A number of the nucleotide sequences disclosed in TABLE 1 herein as representative of the SDFs of the invention can be obtained by sequencing genomic DNA (gDNA) and/or cDNA from corn plants grown from HYBRID SEED # 35A19, purchased from Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc., Supply Management, P.O. Box 256, Johnston, Iowa 50131-0256.

A number of the nucleotide sequences disclosed in TABLE 1 herein as representative of the SDFs of the invention can also be obtained by sequencing genomic DNA from *Arabidopsis thaliana*, Wassilewskija ecotype or by sequencing cDNA obtained from mRNA from such plants as described below. This is a true breeding strain. Seeds of the plant are available from the Arabidopsis Biological Resource Center at the Ohio State University, under the accession number CS2360. Seeds of this plant were deposited under the terms and conditions of the Budapest Treaty at the American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA on August 31, 1999, and were assigned ATCC No. PTA-595.

Other methods for cloning full-length cDNA are described, for example, by Seki et al., *Plant Journal* 15:707-720 (1998) High-efficiency cloning of Arabidopsis full-length cDNA by biotinylated Cap trapper"; Maruyama et al., *Gene* 138:171 (1994) Oligo-capping a

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simple method to replace the cap structure of eukaryotic mRNAs with oligoribonucleotides"; and WO 96/34981.

Tissues were, or each organ was, individually pulverized and frozen in liquid nitrogen. Next, the samples were homogenized in the presence of detergents and then centrifuged. The debris and nuclei were removed from the sample and more detergents were added to the sample. The sample was centrifuged and the debris was removed. Then the sample was applied to a 2M sucrose cushion to isolate polysomes. The RNA was isolated by treatment with detergents and proteinase K followed by ethanol precipitation and centrifugation. The polysomal RNA from the different tissues was pooled according to the following mass ratios: 15/15/1 for male inflorescences, female inflorescences and root, respectively. The pooled material was then used for cDNA synthesis by the methods described below.

Starting material for cDNA synthesis for the exemplary corn cDNA clones with sequences presented in TABLE 1 was poly(A)-containing polysomal mRNAs from inflorescences and root tissues of corn plants grown from HYBRID SEED # 35A19. Male inflorescences and female (pre-and post-fertilization) inflorescences were isolated at various stages of development. Selection for poly(A) containing polysomal RNA was done using oligo d(T) cellulose columns, as described by Cox and Goldberg, Plant Molecular Biology: A Practical Approach", pp. 1-35, Shaw ed., c. 1988 by IRL, Oxford. The quality and the integrity of the polyA+ RNAs were evaluated.

Starting material for cDNA synthesis for the exemplary *Arabidopsis* cDNA clones with sequences presented in TABLE 1 was polysomal RNA isolated from the topmost inflorescence tissues of *Arabidopsis thaliana* Wassilewskija (Ws.) and from roots of *Arabidopsis thaliana* Landsberg erecta (L. er.), also obtained from the Arabidopsis Biological Resource Center. Nine parts inflorescence to every part root was used, as measured by wet mass. Tissue was pulverized and exposed to liquid nitrogen. Next, the sample was homogenized in the presence of detergents and then centrifuged. The debris and nuclei were removed from the sample and more detergents were added to the sample. The sample was centrifuged and the debris was removed and the sample was applied to a 2M sucrose cushion to isolate polysomal RNA. Cox et al., Plant Molecular Biology: A Practical Approach", pp. 1-35, Shaw ed., c. 1988 by IRL, Oxford. The polysomal RNA was used for cDNA synthesis by the methods described below. Polysomal mRNA was then isolated as described above for corn cDNA. The quality of the RNA was assessed electrophoretically.

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Following preparation of the mRNAs from various tissues as described above, selection of mRNA with intact 5' ends and specific attachment of an oligonucleotide tag to the 5' end of such mRNA was performed using either a chemical or enzymatic approach. Both techniques take advantage of the presence of the cap" structure, which characterizes the 5' end of most intact mRNAs and which comprises a guanosine generally methylated once, at the 7 position.

The chemical modification approach involves the optional elimination of the 2', 3'-cis diol of the 3' terminal ribose, the oxidation of the 2', 3'-cis diol of the ribose linked to the cap of the 5' ends of the mRNAs into a dialdehyde, and the coupling of the such obtained dialdehyde to a derivatized oligonucleotide tag. Further detail regarding the chemical approaches for obtaining mRNAs having intact 5' ends are disclosed in International Application No. WO96/34981 published November 7, 1996.

The enzymatic approach for ligating the oligonucleotide tag to the intact 5' ends of mRNAs involves the removal of the phosphate groups present on the 5' ends of uncapped incomplete mRNAs, the subsequent decapping of mRNAs having intact 5' ends and the ligation of the phosphate present at the 5' end of the decapped mRNA to an oligonucleotide tag. Further detail regarding the enzymatic approaches for obtaining mRNAs having intact 5' ends are disclosed in Dumas Milne Edwards J.B. (Doctoral Thesis of Paris VI University, Le clonage des ADNc complets: difficultés et perspectives nouvelles. Apports pour l'étude de la régulation de l'expression de la tryptophane hydroxylase de rat, 20 Dec. 1993), EP0 625572 and Kato *et al.*, *Gene* 150:243-250 (1994).

In both the chemical and the enzymatic approach, the oligonucleotide tag has a restriction enzyme site (e.g. an EcoRI site) therein to facilitate later cloning procedures. Following attachment of the oligonucleotide tag to the mRNA, the integrity of the mRNA is examined by performing a Northern blot using a probe complementary to the oligonucleotide tag.

For the mRNAs joined to oligonucleotide tags using either the chemical or the enzymatic method, first strand cDNA synthesis is performed using an oligo-dT primer with reverse transcriptase. This oligo-dT primer can contain an internal tag of at least 4 nucleotides, which can be different from one mRNA preparation to another. Methylated dCTP is used for cDNA first strand synthesis to protect the internal EcoRI sites from digestion during subsequent steps. The first strand cDNA is precipitated using isopropanol after removal of RNA by alkaline hydrolysis to eliminate residual primers.

Second strand cDNA synthesis is conducted using a DNA polymerase, such as Klenow fragment and a primer corresponding to the 5' end of the ligated oligonucleotide. The primer is

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typically 20-25 bases in length. Methylated dCTP is used for second strand synthesis in order to protect internal EcoRI sites in the cDNA from digestion during the cloning process.

Following second strand synthesis, the full-length cDNAs are cloned into a phagemid vector, such as pBlueScript[™] (Stratagene). The ends of the full-length cDNAs are blunted with T4 DNA polymerase (Biolabs) and the cDNA is digested with EcoRI. Since methylated dCTP is used during cDNA synthesis, the EcoRI site present in the tag is the only hemi-methylated site; hence the only site susceptible to EcoRI digestion. In some instances, to facilitate subcloning, an Hind III adapter is added to the 3' end of full-length cDNAs.

The full-length cDNAs are then size fractionated using either exclusion chromatography (AcA, Biosepra) or electrophoretic separation which yields 3 to 6 different fractions. The full-length cDNAs are then directionally cloned either into pBlueScript[™] using either the EcoRI and SmaI restriction sites or, when the Hind III adapter is present in the full-length cDNAs, the EcoRI and Hind III restriction sites. The ligation mixture is transformed, preferably by electroporation, into bacteria, which are then propagated under appropriate antibiotic selection.

Clones containing the oligonucleotide tag attached to full-length cDNAs are selected as follows.

The plasmid cDNA libraries made as described above are purified (e.g. by a column available from Qiagen). A positive selection of the tagged clones is performed as follows. Briefly, in this selection procedure, the plasmid DNA is converted to single stranded DNA using phage F1 gene II endonuclease in combination with an exonuclease (Chang et al., Gene 127:95 (1993)) such as exonuclease III or T7 gene 6 exonuclease. The resulting single stranded DNA is then purified using paramagnetic beads as described by Fry et al., Biotechniques 13: 124 (1992). Here the single stranded DNA is hybridized with a biotinylated oligonucleotide having a sequence corresponding to the 3' end of the oligonucleotide tag. Preferably, the primer has a length of 20-25 bases. Clones including a sequence complementary to the biotinylated oligonucleotide are selected by incubation with streptavidin coated magnetic beads followed by magnetic capture. After capture of the positive clones, the plasmid DNA is released from the magnetic beads and converted into double stranded DNA using a DNA polymerase such as ThermoSequenase™ (obtained from Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). Alternatively, protocols such as the Gene Trapper™ kit (Gibco BRL) can be used. The double stranded DNA is then transformed, preferably by electroporation, into bacteria. The percentage of positive clones having the 5' tag oligonucleotide is typically estimated to be between 90 and 98% from dot blot analysis.

Following transformation, the libraries are ordered in microtiter plates and sequenced. The *Arabidopsis* library was deposited at the American Type Culture Collection on January 7, 2000 as *E-coli* liba 010600" under the accession number **PTA-1161**.

EXAMPLE 2: SOUTHERN HYBRIDIZATIONS

The SDFs of the invention can be used in Southern hybridizations as described above. The following describes extraction of DNA from nuclei of plant cells, digestion of the nuclear DNA and separation by length, transfer of the separated fragments to membranes, preparation of probes for hybridization, hybridization and detection of the hybridized probe.

The procedures described herein can be used to isolate related polynucleotides or for diagnostic purposes. Moderate stringency hybridization conditions, as defined above, are described in the present example. These conditions result in detection of hybridization between sequences having at least 70% sequence identity. As described above, the hybridization and wash conditions can be changed to reflect the desired percentage of sequence identity between probe and target sequences that can be detected.

In the following procedure, a probe for hybridization is produced from two PCR reactions using two primers from genomic sequence of *Arabidopsis thaliana*. As described above, the particular template for generating the probe can be any desired template.

The first PCR product is assessed to validate the size of the primer to assure it is of the expected size. Then the product of the first PCR is used as a template, with the same pair of primers used in the first PCR, in a second PCR that produces a labeled product used as the probe.

Fragments detected by hybridization, or other bands of interest, can be isolated from gels used to separate genomic DNA fragments by known methods for further purification and/or characterization.

25 Buffers for nuclear DNA extraction

1. 10X HB

	1000 ml	
40 mM spermidine	10.2 g	Spermine (Sigma S-2876) and spermidine (Sigma S-2501)
10 mM spermine	3.5 g	Stabilize chromatin and the nuclear membrane

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0.1 M EDTA (disodium)	37.2 g	EDTA inhibits nuclease
0.1 M Tris	12.1 g	Buffer
0.8 M KCl	59.6 g	Adjusts ionic strength for stability of nuclei

Adjust pH to 9.5 with 10 N NaOH. It appears that there is a nuclease present in leaves. Use of pH 9.5 appears to inactivate this nuclease.

2 M sucrose (684 g per 1000 ml)
 Heat about half the final volume of water to about 50°C. Add the sucrose slowly then bring the mixture to close to final volume; stir constantly until it has dissolved. Bring

3. Sarkosyl solution (lyses nuclear membranes)

the solution to volume.

N-lauroyl sarcosine (Sarkosyl) 20.0 g 0.1 M Tris 12.1 g 0.04 M EDTA (Disodium) 14.9 g

Adjust the pH to 9.5 after all the components are dissolved and bring up to the proper volume.

4. 20% Triton X-100

80 ml Triton X-100

320 ml 1xHB (w/o β -ME and PMSF)

Prepare in advance; Triton takes some time to dissolve

- A. Procedure
- 1. Prepare 1X H" buffer (keep ice-cold during use)

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10X HB

100 ml

2 M sucrose

250 ml a non-ionic osmoticum

Water

634 ml

5 Added just before use:

100 mM PMSF*

10 ml a protease inhibitor; protects

nuclear membrane proteins

B-mercaptoethanol

1 ml inactivates nuclease by reducing

disulfide bonds

10 *100 mM PMSF

(phenyl methyl sulfonyl fluoride, Sigma P-7626) (add 0.0875 g to 5 ml 100% ethanol)

- 2. Homogenize the tissue in a blender (use 300-400 ml of 1xHB per blender). Be sure that you use 5-10 ml of HB buffer per gram of tissue. Blenders generate heat so be sure to keep the homogenate cold. It is necessary to put the blenders in ice periodically.
- 3. Add the 20% Triton X-100 (25 ml per liter of homogenate) and gently stir on ice for 20 min. This lyses plastid, but not nuclear, membranes.
- 4. Filter the tissue suspension through several nylon filters into an ice-cold beaker. The first filtration is through a 250-micron membrane; the second is through an 85-micron membrane; the third is through a 50-micron membrane; and the fourth is through a 20-micron membrane. Use a large funnel to hold the filters. Filtration can be sped up by gently squeezing the liquid through the filters.
 - 5. Centrifuge the filtrate at 1200 x g for 20 min. at 4°C to pellet the nuclei.

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- 6. Discard the dark green supernatant. The pellet will have several layers to it. One is starch; it is white and gritty. The nuclei are gray and soft. In the early steps, there may be a dark green and somewhat viscous layer of chloroplasts.
- Wash the pellets in about 25 ml cold H buffer (with Triton X-100) and resuspend by swirling gently and pipetting. After the pellets are resuspended.

Pellet the nuclei again at 1200 - 1300 x g. Discard the supernatant.

Repeat the wash 3-4 times until the supernatant has changed from a dark green to a pale green. This usually happens after 3 or 4 resuspensions. At this point, the pellet is typically grayish white and very slippery. The Triton X-100 in these repeated steps helps to destroy the chloroplasts and mitochondria that contaminate the prep.

Resuspend the nuclei for a final time in a total of 15 ml of H buffer and transfer the suspension to a sterile 125 ml Erlenmeyer flask.

- 7. Add 15 ml, dropwise, cold 2% Sarkosyl, 0.1 M Tris, 0.04 M EDTA solution (pH 9.5) while swirling gently. This lyses the nuclei. The solution will become very viscous.
- 8. Add 30 grams of CsCl and gently swirl at room temperature until the CsCl is in solution. The mixture will be gray, white and viscous.
 - 9. Centrifuge the solution at 11,400 x g at 4°C for at least 30 min. The longer this spin is, the firmer the protein pellicle.
- 20 10. The result is typically a clear green supernatant over a white pellet, and (perhaps) under a protein pellicle. Carefully remove the solution under the protein pellicle and above the pellet. Determine the density of the solution by weighing 1 ml of solution and add CsCl if necessary to bring to 1.57 g/ml. The solution contains dissolved solids (sucrose etc) and the refractive index alone will not be an accurate guide to CsCl concentration.

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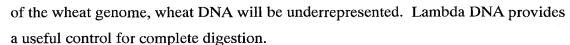
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- 11. Add 20 µl of 10 mg/ml EtBr per ml of solution.
- 12. Centrifuge at 184,000 x g for 16 to 20 hours in a fixed-angle rotor.
- 13. Remove the dark red supernatant that is at the top of the tube with a plastic transfer pipette and discard. Carefully remove the DNA band with another transfer pipette. The DNA band is usually visible in room light; otherwise, use a long wave UV light to locate the band.
- 14. Extract the ethidium bromide with isopropanol saturated with water and salt. Once the solution is clear, extract at least two more times to ensure that all of the EtBr is gone. Be very gentle, as it is very easy to shear the DNA at this step. This extraction may take a while because the DNA solution tends to be very viscous. If the solution is too viscous, dilute it with TE.
- 15. Dialyze the DNA for at least two days against several changes (at least three times) of TE (10 mM Tris, 1mM EDTA, pH 8) to remove the cesium chloride.
- 16. Remove the dialyzed DNA from the tubing. If the dialyzed DNA solution contains a lot of debris, centrifuge the DNA solution at least at 2500 x g for 10 min. and carefully transfer the clear supernatant to a new tube. Read the A260 concentration of the DNA.
- 17. Assess the quality of the DNA by agarose gel electrophoresis (1% agarose gel) of the DNA. Load 50 ng and 100 ng (based on the OD reading) and compare it with known and good quality DNA. Undigested lambda DNA and a lambda-HindIII-digested DNA are good molecular weight makers.

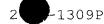
Protocol for Digestion of Genomic DNA

Protocol:

1. The relative amounts of DNA for different crop plants that provide approximately a balanced number of genome equivalent is given in Table 3. Note that due to the size



- 2. Precipitate the DNA by adding 3 volumes of 100% ethanol. Incubate at -20°C for at least two hours. Yeast DNA can be purchased and made up at the necessary concentration, therefore no precipitation is necessary for yeast DNA.
- 3. Centrifuge the solution at 11,400 x g for 20 min. Decant the ethanol carefully (be careful not to disturb the pellet). Be sure that the residual ethanol is completely removed either by vacuum desiccation or by carefully wiping the sides of the tubes with a clean tissue.
- 10 4. Resuspend the pellet in an appropriate volume of water. Be sure the pellet is fully resuspended before proceeding to the next step. This may take about 30 min.
 - 5. Add the appropriate volume of 10X reaction buffer provided by the manufacturer of the restriction enzyme to the resuspended DNA followed by the appropriate volume of enzymes. Be sure to mix it properly by slowly swirling the tubes.
- 15 6. Set-up the lambda digestion-control for each DNA that you are digesting.
 - 7. Incubate both the experimental and lambda digests overnight at 37°C. Spin down condensation in a microfuge before proceeding.
 - 8. After digestion, add 2 μl of loading dye (typically 0.25% bromophenol blue, 0.25% xylene cyanol in 15% Ficoll or 30% glycerol) to the lambda-control digests and load in 1% TPE-agarose gel (TPE is 90 mM Tris-phosphate, 2 mM EDTA, pH 8). If the lambda DNA in the lambda control digests are completely digested, proceed with the precipitation of the genomic DNA in the digests.
 - 9. Precipitate the digested DNA by adding 3 volumes of 100% ethanol and incubating in –20°C for at least 2 hours (preferably overnight).



EXCEPTION: Arabidopsis and yeast DNA are digested in an appropriate volume; they don't have to be precipitated.

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10. Resuspend the DNA in an appropriate volume of TE (e.g., $22 \mu l \times 50 \text{ blots} = 1100 \mu l$) and an appropriate volume of 10X loading dye (e.g., $2.4 \mu l \times 50 \text{ blots} = 120 \mu l$). Be careful in pipetting the loading dye - it is viscous. Be sure you are pipetting the correct volume.

Table 3 Some guide points in digesting genomic DNA.

	Genome	Size Relative to Arabidopsis	Genome Equivalent to 2 μg Arabidopsis DNA	Amount of DNA per blot
Species	Size			
Arabidopsis	120 Mb	1X	1X	2 μg
Brassica	1,100 Mb	9.2X	0.54X	10 μg
Corn	2,800 Mb	23.3X	0.43X	20 μg
Cotton	2,300 Mb	19.2X	0.52X	20 μg
Oat	11,300 Mb	94X	0.11X	20 μg
Rice	400 Mb	3.3X	0.75X	5 μg
Soybean	1,100 Mb	9.2X	0.54X	10 μg
Sugarbeet	758 Mb	6.3X	0.8X	10 μg
Sweetclover	1,100 Mb	9.2X	0.54X	10 μg
Wheat	16,000 Mb	133X	0.08X	20 μg
Yeast	15 Mb	0.12X	1X	0.25 μg

Protocol for Southern Blot Analysis

The digested DNA samples are electrophoresed in 1% agarose gels in 1x TPE buffer. Low voltage; overnight separations are preferred. The gels are stained with EtBr and photographed.



1. For blotting the gels, first incubate the gel in 0.25 N HCl (with gentle shaking) for about 15 min.

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- 2. Then briefly rinse with water. The DNA is denatured by 2 incubations. Incubate (with shaking) in 0.5 M NaOH in 1.5 M NaCl for 15 min.
- 5 3. The gel is then briefly rinsed in water and neutralized by incubating twice (with shaking) in 1.5 M Tris pH 7.5 in 1.5 M NaCl for 15 min.
 - 4. A nylon membrane is prepared by soaking it in water for at least 5 min, then in 6X SSC for at least 15 min. before use. (20x SSC is 175.3 g NaCl, 88.2 g sodium citrate per liter, adjusted to pH 7.0.)
- The nylon membrane is placed on top of the gel and all bubbles in between are removed. The DNA is blotted from the gel to the membrane using an absorbent medium, such as paper toweling and 6x SCC buffer. After the transfer, the membrane may be lightly brushed with a gloved hand to remove any agarose sticking to the surface.
- 15 6. The DNA is then fixed to the membrane by UV crosslinking and baking at 80°C. The membrane is stored at 4°C until use.
 - B. Protocol for PCR Amplification of Genomic Fragments in Arabidopsis

Amplification procedures:

1. Mix the following in a 0.20 ml PCR tube or 96-well PCR plate:

		Final Amount or Conc.				
Volume	Stock					
0.5 μl	~ 10 ng/µl genomic DNA ¹	5 ng				
2.5 µl	10X PCR buffer	20 mM Tris, 50 mM KCl				

¹ Arabidopsis DNA is used in the present experiment, but the procedure is a general one.



85						
0.75 μl	50 mM MgCl ₂	1.5 mM				
1 μl	10 pmol/μl Primer 1 (Forward)	10 pmol				
1 μΙ	10 pmol/μl Primer 2 (Reverse)	10 pmol				
0.5 μl	5 mM dNTPs	0.1 mM				
0.1 μl	5 units/μl Platinum Taq [™] (Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD) DNA Polymerase	1 units				
(to 25 µl)	Water					

- The template DNA is amplified using a Perkin Elmer 9700 PCR machine: 2.
- 94°C for 10 min. followed by 1)

2)	3)	4)
5 cycles:	5 cycles:	25 cycles:
94 °C - 30 sec	94 °C - 30 sec	94 °C - 30 sec
62 °C - 30 sec	58 °C - 30 sec	53 °C - 30 sec
72 °C - 3 min	72 °C - 3 min	72 °C - 3 min

72°C for 7 min. Then the reactions are stopped by chilling to 4°C. 5)

The procedure can be adapted to a multi-well format if necessary.

Quantification and Dilution of PCR Products: 5

The product of the PCR is analyzed by electrophoresis in a 1% agarose gel. A 1. linearized plasmid DNA can be used as a quantification standard (usually at 50, 100,

10

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200, and 400 ng). These will be used as references to approximate the amount of PCR products. HindIII-digested Lambda DNA is useful as a molecular weight marker. The gel can be run fairly quickly; e.g., at 100 volts. The standard gel is examined to determine that the size of the PCR products is consistent with the expected size and if there are significant extra bands or smeary products in the PCR reactions.

- 2. The amounts of PCR products can be estimated on the basis of the plasmid standard.
- 3. For the small number of reactions that produce extraneous bands, a small amount of DNA from bands with the correct size can be isolated by dipping a sterile 10-µl tip into the band while viewing though a UV Transilluminator. The small amount of agarose gel (with the DNA fragment) is used in the labeling reaction.

C. Protocol for PCR-DIG-Labeling of DNA

Solutions:

Reagents in PCR reactions (diluted PCR products, 10X PCR Buffer, 50 mM MgCl₂, 5 U/µl Platinum Taq Polymerase, and the primers)

10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP [1:5]: (2 mM dATP, 2 mM dCTP, 2 mM dGTP, 1.65 mM dTTP, 0.35 mM DIG-11-dUTP)

10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP [1:10]: (2 mM dATP, 2 mM dCTP, 2 mM dGTP, 1.81 mM dTTP, 0.19 mM DIG-11-dUTP)

20 10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP [1:15]: (2 mM dATP, 2 mM dCTP, 2 mM dGTP, 1.875 mM dTTP, 0.125 mM DIG-11-dUTP)

TE buffer (10 mM Tris, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8)

Maleate buffer: In 700 ml of deionized distilled water, dissolve 11.61 g maleic acid and 8.77 g NaCl. Add NaOH to adjust the pH to 7.5. Bring the volume to 1 L. Stir for 15 min. and sterilize.

5

10% blocking solution: In 80 ml deionized distilled water, dissolve 1.16g maleic acid. Next, add NaOH to adjust the pH to 7.5. Add 10 g of the blocking reagent powder (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN, Cat. no. 1096176). Heat to 60°C while stirring to dissolve the powder. Adjust the volume to 100 ml with water. Stir and sterilize.

1% blocking solution: Dilute the 10% stock to 1% using the maleate buffer.

Buffer 3 (100 mM Tris, 100 mM NaCl, 50 mM MgCl₂, pH9.5). Prepared from autoclaved solutions of 1M Tris pH 9.5, 5 M NaCl, and 1 M MgCl₂ in autoclaved distilled water.

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1. PCR reactions are performed in 25 μl volumes containing:

PCR buffer

1X

MgCl₂

1.5 mM

10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP

1X (please see the note below)

Platinum Taq[™] Polymerase

1 unit

10 pg probe DNA

10 pmol primer 1

Note:

Use for:

10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP (1:5)

< 1 kb

10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP (1:10)

1 kb to 1.8 kb

10X dNTP + DIG-11-dUTP (1:15)

> 1.8 kb

- 2. The PCR reaction uses the following amplification cycles:
 - 1) 94°C for 10 min.

2)	3)	4)	
5 cycles:	5 cycles:	25 cycles:	
95°C - 30 sec	95°C - 30 sec	95°C - 30 sec	
61°C - 1 min	59°C - 1 min	51°C - 1 min	
73°C - 5 min	75°C - 5 min	73°C - 5 min	

- 5) 72°C for 8 min. The reactions are terminated by chilling to 4°C (hold).
 - 3. The products are analyzed by electrophoresis- in a 1% agarose gel, comparing to an aliquot of the unlabelled probe starting material.
 - 4. The amount of DIG-labeled probe is determined as follows:

Make serial dilutions of the diluted control DNA in dilution buffer (TE: 10 mM Tris and 1 mM EDTA, pH 8) as shown in the following table:

DIG-labeled control DNA starting conc.		Final Conc. (Dilution
	Stepwise Dilution	Name)
5 ng/μl	1 μl in 49 μl TE	100 pg/μl (A)
100 pg/μl (A)	25 μl in 25 μl TE	50 pg/μl (B)
50 pg/μl (B)	25 μl in 25 μl TE	25 pg/μl (C)
25 pg/μl (C)	20 μl in 30 μl TE	10 pg/μl (D)

- a. Serial deletions of a DIG-labeled standard DNA ranging from 100 pg to 10 pg are spotted onto a positively charged nylon membrane, marking the membrane lightly with a pencil to identify each dilution.
- b. Serial dilutions (e.g., 1:50, 1:2500, 1:10,000) of the newly labeled DNA probe are spotted.
- c. The membrane is fixed by UV crosslinking.
- d. The membrane is wetted with a small amount of maleate buffer and then incubated in 1% blocking solution for 15 min at room temp.
- e. The labeled DNA is then detected using alkaline phosphatase conjugated anti-DIG antibody (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN, cat. no. 1093274) and an NBT substrate according to the manufacture's instruction.
- f. Spot intensities of the control and experimental dilutions are then compared to estimate the concentration of the PCR-DIG-labeled probe.

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D. Prehybridization and Hybridization of Southern Blots

Solutions:

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100% Formamide

purchased from Gibco

20X SSC

(1X = 0.15 M NaCl, 0.015 M Na₃citrate)

per L:

175 g NaCl

87.5 g Na₃citrate 2H ₂0

20% Sarkosyl (N-lauroyl-sarcosine)

20% SDS (sodium dodecyl sulphate)

10% Blocking Reagent: In 80 ml deionized distilled water, dissolve 1.16 g maleic acid. Next, add NaOH to adjust the pH to 7.5. Add 10 g of the blocking reagent powder. Heat to 60°C while stirring to dissolve the powder. Adjust the volume to 100 ml with water. Stir and sterilize.

Prehybridization Mix:

Final		Volume	
Concentration	Components	(per 100 ml)	Stock
50%	Formamide	50 ml	100%
5X	SSC	25 ml	20X
0.1%	Sarkosyl	0.5 ml	20%
0.02%	SDS	0.1 ml	20%
2%	Blocking Reagent	20 ml	10%
	Water	4.4 ml	

General Procedures:

1. Place the blot in a heat-sealable plastic bag and add an appropriate volume of prehybridization solution (30 ml/100cm²) at room temperature. Seal the bag with a heat sealer, avoiding bubbles as much as possible. Lay down the bags in a large plastic tray (one tray can accommodate at least 4–5 bags). Ensure that the bags are



lying flat in the tray so that the prehybridization solution is evenly distributed throughout the bag. Incubate the blot for at least 2 hours with gentle agitation using a waver shaker.

- Denature DIG-labeled DNA probe by incubating for 10 min. at 98°C using the PCR
 machine and immediately cool it to 4°C.
 - 3. Add probe to prehybridization solution (25 ng/ml; 30 ml = 750 ng total probe) and mix well but avoid foaming. Bubbles may lead to background.
 - 4. Pour off the prehybridization solution from the hybridization bags and add new prehybridization and probe solution mixture to the bags containing the membrane.
- 10 5. Incubate with gentle agitation for at least 16 hours.
 - 6. Proceed to medium stringency post-hybridization wash:

Three times for 20 min. each with gentle agitation using 1X SSC, 1% SDS at 60°C.

All wash solutions must be prewarmed to 60°C. Use about 100 ml of wash solution per membrane.

- To avoid background keep the membranes fully submerged to avoid drying in spots; agitate sufficiently to avoid having membranes stick to one another.
 - 7. After the wash, proceed to immunological detection and CSPD development.

E. Procedure for Immunological Detection with CSPD

Solutions:

20 **Buffer 1:**

Maleic acid buffer (0.1 M maleic acid, 0.15 M NaCl;

adjusted to pH 7.5 with NaoH)

Washing buffer:

Maleic acid buffer with 0.3% (v/v) Tween 20.

Blocking stock solution

10% blocking reagent in buffer 1. Dissolve (10X concentration): blocking reagent powder (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN, cat. no. 1096176) by constantly stirring on a 65°C heating block or heat in a microwave, autoclave and store at 4°C.

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Buffer 2

(1X blocking solution):

Dilute the stock solution 1:10 in Buffer 1.

Detection buffer:

0.1 M Tris, 0.1 M NaCl, pH 9.5

Procedure:

- 1. After the post-hybridization wash the blots are briefly rinsed (1-5 min.) in the maleate washing buffer with gentle shaking.
- 2. Then the membranes are incubated for 30 min. in Buffer 2 with gentle shaking.
- 3. Anti-DIG-AP conjugate (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN, cat. no. 1093274) at 75 mU/ml (1:10,000) in Buffer 2 is used for detection. 75 ml of solution can be used for 3 blots.
- 4. The membrane is incubated for 30 min. in the antibody solution with gentle shaking.
- 5. The membrane are washed twice in washing buffer with gentle shaking. About 250 mls is used per wash for 3 blots.
- 6. The blots are equilibrated for 2–5 min in 60 ml detection buffer.
- 7. Dilute CSPD (1:200) in detection buffer. (This can be prepared ahead of time and stored in the dark at 4°C).

The following steps must be done individually. Bags (one for detection and one for exposure) are generally cut and ready before doing the following steps.

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- 8. The blot is carefully removed from the detection buffer and excess liquid removed without drying the membrane. The blot is immediately placed in a bag and 1.5 ml of CSPD solution is added. The CSPD solution can be spread over the membrane. Bubbles present at the edge and on the surface of the blot are typically removed by gentle rubbing. The membrane is incubated for 5 min. in CSPD solution.
- 9. Excess liquid is removed and the membrane is blotted briefly (DNA side up) on Whatman 3MM paper. Do not let the membrane dry completely.
- 10. Seal the damp membrane in a hybridization bag and incubate for 10 min at 37°C to enhance the luminescent reaction.
- 11. Expose for 2 hours at room temperature to X-ray film. Multiple exposures can be taken. Luminescence continues for at least 24 hours and signal intensity increases during the first hours.

Example 3: Transformation of Carrot Cells

Transformation of plant cells can be accomplished by a number of methods, as described above. Similarly, a number of plant genera can be regenerated from tissue culture following transformation. Transformation and regeneration of carrot cells as described herein is illustrative.

Single cell suspension cultures of carrot (*Daucus carota*) cells are established from hypocotyls of cultivar Early Nantes in B₅ growth medium (O.L. Gamborg et al., *Plant Physiol.* 45:372 (1970)) plus 2,4-D and 15 mM CaCl₂ (B₅ -44 medium) by methods known in the art. The suspension cultures are subcultured by adding 10 ml of the suspension culture to 40 ml of B₅-44 medium in 250 ml flasks every 7 days and are maintained in a shaker at 150 rpm at 27 °C in the dark.

The suspension culture cells are transformed with exogenous DNA as described by Z. Chen et al. *Plant Mol. Bio.* 36:163 (1998). Briefly, 4-days post-subculture cells are incubated with cell wall digestion solution containing 0.4 M sorbitol, 2% driselase, 5mM MES (2-[N-Morpholino] ethanesulfonic acid) pH 5.0 for 5 hours. The digested cells are pelleted gently at 60 xg for 5 min. and washed twice in W5 solution containing 154 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 125 mM CaCl₂ and 5mM glucose, pH 6.0. The protoplasts are suspended in MC solution

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containing 5 mM MES, 20 mM $CaCl_2$, 0.5 M mannitol, pH 5.7 and the protoplast density is adjusted to about 4 x 10^6 protoplasts per ml.

15-60 μg of plasmid DNA is mixed with 0.9 ml of protoplasts. The resulting suspension is mixed with 40% polyethylene glycol (MW 8000, PEG 8000), by gentle inversion a few times at room temperature for 5 to 25 min. Protoplast culture medium known in the art is added into the PEG-DNA-protoplast mixture. Protoplasts are incubated in the culture medium for 24 hour to 5 days and cell extracts can be used for assay of transient expression of the introduced gene. Alternatively, transformed cells can be used to produce transgenic callus, which in turn can be used to produce transgenic plants, by methods known in the art. See, for example, Nomura and Komamine, *Plt. Phys.* 79:988-991 (1985), *Identification and Isolation of Single Cells that Produce Somatic Embryos in Carrot Suspension Cultures*.

An additional deposit, PTA-1411, of an *E. coli* Library, *E. coli*LibA021800, was made at the American Type Culture Collection in Manassas, Virginia, USA on February 22, 2000 to meet the requirements of Budapest Treaty for the international recognition of the deposit of microorganisms. This deposit was assigned ATCC accession no. PTA-1411.

The invention being thus described, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that various modifications of the materials and methods for practicing the invention can be made. Such modifications are to be considered within the scope of the invention as defined by the following claims.

Each of the references from the patent and periodical literature cited herein is hereby expressly incorporated in its entirety by such citation.

Table 1

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Attorney No. 27 1309P

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20	len =	1222	nex =		2	
	3613 3712			ens.		1 1
25	>6094547	/11	3989			
	len =	1830	nex =		8	
30	26160 26633 26803 26983	1 266 2 268 2 271	97 41 14	+ + + +		1 1 1
35	2719: 2735: 2755: 2770:	3 274 3 276	33 19	+ + + +		1 1 1
40	>6094547	/20	136			
40	len =	1192	nex =		3	
45	8078 8495 8925	5 87	37 39 66	++++++		1 1 1
	>6094547	/29	239			
50	len =	1214	nex =		3	
	8499	7 81 5 87 9 92	39	+ + +		1 1 1
55		/0-				
	>6094547	/82			2	
60	len =	1192	nex =		3	

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			8495 8929				+		102 1 1
	5	>609454	7	/15	767				
		len	= 1	1179	nex	=		3	
	10		8078 8495 8929		39		+ + +		1 1 1
	1 -	>609454	7	/14	9026				
	15	len	=	805	nex	=		2	
	20			866 871			++		1
		>609454	17	/95	40				
	0.5	len	= :	1024	nex	=		3	
ur Let	25		8069 8495 8929		39		+ + +		1 1 1
A THE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	30	>609454	17	/38	619				
lai lai		len	=	599	nex	Married Services		2	
	35		8518 8929	87 91			+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		1 1
Same Same	40	>60945	17	/12	712				
	40	len	=	989	nex	200		2	
	45		15863 16486		991 645		+		1 1
		>60945	47	/19	722				
	50	len		569	nex	=		1	
			8929	9(72		+		1
	55	>60945			7331			2	
		len		1594		==		2	1
	60			99			+		1 1

		FICCOLI	icy i	•••	۷ /		. 505	, L		
										103
		>609454	18		/239	919				
		len	=	155	59	nex	=		2	
	5		9864 10328		993 1143			+ +		1
	10	>609454	18		/104	1915				
	TU	len	=	221	.1	nex	=		4	
	15		53914 54514 55372 55695	l ?	5527 5561	73 L7		++++++		1 1 1
	20	>609454	18		/307	775				
	20	len	=	297	0	nex	=		6	
The could have seen they have been found in	25		45226 45989 46414 46945 47174) 	4632 4654 4708 4729	26 19 31 97		+ + + +		1 1 1 1
**************************************			47483	3	4819	92		+		1
	30	>609454	18		/108	3086				
31 1-1-		len	=	136	57	nex	===		4	
	35		49389 49721 49930 50201	-)	4984	11 18		++++++		1 1 1
desay.	40	>609454			/401					
			=	218	740 <u>-</u> 86		_		6	
	45	1611	51505 51800 51988 52212	;) }	5101 5159 5190 5210	L5 92 02				1 1 1
	50		52509 53197)	5244	13		-		1
		>609454	18		/218	326				
	55	len	=	245	4	nex	=		11	
			11976		1210			+		1

12180 12247 12424 12476 12547 12624 12714 12767

60

									104
	5		12893 13185 13347 13516 13681 14142	13 13 13 14	971 252 419 577 041 426		+ + + + + +		1 1 1 1 1
	10	>609454	18		1501 nex			6	
	15	Tell	51249 51800 51988 52212 52509 53117	51 51 51 52 52	037 727 902 102 443	_	 	Ü	1 1 1 1 1
	20	>609454	18	/1	060.81				
		len	==	377	nex	=		1	
And the first th	25		23487	23	114		-		1
		>60945	48	/1	16830				
	30	len	BARRA .	1222	nex	===		4	
The state of the s	35		51987 52212 52509 53117	52 52	901 102 443 009		 		1 1 1
		>610263	36	/9	573				
	40	len	Normalities annualities	2938	nex	=		4	
	45		93634 94283 94635 96329	94 96	987 524 197 568		+ + + +		1 1 1
		>61026	36	/4	0694				
	50	len	==	1488	nex	===		4	
	55		27104 27284 27598 27878	27 27	164 484 759 588		+ + +		1 1 1
		>61026	36	/3	7211				
	60	len	=	1527	nex			2	

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			.00545 .01625		0110 0206			++		105 1 1
	5	>610263	36		/791	L5				
		len	=	240	7	nex	=		11	
	10		75620 75819 76023 76198 76397	} ;	7519 7571 7589 7611 7627	.1 98 L1		- - - -		1 1 1 1
	15		76547 76708 76953 77113 77332	; ; ;	7643 7664 7678 7705 7723	14 34 55				1 1 1 1
	20		77601		7748	30		~		1 .
		>610263	36		/126	5164				
Li Li	25	len	=	127	9	nex	=		3	
from the first per study for the second	20		45089 45408 46072	}	4479 4518 4599	3 4		- - -		1 1 1
	30	>610263	36		/195	528				
II Hada		len	=	138	9	nex	=		4	
	35		21210 21467 21995 22386	7 5	2139 2156 2202 2259	64 27		+ + +		1 1 1 1
desti	40	>610263	37		/108	3207				
			=	134	. 0		=		3	
	45		25826 26172 26542	2	2520 2603 262	37		- -		1 1 1
	50	>610263	37		/11:	3400				
		len	==	147	76	nex	=		4	
	5 5		63142 63389 63869 64068	9 5	633 634 639 646	73 83		+ + + +		1 1 1
	60	>61026	37		/20	946				

		len	=	251	0	nex			9	106
	5		37692 37824 38003 38206 38363		3762 3777 3794 3809 3829	77 14 94				1 1 1 1
	10		38499 38689 39871 40131		3845 3858 3937 3995	33 76		_ _ _		1 1 1
	15	>610263		241	/650 3)8 nex	=		7	
The second secon	20		10749 10913 11165 11667 12105 12323 12799		1039 1084 1104 1147 1200 1217	12 16 76 07				1 1 1 1 1 1
W W		>610263	37		/124	1223				
W was and of the	30	len	51581 51969	ı	5164 5203	30	=	++++++	7	1 1 1
The little state with the property of the prop	35		52263 52455 52656 52836 53177		5235 5253 5275 5293 5353	35 53 17		+ + + + +		1 1 1 1
	40	>610263	37		/15	9265				
	45	len	7167 7554	, <u> </u>	70 74	52		- -	8	1
	50		7847 8189 8604 9139 9376 10184) 	76: 79: 83: 89: 92: 99:	32 23 72 32				1 1 1 1 1
	55	>610263		344	/20 12	549 nex	· =		13	
	60		53744 5478 55019 55163	7 9	538 548 550 552	99 84		+ + + + +		1 1 1

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                               107
               55533
                              1
          55392
                        +
          55617 55663
                         +
                               1
          55748 55805
                               1
          55942
               55991
  5
          56075
               56131
               56513
          56402
               56687
                               1
          56603
               56861
          56795
               57182
          56954
 10
  >6102637 /30811
       len = 3021 nex = 2
 15
          28735
               28668
          29092 29053
 20 >6102637 /40928
       len = 1412 nex = 6
          51969
               52030
1 25
               52354
         52263
          52455
                52535
w.
          52656
                52753
          52836
                52917
*
          53177
               53377
UI 30
gein
R
    >6102637 /7097
      len = 898   nex = 2
S 35
               4349
          4589
                               1
5243
               5098
40 >6102637 /155785
       len = 2671 nex = 4
          76558 76602
                              1
                      +
  45
          76641 76675
                        +
                               1
          77153
                77211
                        +
                               1
          77239 77288
 50 >6102637 /24482
      len = 373 nex = 1
       13593 13962 + 1
  55
 >6102637 /11575
      len = 760 \quad nex = 3
  60
```

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		2244 2530		219 246			- -		108 1 1
5	>610263	38	/	/957	3				
	len	= (3019	9	nex	=		4	
10		91566 93259 93611 94339	9	9132 9169 9337 9390	7 0		- - -		1 1 1
15	>610263	38	/148529						
	len	= :	1018	3	nex	=		1	
20		56857	5	5787	1		+		1
	>610263	38	/	/97					
<u> </u>	len	=	697	7	nex	=		1	
		45719	4	1641	2		+		1
25	>610263	38	/	/124	385				
	len	= 2	2138	3	nex	NAMES OF THE PARTY		6	
1 35 1 35		33129 33947 34130 34379 34522 34676		3335 3403 3424 3443 3458 3526	7 5 8 7		+ + + + + +		1 1 1 1 1
40	>610263	38	,	/372	11				
		= :				==		2	
45		58914 59992		5833 5943			- -		1
	>610263	38	,	/101	876				
50	len	=	881	1	nex	- Andrews		2	
55		47940 48373					+ +		1 1
	>61026	38	,	/394	51				
60	len	=	112	2	nex			2	
		78157	•	7793	80		-		1

						_				
			79048		786	30		_		109
	r	>610263	38		/18	019				
	5	len	=	185	8	nex	=		2	
	10		43938 45407					_		1
		>610263	88		/20	911				
	.	len	****	222	:4	nex	===		5	
	15		21672 21881 22253		213 217 221	72 62				1 1 1
	20		23056 23554		230: 234:			_		1
Appendix		>610263	38		/37	796				
ű ű	25	len	=	223	37	nex	=		5	
	30		21672 21881 22253 23056 23567		213 217 221 230 234	72 62 30		_ _ _ _		1 1 1 1
# jet Ci	2.5	>610263	38		/35	785				
	35	len	==	177	5	nex	=		3	
CATAL MARINE MARINE MARINE	40		12653 12842 14104		123 127 138	58		- - -		1 1 1
		>610263	38		/10	1136				
	45	len	=	322	20	nex	=		13	
	50		65734 66099 66286 66472		654 660 661 663	29 82 74		 - -		1 1 1
	55		66649 66803 66968 67098 67535		665 667 668 670 673	46 94 45		- - -		1 1 1 1
	JJ		67721 67885 68507 68662		676 678 684 686	64 13 36				1 1 1 1
	60		00002		000	JL 620		-		Τ.

		>610263	3.8		/256	5780				J. J.
			==	460		nex			19	
	5		65734 66099 66286	1 9	6544 6602 6618	18 29 32		- - -		1 1 1
The second factor where the country from the factor with factor wi	10		66472 66649 66803 66968 67098	9 3 3 3	6637 6656 6674 6689	56 16 94 15		- - - -		1 1 1 1
	15		67535 67721 67885 68507 68662 68824	- 5 7	6739 6766 6781 6843 6861 6874	54 -3 86 -2		_ _ _ _		1 1 1 1 1
	20		68965 69273 69443 69786 70045	3	6890 6918 6935 6973)6 33 53 39				1 1 1 1 1
	25	>610263	38		/118	3261				
		len	=	179	15	nex	***		3	
	30		77531 78503 79048	3	7725 7838 7884	35		_ _ _		1 1 1
	35	>610263	38		/777	7 4				
		len	=	113	3	nex	MARKA MARKA		3	
and property of the control of the c	40		78157 78503 79059	3	7793 7838 7884	35				1 1 1
	45	>610263	38		/169	920				
	40	len	=	172	:7	nex	=		3	
	50		12653 12842 14040	2	1231 1275 1388	8 8		- - -		1 1 1
		>610263	38		/205	5489				
	55	len	=	123	31	nex	122		2	
			14932 15581		1490 1553			_		1 1
	60	>610263	38		/416	681				

		len		157	5	nex	=		2	
	5				34245 + 34585 + + //26844		1 1			
		>610263	38		/268	44				
	10	len	=	157	5	nex	==		2	
										1 1
	15	>610264	10		/781					
		len	=	174	2	nex	=		1	
	20		71938		7020	0				1
		>610264			/232	402				
T	25	len	=	166	3	nex	=		1	
u u v			69202		6754	3		**-		1
Part of the state	30	>610264	10		/108	193				
		len	EE	156	5	nex	=		1	
	35	1	.02637	1	0107	6		***		1
		>610264	10		/298	83				
L.J.	40	len	-	127	1	nex	=		2	
	10									1 1
	45	>610264	10		/345	89				
		len		200	8	nex	=		3	
	50	1	.08683 .08941 .10068	. 1	0881	2		<u>-</u> - -		1 1 1
	55	>610264	10		/360	63				
	JJ	len	=	198	3	nex	=		4	
	60		51056 51297 51965 52468		5113 5165	5		 		1 1 1

		>61026	40	/	4073	4				
	5	len	=	1015	n	ex	=		2	
			60523 60988		0906 1534			+++		1 1
	10	>61026	40	/	3000	1				
		len	=	1829	n	ex	=		5	
	15		95461 95809 96069 96409	9 9	5709 5939 6308 6658			+ + +		1 1 1
	20		96846		7286			+		1
		>61026	40	/	8337					
244	2.5	len		889	n	ex	=		2	
The first was from the first of	20		92708 93164		2279 2796			_		1
	30	>61026	40	/	3436	3	,			
		len	=	2324	n	ex			5	
	35		117696 117935 118339 118990	5 11 9 11 9 11	7373 7777 8256 8812 9406					1 1 1 1
and the second	40									
A STATE OF THE STA		>61026	40	/	2493	48				
		len	=	2538	n	ex	=		10	
	45		73170 73945 74209 74372	5 7 9 7	3346 4111 4273 4412			+ + +		1 1 1
	50		74499 74679 74965 75125	777777	4587 4792 5042 5192			+ + + +		1 1 1
	55		7527€ 75419	9 7	5350 5704			+		1
		>61026	40	/	859					
	60	len	= 65223	2422 3 6	: n 55477	ex	=	+	10	1

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				113
5	65943 66149 66331 66523 66719 66899 67055 67199	66065 66199 66402 66636 66783 66962 67111 67246	+ + + + + +	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
10	67387	67641	+	1
10	>6102640	/37520		
15	73162 73945	73346 74111	+++	1 1
20	74209 74372 74499 74679 74965	74273 74412 74587 74792 75042	+ + + + +	1 1 1 1
25	75125 75276 75419	75192 75350 75636	+++++	1 1 1
	>6102640	/14583		
) 30	len =	553 nex	= 1	
	37122	37671	+	1
1 35	>6102640	/519		
	len =	647 nex	= 2	
40		86712 87071	++	1 1
	>6102640	/114993		
45	len =	525 nex	= 1	
	125613	125092	_	1
50	>6102640	/258180		
	len =	755 nex	= 3	
55	31538 31645 31954	31203 31619 31745	- - -	1 1 1
	>6102640	/33797		
60	len =	484 nex	= 1	

nex = 1

484

len =

			124277	1237	797		-		1
	5	>61026	40	/18	3663				
		len	. =	760	nex	=		3	
	10		31538 31645 31961	316	519		- - -		1 1 1
		>61026	40	/40)592				
	15	len	_ =	533	nex	===		2	
	20		23537 23720	235 240			+		1
		>61026	40	/12	24144				
		len	=	461	nex			2	
House Street Street	25			867 870			++		1
A grad	30	>61026	40	/15	0271				
1 4		len	specialists seminated	3322	nex			3	
And person secures press, major of the person secures press, perso	35		133587 136578 136809	1366	84		+ + +		1 1 1
	40	>61026		/27					
		len	=	1904	nex	==		3	
	45		65393 67055 67199		.11		+ + +		1 1 1
		>61026	41	/76	550				
	50	len	=	1865	nex	=		2	
			5955 6462				_		1 1
	55	>61026	41	/35	499				
		len	===	1426	nex	=		2	
	60		60596 61143	597 607			_		1 1

	>610264		/109	9446					
5	len	=	177	78	nex	===		3	
10		41009)	4078	30		 -		1 1 1
	>610264	11		/111	L237				
15	len	89497 90122		8973 9081	30 L4	=	+ +	3	1 1
20	>610264						+		1
	len	1000	71	.7	nex	=		1	
25		21780		2249	93		+ .		1
	>610264	11		/423	333				
30	len	Name of the last o	119	3	nex	==		2	
							+		1
35	>610264	11		/118	3765				
	len		270	9	nex			8	
40		27525 27712		2763 2783	38 71		+ + + + .		1 1 1
45		28185 28501 29079		2828 2863 2924	35 L8 15		+ + + +		1 1 1 1
50	>610264	11		/726	50				
55	len	91533 91936	;	9176 9216	67 64	=	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	4	1 1 1
60	>610264	92606		9301	L6		+		1
	10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45	5 len 10	40320 41009 41211 10 >6102641 len = 15 89497 90122 90912 20 >6102641 len = 25 21780 >6102641 30 len = 52165 52752 35 >6102641 len = 40 27167 27525 27712 27948 28185 28501 29079 29461 50 >6102641 len = 40 50 >6102641 len = 40 27167 27525 27712 27948 28185 28501 29079 29461 50 >6102641 len = 50 >6102641 len = 40 91533 92261 92606	10	5 len = 1778 40320 3943 41009 4078 41211 4113 10	5 len = 1778 nex 40320 39437 41009 40780 41211 41134 10	10 1778 nex =	5 len = 1778 nex = 40320 39437 - 41009 40780 41211 41134	5 len = 1778 nex = 3 40320 39437 - 41009 40780 - 41211 41134 - 1 10

			-		•					
		len	=	133	0	nex	===		7	116
	5		24526 24691 24862 25051 25183 25324 25648		2432 2460 2479 2493 2513 2524	14 11 15 15 19				1 1 1 1 1 1
	10									
		>610264			/270 -					
	15	len	= 23292 23853		7 2356 2389		=	+ +	2	1
	20	>610264	12		/343	4				
annight.		len	=	235	3	nex	=		4	
Service grows AT spirit for the first firs	25		13468 14007 14173 15395		1351 1407 1528 1581	9		+ + + + +		1 1 1
	30	>610264	12		/102	12				
e B		len	==	141	0	nex	=		3	
	35		70534 70814 71660		7025 7073 7090	3		_ _ _		1 1 1
	4.0	>610264	2 /10			454				
	40	len	=	203	9	nex	=		4	
	45		62393 63060 63568 63971		6296 6349 6388 6442	1		+ + + + +		1 1 1
	50	>610264	12		/281	18				
		len	Windows .	123		nex	=		4	
	55		73947 74184 74436 74835		7360 7404 7428 7451	1		- - -		1 1 1
	60	>610264	12		/105	31				

len = 1368 nex =

78304

>6102642 /27548

10 len = 706 nex = 1

74178 74041 – 1

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	Transcription	Terminal Point	Marina	>	Exon	<		Poly A	Signal			3'UTR		specific DNA conformation, chromatin conformation, extent and position of nd binding sites of proteins that control of these.	
					Exon Ex	<		Intron			A TO A STANDARD MANAGEMENT OF THE STANDARD MANAG	Coding Region	(with introns)	specific DNA conformation, chromatin conformation, and binding sites of proteins that control of these.	
 1						<		Intron			-	Codi	(wit	ormation, chro of proteins th	
Translational	Start Site	ANDERSON	\triangleright		Exon	<	_	Transcription	Start Site			5'UTR		cific DNA conf binding sites	
		TATA		Λ	1 1 1 1 1 1 1			T	ഗ					ਕ	-
		CAAT	ARTURAL	۵	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							L.		fs that influence base methylation	
Transcription factor	Binding sites						<	_	Enhancer	2		Promoter		Sequences/motifs that influence base methylation	
Transcrip	Bindin						<		Enhancer	~ -1		·		Sequenc	

Gene

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